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Introduction and general information

The NZ Transport Agency provides information on road safety to its stakeholders and the public. It also has responsibility for promoting safety and sustainability in land transport, among a variety of other functions. This road safety report is an example of information supplied by the NZ Transport Agency.

This report helps identify road safety issues in Taupo District area ('the district') by presenting tables or graphs of:

- numbers and trends in reported crashes and casualties
- characteristics and types of crashes and casualties
- factors contributing to crashes
- locations with bad crash records
- characteristics of crashes on council authority roads

The information is intended to assist road controlling authorities, the New Zealand Police and others in evaluating the safety performance of the road network in Taupo District. Comparison with other cities, districts or regions elsewhere in the country is included.

Researchers, students, and organisations with an interest in road safety will also find the information useful.

Source of crash information

This report uses data from the NZ Transport Agency's crash database. This database includes all crashes involving injury and non–injury for which Police reports have been completed and forwarded to the NZ Transport Agency. Mostly five-year data (2005 to 2009) has been used, but 10-year data (2000 to 2009) has been used to analyse trends.

Council authority peer groups

Traffic crash patterns and features for an area can depend on the traffic and roading characteristics of that area. The most useful comparisons are made with other areas or authorities with similar characteristics, rather than with the whole country. The data for the city is compared with a peer group of similar council authorities (Group D) along with data for all New Zealand.

The peer group used for comparison with Taupo District is Group D which consists of provincial towns and hinterland. (Population 20000 - 75000 and/or rural crashes greater than 55 percent). Council authorities included in this group are listed in Figure 1.4.

Definitions of urban and rural

Data has been separated for urban and rural (open) roads through this report because each has a distinctly different pattern of crashes. In this report urban roads are defined as all those with a speed limit of 70 km/h or less, however it should be noted that some locations which have been speed limit zoned might be more appropriately defined as rural but are included in urban zones.

Definition of statistically significant

A number of graphs include a comparison between the road controlling authority, all New Zealand and a similar peer group. These graphs can include an indication as to whether the difference is statistically significant. For the purposes of this report statistically significant means that a difference of this size is unlikely to be due to chance. Significance is noted at the 5% level (P < 0.05), this means that the observed result would occur by chance in only 1 in 20 similar situations.

Road user compliance data

The Ministry of Transport collects information on road user compliance with traffic law. This information includes speed surveys, occupant restraint use surveys and cycle helmet use surveys. Information about these surveys is available on Ministry of Transport web site.

The appropriate web addresses are as follows:

Speed Surveys	http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/SpeedSurveys/
Safety belts	http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/safetybeltstatistics/
Cycle helmets	http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/cyclehelmets2009/

The information is also distributed quarterly in the Ministry of Transport publication Road safety progress.

The Ministry of Transport also conducts public attitude surveys. These have been undertaken annually since 1994. They evaluate attitudes to road safety issues, primarily alcohol-impaired driving and speed. Surveys are carried out in May and June of each year by trained interviewers who conduct interviews with respondents in their homes. The sample is chosen to be representative of the New Zealand adult population, and includes men and women aged 15 and over from towns, cities and rural areas throughout New Zealand.



The results of these surveys are available from:

http://www.transport.govt.nz/research/PublicAttitudestoRoadSafety-Survey/

General explanatory notes

- Crash and casualty information in this report generally includes data for both council roads and state highways. Some tables and charts can separate this information, however figures 8.1–8.26 provide information for council roads only.
- Crash and casualty rates are based on 2009 populations estimates updated from the 2006 census, traffic flows from the year 2009, and the average of five year crash data (2005–2009).
- 3. Traffic flows are based on Road Asset Maintenance and Management (RAMM) data from December 2009. As different road controlling authorities update flow data in RAMM at different times some data will be more up to date than other data, hence caution should be exercised when comparing traffic flow based crash rates in one authority with those of other authorities particularly as the traffic flow data (VKT) used in the calculations can not be considered definitive. Comparisons should be considered as indicative only.
- 4. With four to five categories of road for each council authority, some categories will only have short lengths of road. This may cause significant variation in the calculated crash and casualty rates.
- 5. The crash numbers include all those within the road controlling authority. The crash numbers used in the crash rate section can, however, vary slightly from the remainder of the document as only 'on road' crashes can be used. These are crashes on roads that have traffic volume information recorded. Crashes that occurred in car parks, reserves, beaches etc. are excluded.



6. The severity of a crash is determined as the most severely injured casualty in the crash. Injury severity is classified as fatal, serious, or minor as follows:

Fatal: Injuries that result in death within 30 days of a crash.

- Serious: Fractures, concussion, internal injuries, crushing, severe cuts and lacerations, severe general shock necessitating medical treatment, and any injury involving removal to and detention in hospital.
- Minor:Injuries which are not serious but which require first aid, or cause
discomfort or pain to the person injured, eg sprains and bruises.
- 7. Ethnicity of road users involved in crashes can now be recorded on traffic crash reports, although some reports may not include this data. Figures 3.25 and 3.26 shows the ethnicity of casualties, where known. Ethnicity is divided into five different groups. Only data for 2005 to 2009 is available. The graph includes all casualties irrespective of culpability.

NOTE: Ethnicity data should be treated with caution as the data can be considered subjective and incomplete.

- 8. For the licence status grouping in Figures 3.27 and 3.28 the 'no/wrong licence' group includes drivers who have never held a licence or have an expired or wrong class licence. This graph includes all drivers irrespective of injury or culpability.
- 9. See appendix for detailed descriptions of:
 - crash movement types and crash movement groupings (for Figures 4.1–4.4)
 - grouping of factors contributing to crashes (for Figures 5.1–5.14)
- 10. Blackspot sites listed in Figures 9.1 and 9.3 are listed by the total cost of crashes at the site and are listed regardless of any remedial treatments. Site were initially selected on the basis of 3 reported crashes and then the sites listed were limited to those with a higher number of injury crashes and over a defined social cost, which is indicated on each figure.
- 11. Alarm crash sites in section 9 as Figures 9.4 to 9.6 are crash sites that have shown a statistically significant increase (at the 95 percent level of confidence) in reported crashes in 2009 compared with the previous five years (2004 to 2008). The sites are initially selected on the basis of 3 or more reported crashes at the sites. Sites are listed regardless of any recent remedial treatments and they may already be under investigation for treatment.





Crash Rates and Costs





Crash reporting rates

The ratio of 'reported serious injuries' can be assessed by comparing seriously injured casualty numbers from Police crash reports to hospital admissions, given that a serious injury is generally one requiring hospital attention.

Figure 1.1 below indicates the serious injury reporting rate for each region.

Figure 1.1 Reporting rate serious injuries to hospital admissions

	2005	2000	2007	2000	2000
Region	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Northland	30%	28%	34%	38%	27%
Auckland	17%	20%	16%	18%	18%
Waikato	40%	38%	50%	47%	40%
Bay of Plenty	32%	37%	38%	29%	27%
Gisborne	32%	26%	31%	28%	27%
Hawkes Bay	80%	75%	59%	68%	42%
Taranaki	55%	65%	79%	41%	36%
Manawatu-Wanganui	38%	34%	35%	36%	31%
Wellington	68%	61%	74%	55%	48%
Nelson-Marlborough	44%	52%	54%	50%	39%
West Coast	53%	55%	59%	53%	54%
Canterbury	47%	42%	49%	45%	43%
Otago	99%	85%	77%	69%	39%
Southland	78%	103%	73%	53%	39%
New Zealand	36%	35%	37%	35%	33%

This is the ratio of the number of persons with serious injuries in reported crashes divided by the number of persons admitted to hospital with serious injuries.

These variations in reporting rates need to be considered when viewing the trends in crashes and casualties shown in this report.

Note: These values should be considered indicative only.



Figure 1.2 Crashes	per 100 million	vehicle kilometres	travelled
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	Counci	l roads	State Hi	ghways
	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural
Taupo District	43	26	21	18
Group D	35	27	24	17
All NZ	37	29	27	18

Figure 1.3 Casualties per 100 million vehicle kilometres travelled

	Counci	l roads	State Hi	ghways
	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural
Taupo District	53	38	27	30
Group D	45	40	34	27
All NZ	46	42	36	26



Figure 1.4 Peer group crash and casualty rates

Group D

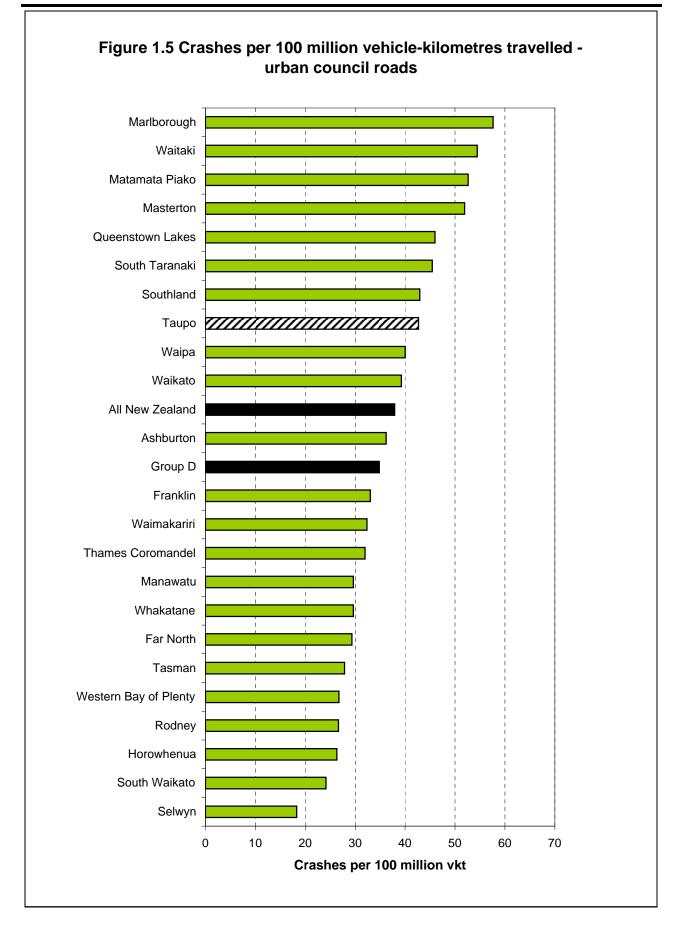
	Crashes per				Cas	ualtie	s per					
	<u>ч</u>	100 million vehicle				u o			on veh		- -	hes
	latic age		ometres			latio age)			s trave		tion	cras
	000 Populatio year average)		uncil ads	Sta High\		opu	Cou roa	uncil Inde		ate ways	oula	of rural crashes
	0 Pe		aus		vays	0 Po Par a		lus		ways	Pop	In
City or District name	10,000 Population (5 year average)	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	10,000 Population (5 year average)	Urban	Rural	Urban	Rural	2009 Population	% of
Ashburton	21	36	16	17	7	29	47	23	24	10	29100	56
Far North	35	29	34	26	26	54	44	52	35	42	58000	84
Franklin	31	33	35	0	7	44	43	51	0	11	64200	77
Horowhenua	30	26	14	35	20	43	30	22	47	31	30600	63
Manawatu	31	30	24	34	15	45	38	36	46	23	29500	79
Marlborough	27	58	25	32	19	37	71	41	41	27	45000	57
Masterton	30	52	26	44	25	39	66	35	58	31	23300	37
Matamata Piako	44	53	32	24	14	64	68	44	31	22	23300	79
Queenstown Lakes	22	46	37	18	24	33	67	60	23	36	51500	65
Rodney	28	27	28	24	14	39	36	38	36	21	98100	69
Selwyn	25	18	19	7	12	35	21	27	9	19	38600	90
South Taranaki	26	45	25	16	19	39	55	39	26	28	26800	73
South Waikato	31	24	28	19	19	49	31	42	34	32	22800	80
Southland	57	43	32	41	25	90	62	48	60	42	29300	90
Tasman	25	28	21	21	23	35	34	30	26	34	46800	76
Taupo	42	43	26	21	18	62	53	38	27	30	33600	69
Thames Coromandel	30	32	27	27	25	44	47	35	45	34	26800	63
Waikato	42	39	28	16	17	61	46	37	24	26	47600	83
Waimakariri	17	32	30	9	10	24	44	43	11	14	46900	71
Waipa	28	40	27	27	15	39	52	37	35	23	45100	67
Waitaki	45	54	31	51	17	64	67	42	62	29	20700	60
Western Bay of Plenty	26	27	25	21	16	39	32	34	33	25	44800	84
Whakatane	26	30	26	24	18	40	40	44	33	29	34300	69
			a -	.			. –			a –		
Group D	30	35	27	24	17	44	45	40	33	27	916700	73
All New Zealand	26	38	29	28	18	36	48	42	38	26	4331000	41

Group D : Provincial towns and hinterland. (Population 20000-75000 and/or rural crashes greater than 55 percent).

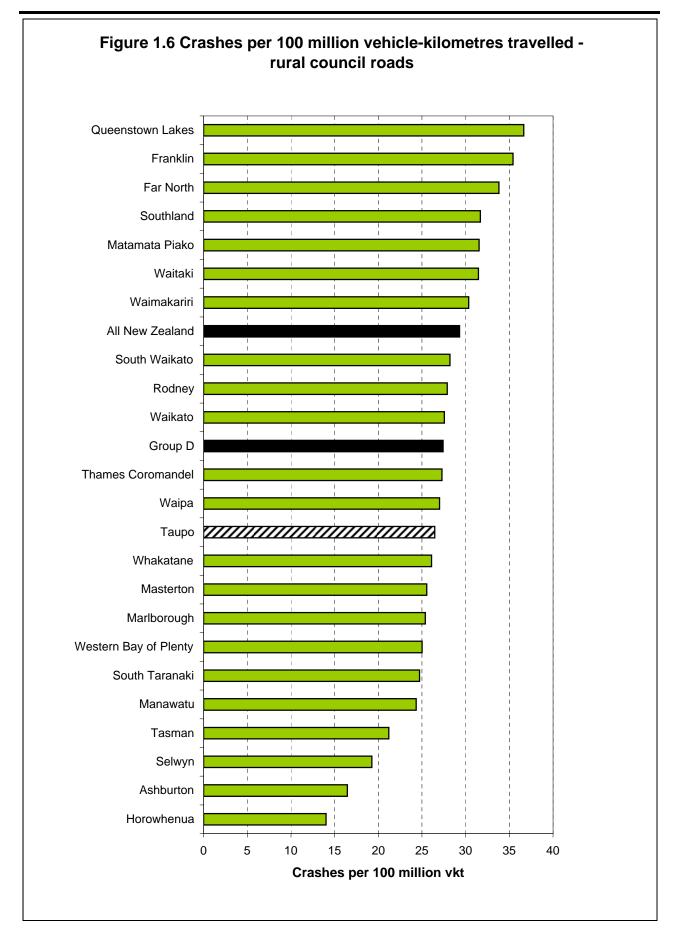
Crashes and casualties per 100 million VKT are based on five years of reported injury on-road crash data (2005-2009) and December 2009 VKT estimates.

Crashes and casualties per 10,000 population are based on five year average crash data (2005-2009) and Statistics NZ 2009 population estimates.

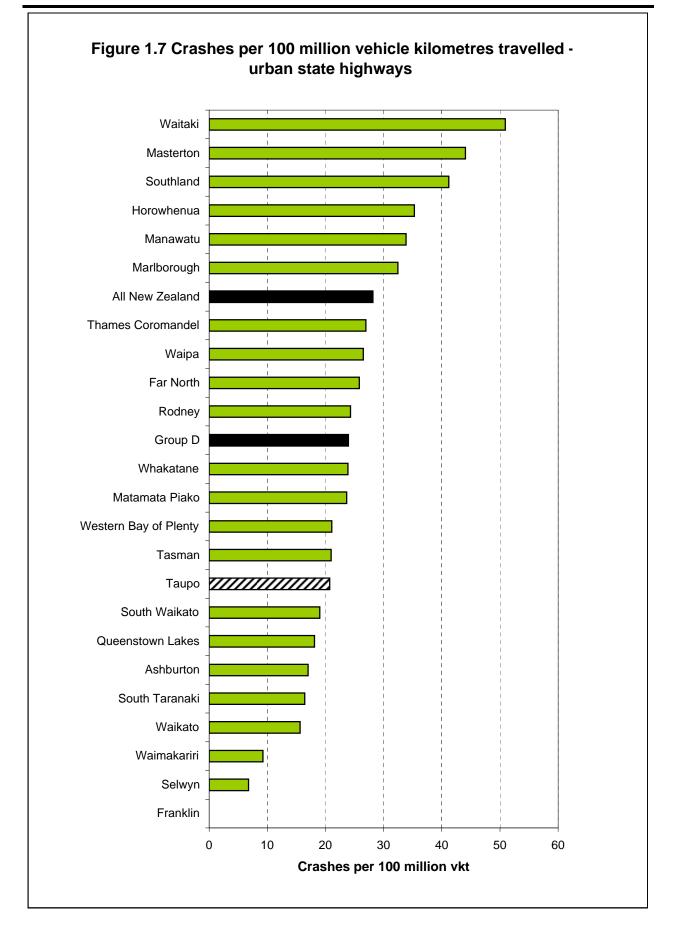






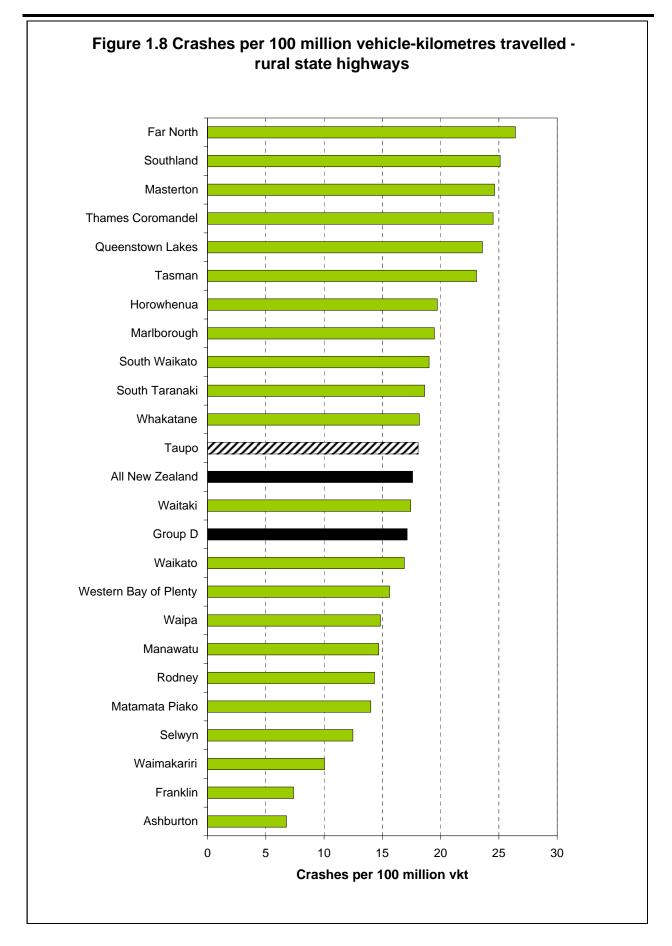
















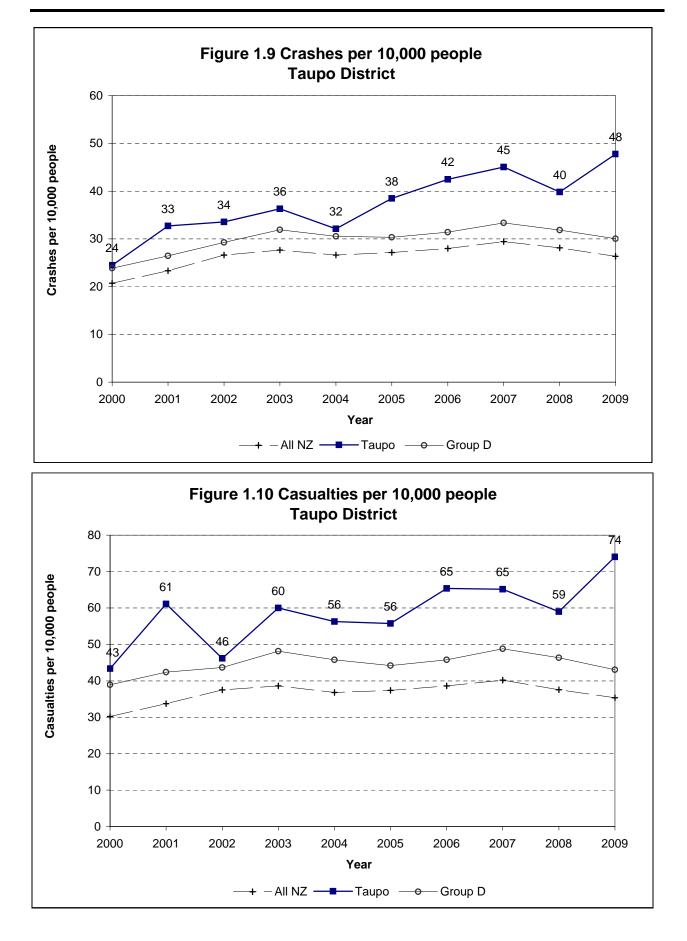




Figure 1.11 Social cost of crashes in Taupo District in 2009

		Taupo District	New Zealand
Council roads	urban	\$8.97	\$1,607.40
Council roads	rural	\$23.48	\$909.43
State Highways	urban	\$3.63	\$299.76
State Highways	rural	\$62.47	\$1,487.35
Total		\$98.56	\$4,303.94

Note: Crash costs are in \$ millions

The social costs of a road crash and the associated injuries include a number of different elements:

- Loss of life and life quality
- Loss of output due to temporary incapacitation
- Medical costs
- Legal costs
- Property damage costs

The average value of a loss of life due to a road crash is estimated by the amount of money the New Zealand population would be willing to pay for a safety improvement that would result in the expected avoidance of one premature death. This is the willingness to pay based value of statistical life or VOSL. The VOSL was established at \$2 million in 1991. This has been indexed to the average hourly earnings (ordinary time) to express the value in current dollars. The updated VOSL is \$3.5 million (in June 2009 dollars). Based on several international and New Zealand studies on VOSL, the average loss of life quality for permanent impairments due to a serious and a minor injury were estimated to be 10% and 0.4% of the VOSL respectively.

Crash rates can vary due to reporting rates. These are adjusted on a regional basis in this report by comparing with hospitalisation rates.

The other social cost components are estimated based on a number of studies conducted during the early to mid-1990s and are updated for price changes by indexing to an appropriate price index.

For a detail discussion on this, please refer to 'The social cost of road crashes and injuries: June 2009 update', available at the Ministry of Transport's website: http://www.transport.govt.nz/assets/NewPDFs/NewFolder/Social-Cost-June-2009-update-final.pdf

The average social cost per reported crash (in June 2009 dollars) are estimated at:

Rural fatal crash	\$4,260,000
Rural serious crash	\$820,000
Rural minor crash	\$91,000
Urban fatal crash	\$3,775,000
Urban serious crash	\$699,000
Urban minor crash	\$82,000

These values include an allowance for non-reported injury crashes, and the totals in Fig. 1.11 also include an allowance for non-injury crashes.





Crash Counts





	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal crashes	8	4	19	14	11	56	8%	5%
Serious crashes	27	21	27	31	42	148	21%	22%
Minor crashes	92	116	104	88	107	507	71%	72%
Total injury crashes	127	141	150	133	160	711	100%	100%
Non-injury crashes	247	273	273	235	265	1293		

Figure 2.1: Crash numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - whole District

Figure 2.2: Crash numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - urban roads

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal crashes	3	0	4	2	0	9	4%	3%
Serious crashes	6	5	5	10	9	35	15%	17%
Minor crashes	34	44	35	32	40	185	81%	80%
Total injury crashes	43	49	44	44	49	229	100%	100%
Non-injury crashes	118	126	126	122	130	622		

Figure 2.3: Crash numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - rural roads

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal crashes	5	4	15	12	11	47	10%	6%
Serious crashes	21	16	22	21	33	113	23%	24%
Minor crashes	58	72	69	56	67	322	67%	70%
Total injury crashes	84	92	106	89	111	482	100%	100%
Non-injury crashes	129	147	147	113	135	671		

Figure 2.4: Casualty numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - whole District

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal casualties	11	4	21	15	18	69	6%	4%
Serious casualties	34	30	41	45	58	208	20%	20%
Minor casualties	139	183	155	137	172	786	74%	76%
Total casualties	184	217	217	197	248	1063	100%	100%

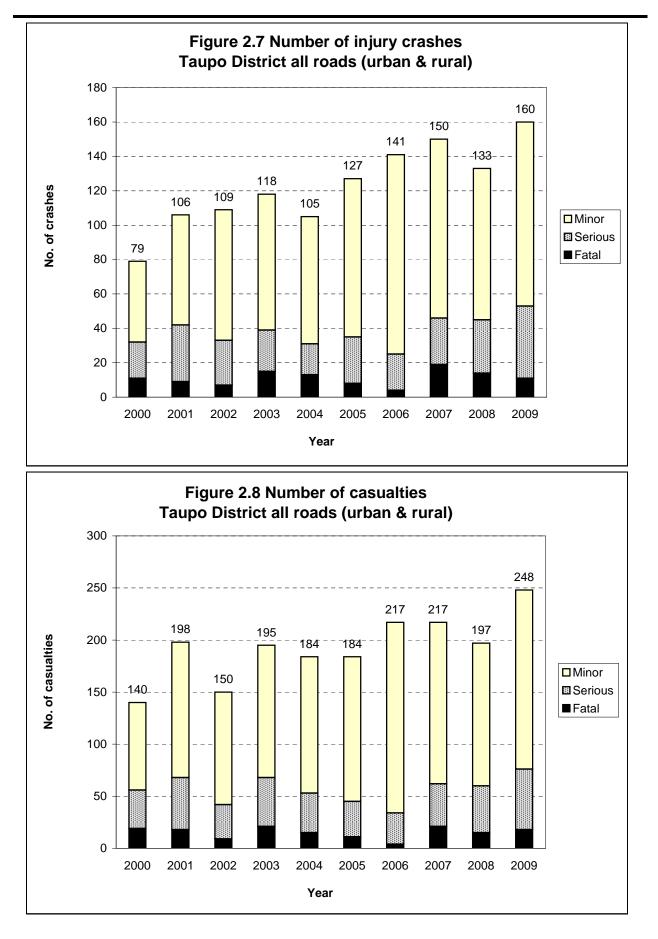
Figure 2.5: Casualty numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - urban roads

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal casualties	3	0	4	2	0	9	3%	2%
Serious casualties	7	6	6	10	9	38	13%	16%
Minor casualties	48	55	41	46	50	240	84%	82%
Total casualties	58	61	51	58	59	287	100%	100%

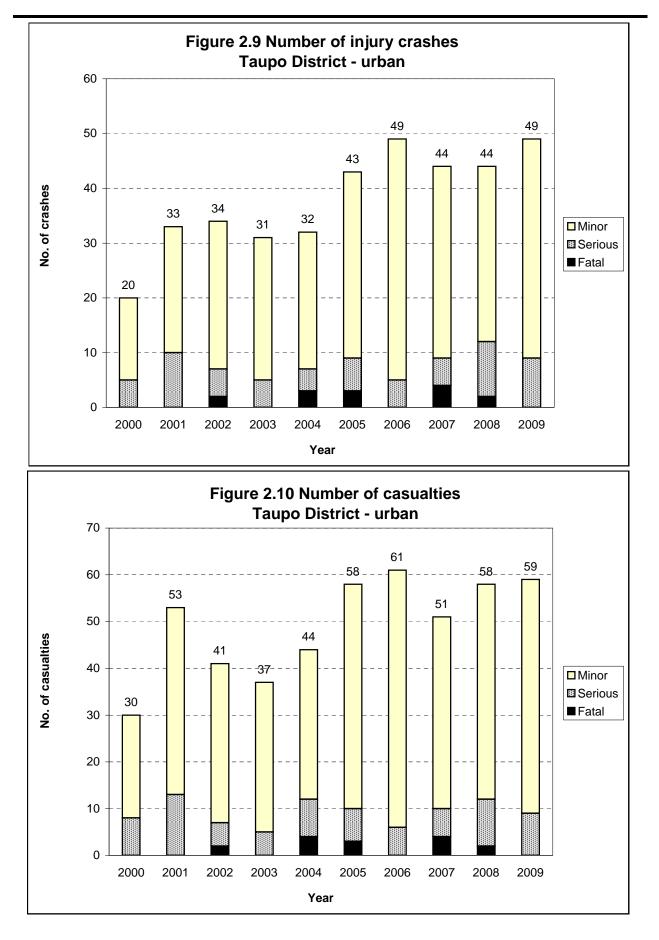
Figure 2.6: Casualty numbers and severity 2005 to 2009 - rural roads

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	Total	%	Group D
Fatal casualties	8	4	17	13	18	60	8%	5%
Serious casualties	27	24	35	35	49	170	22%	21%
Minor casualties	91	128	114	91	122	546	70%	74%
Total casualties	126	156	166	139	189	776	100%	100%

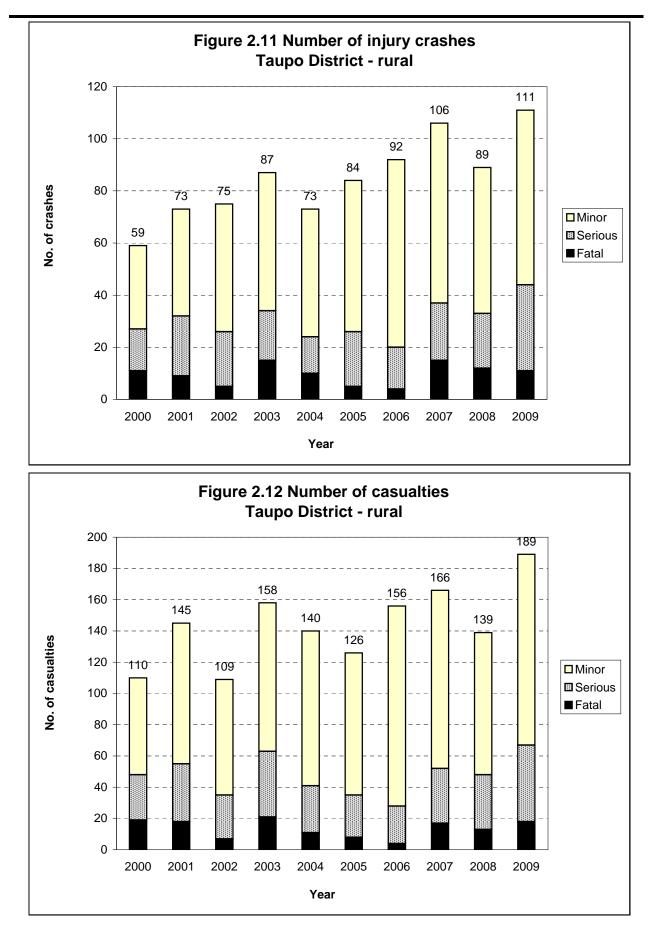




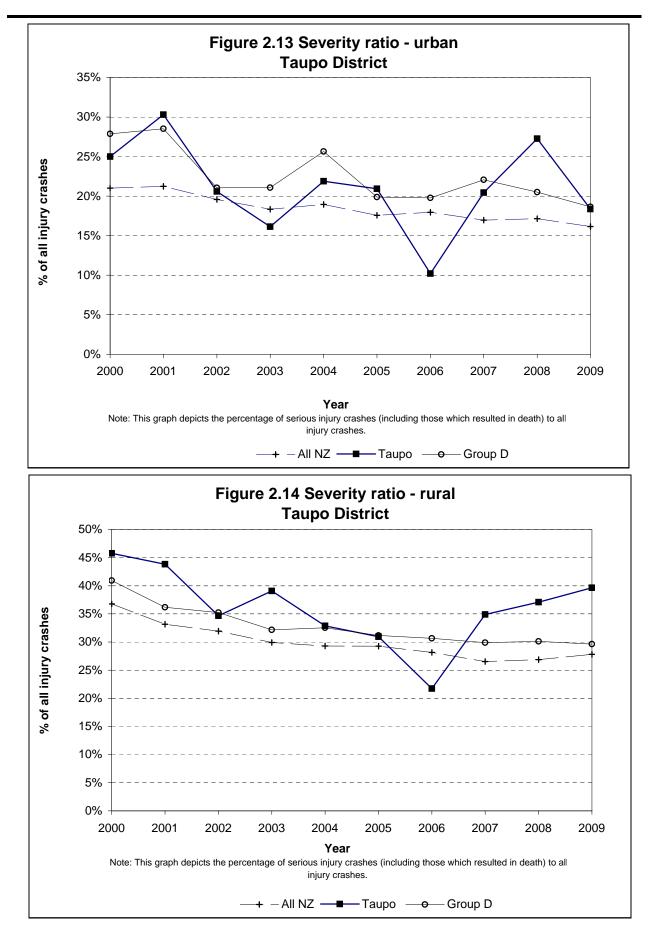












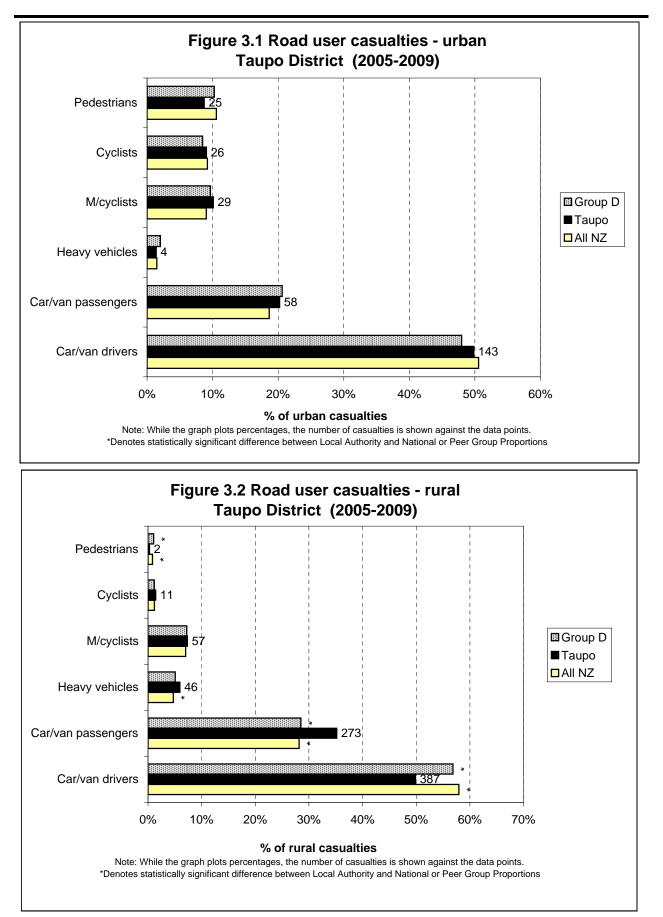




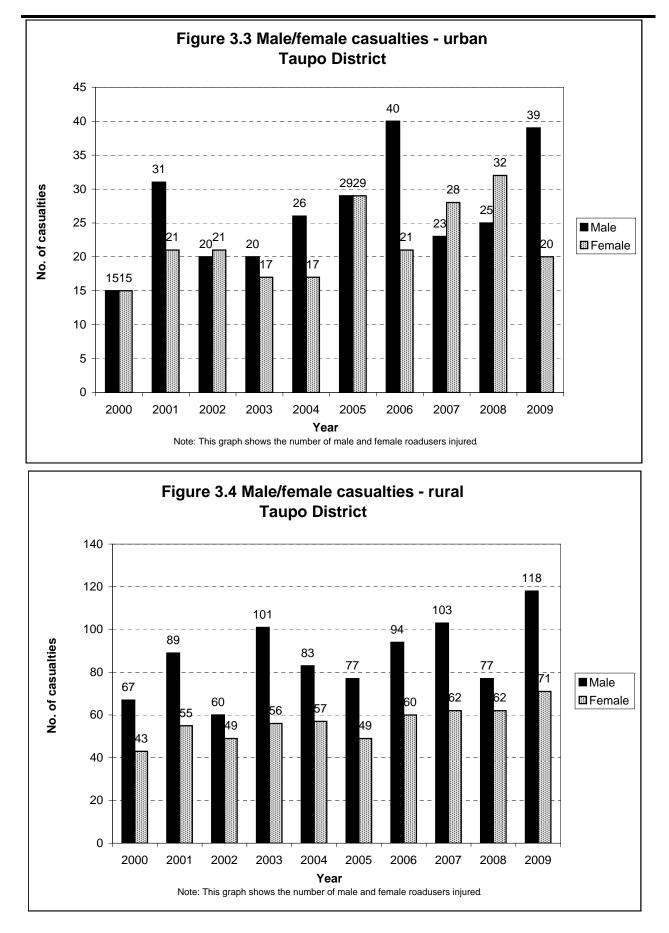
Road User Statistics



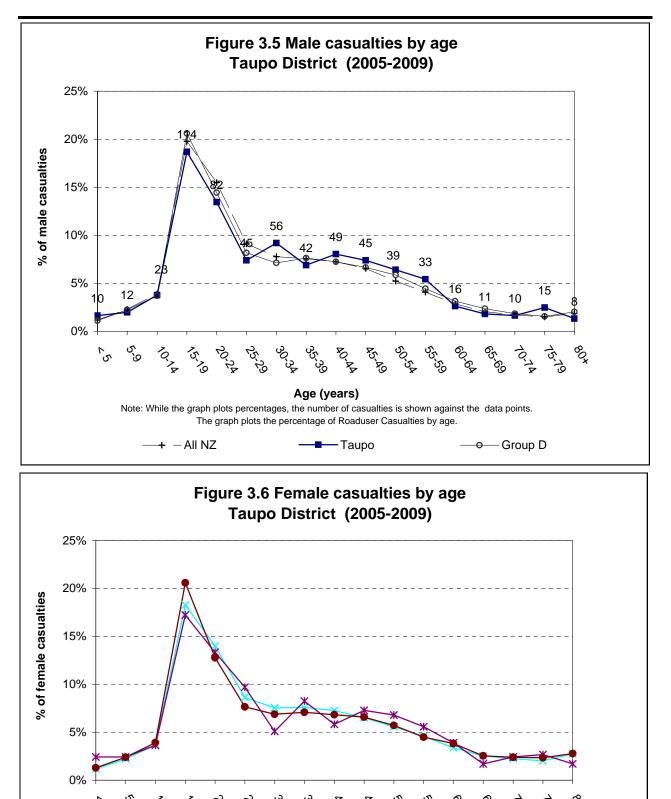












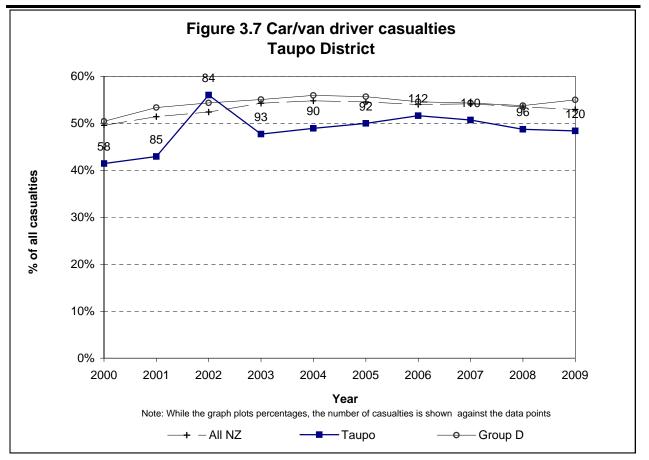
All NZ

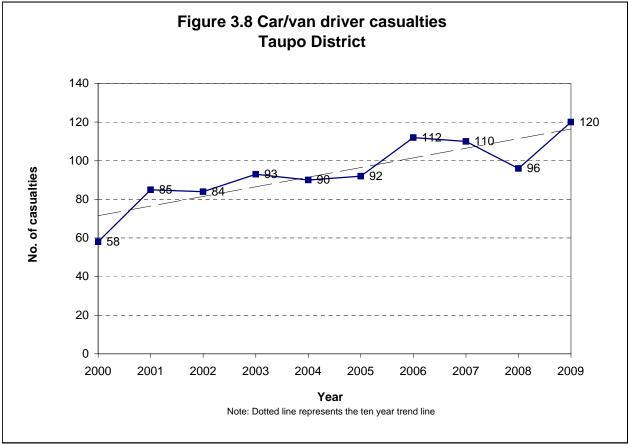
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Group D

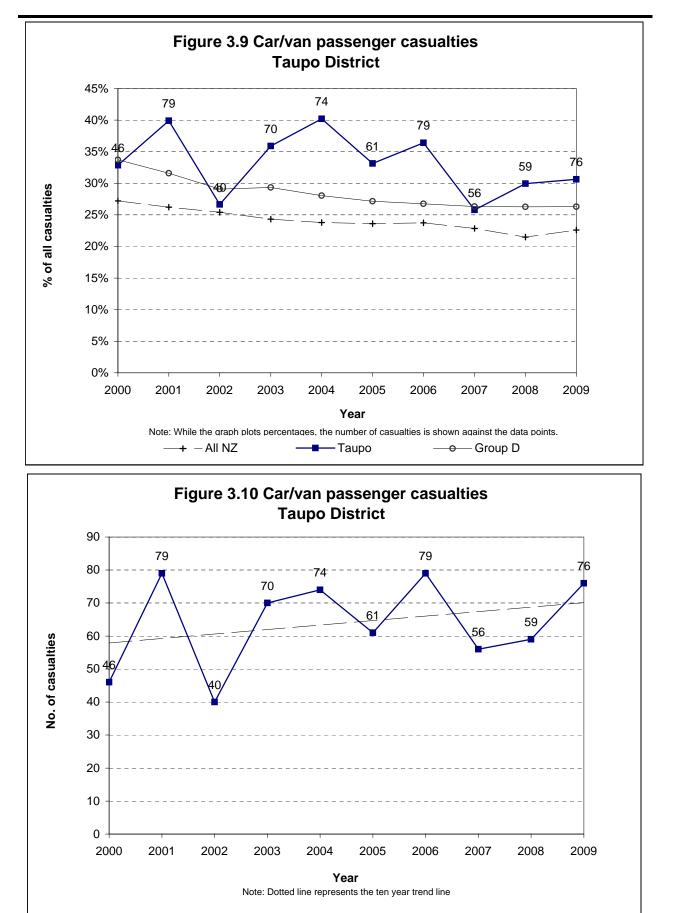
Age (years) Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of casualties is shown against the data points. The graph plots the percentage of Roaduser Casualties by age.



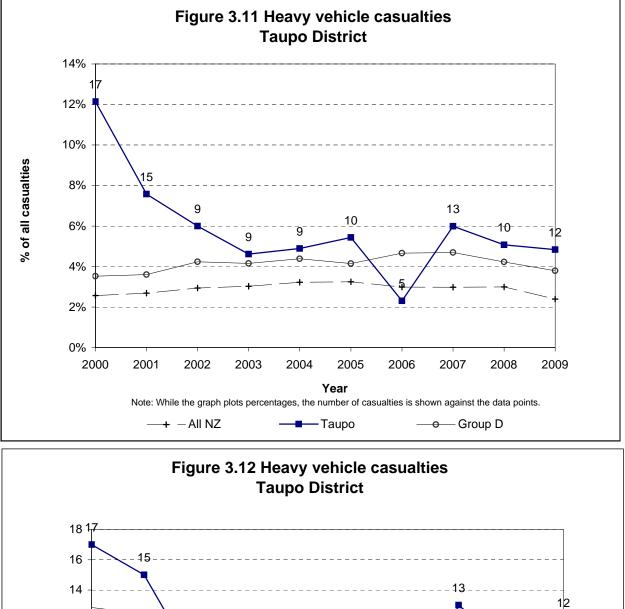


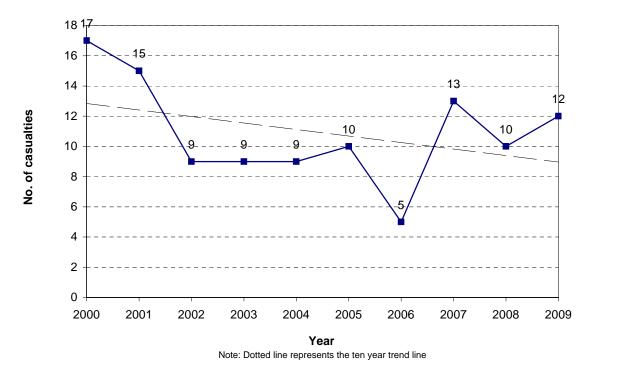




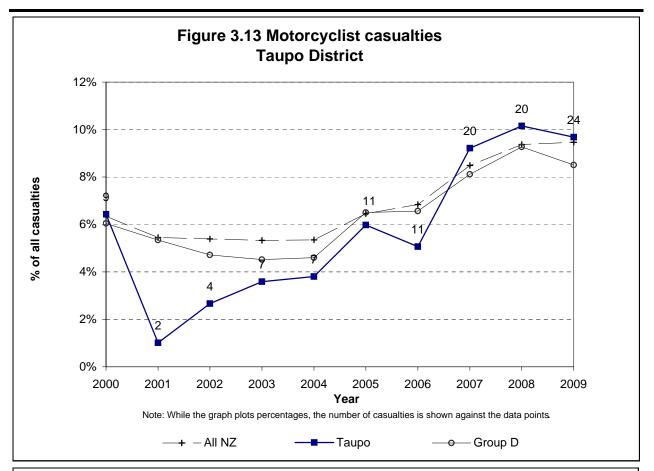


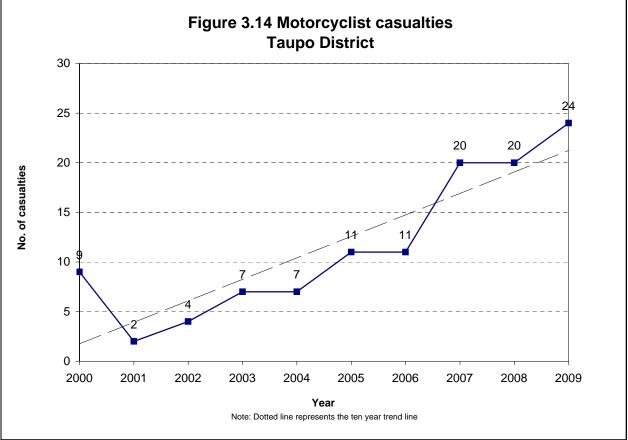




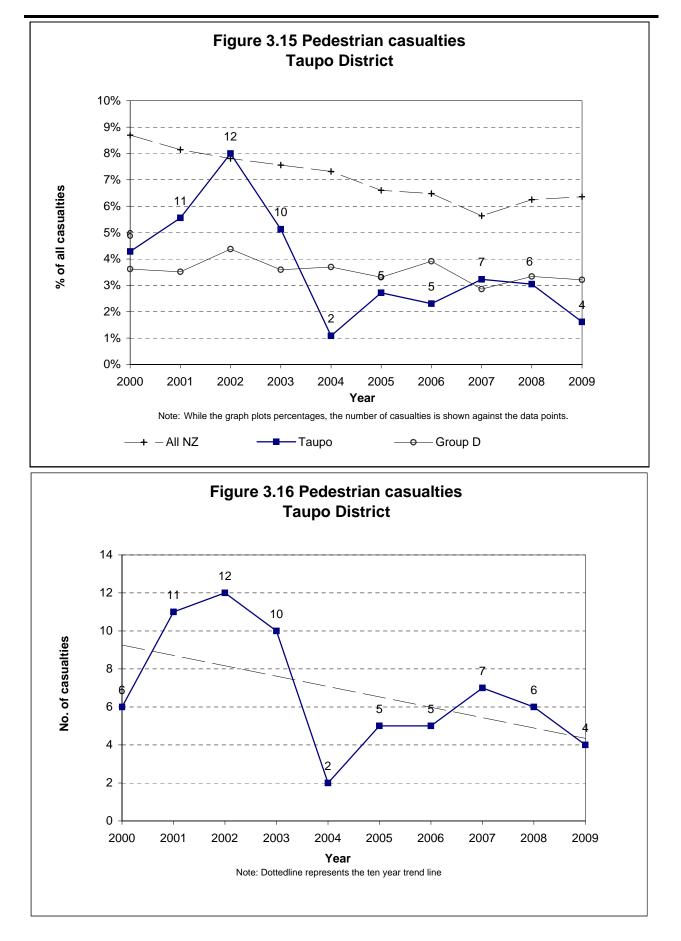




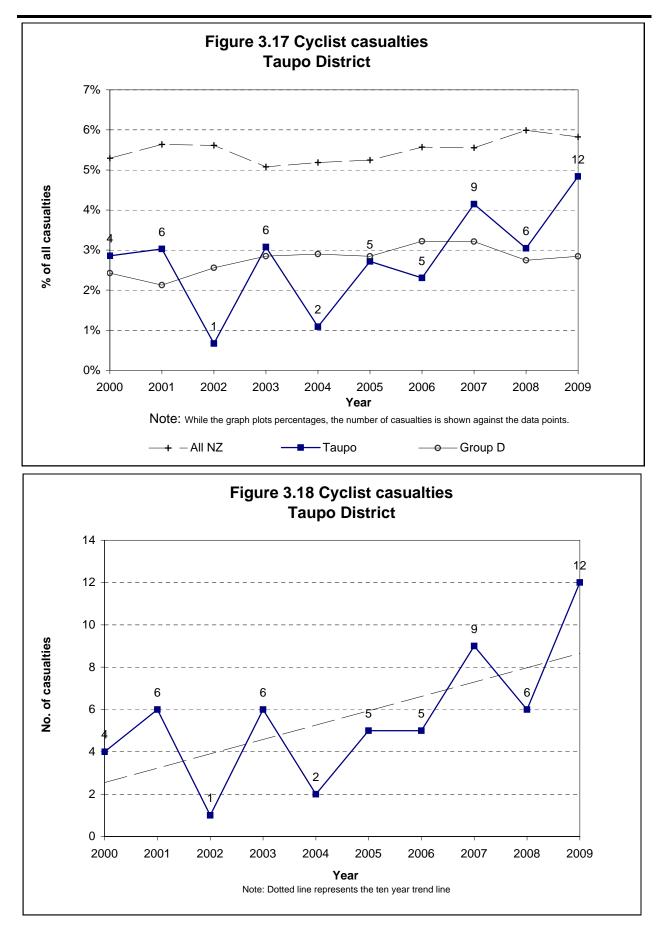




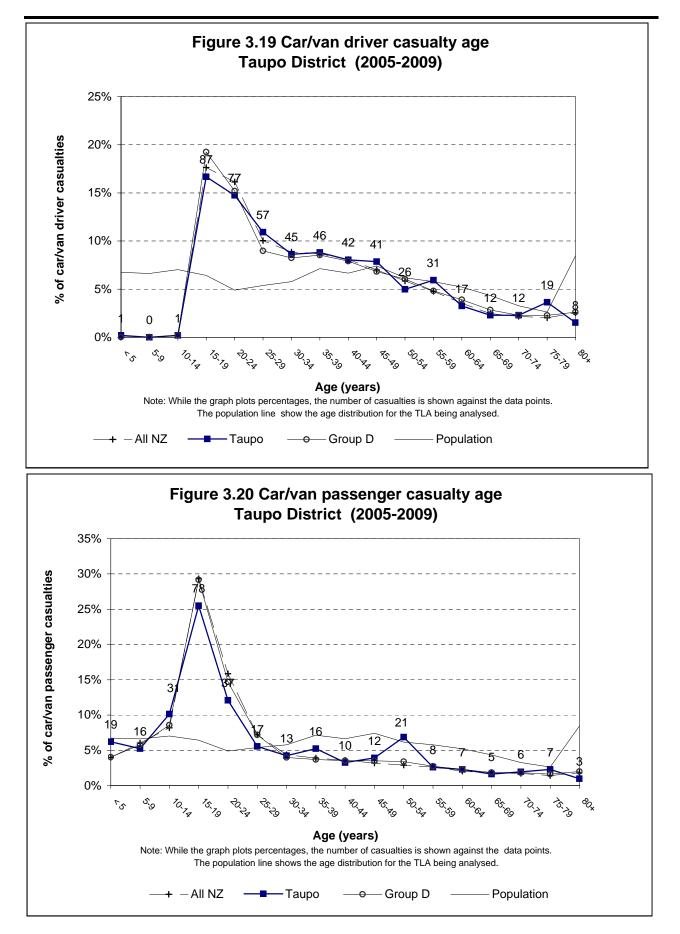




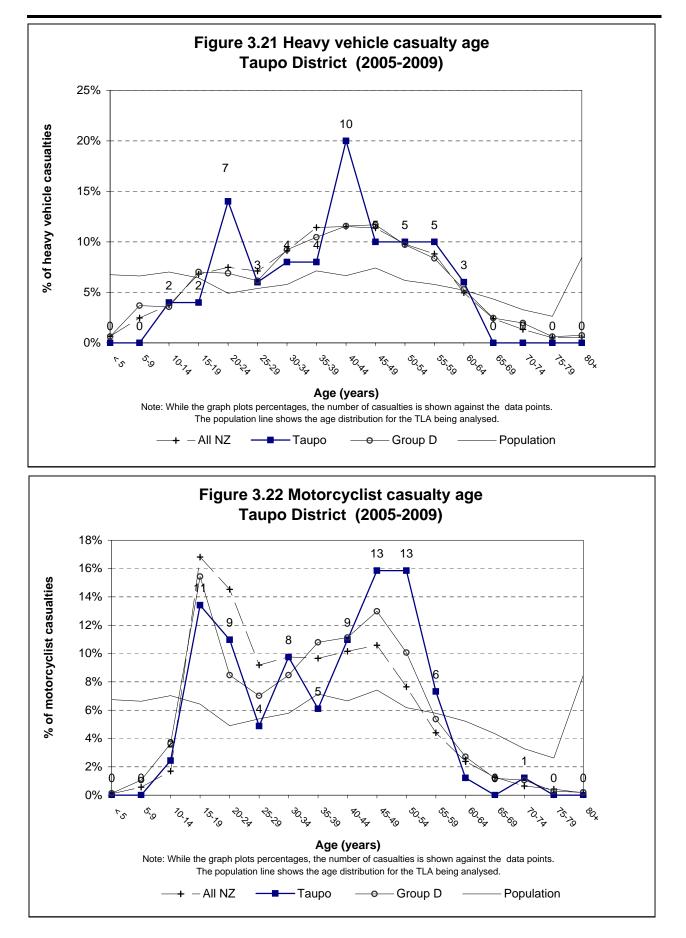




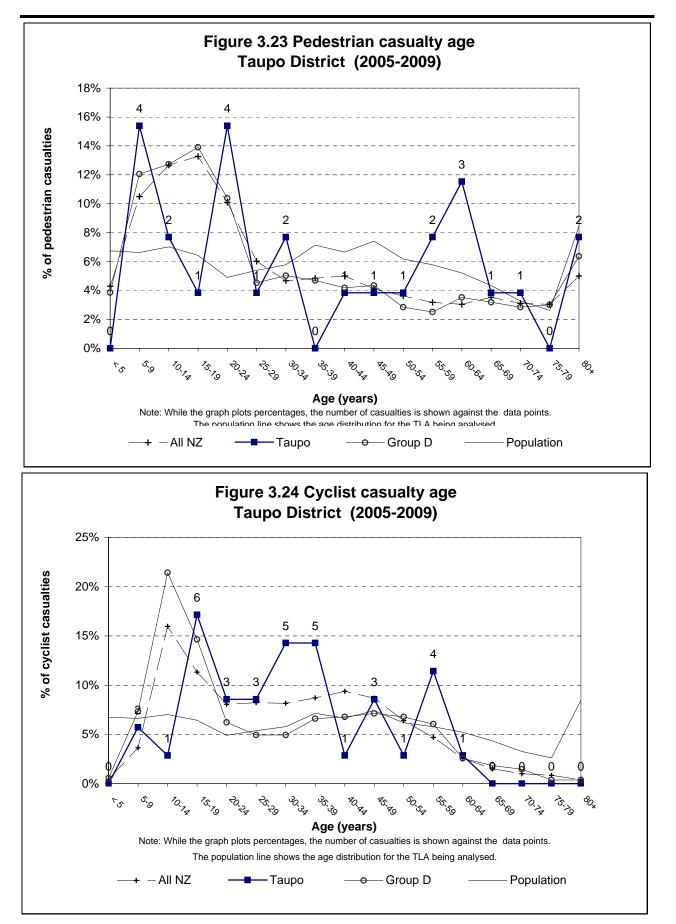




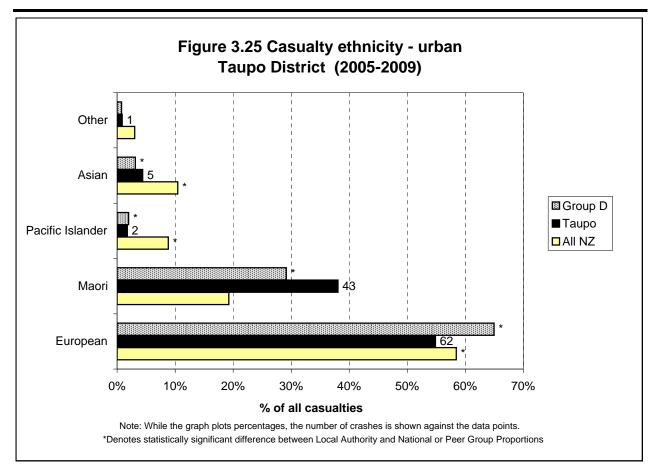


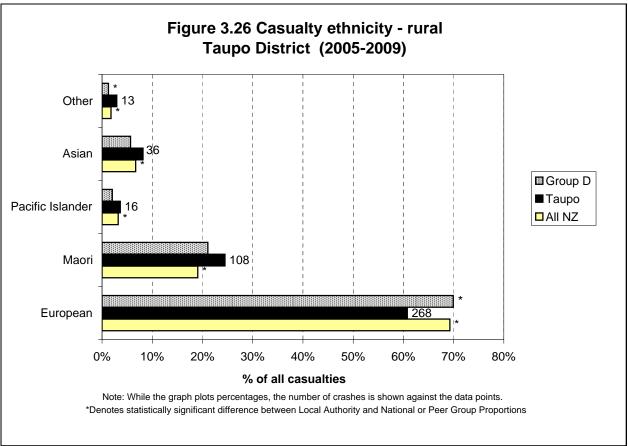




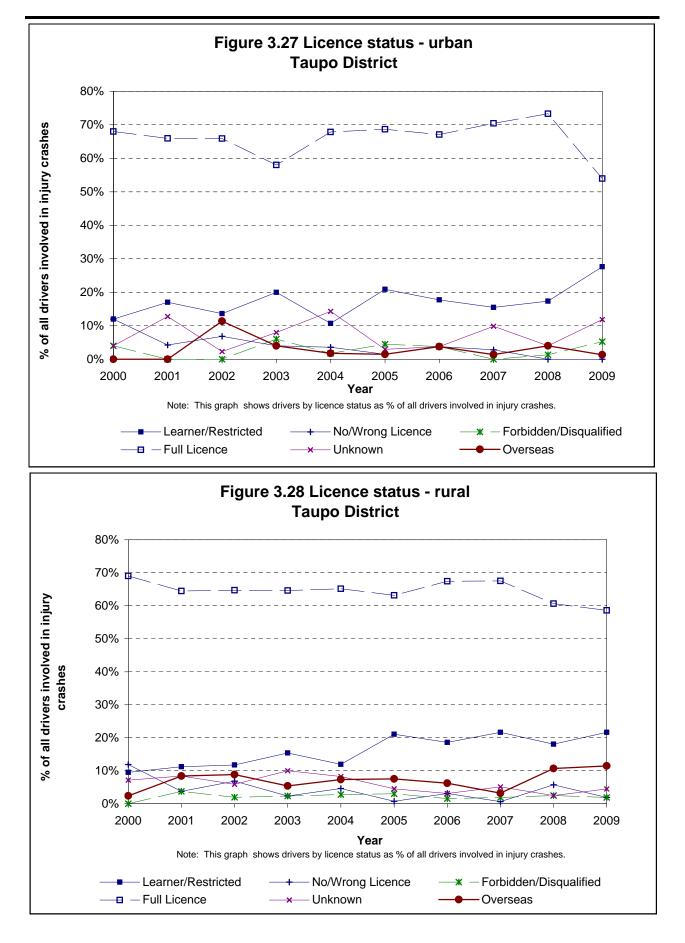










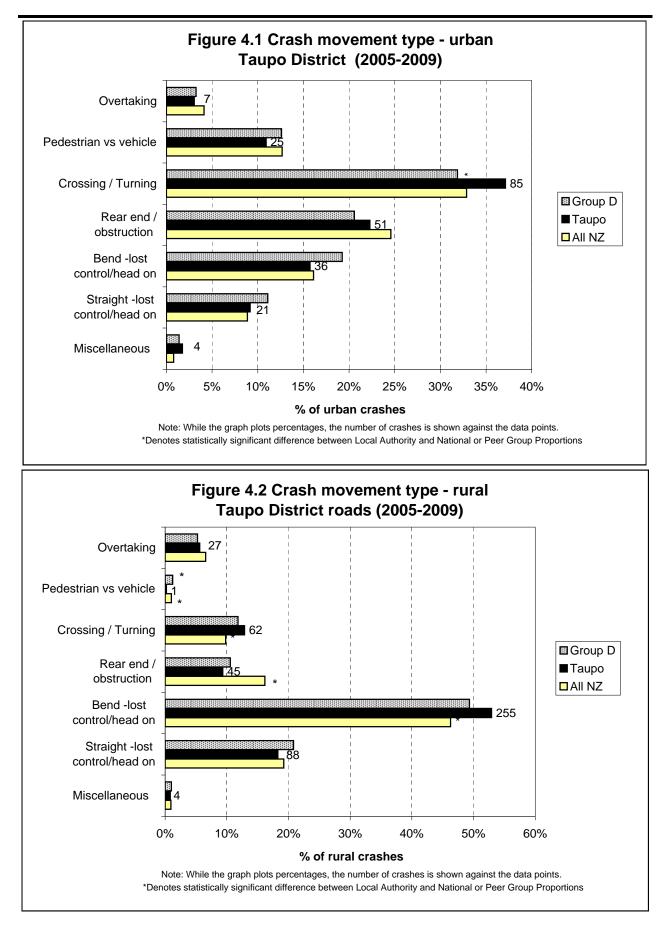


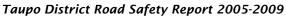


Crash Type Statistics



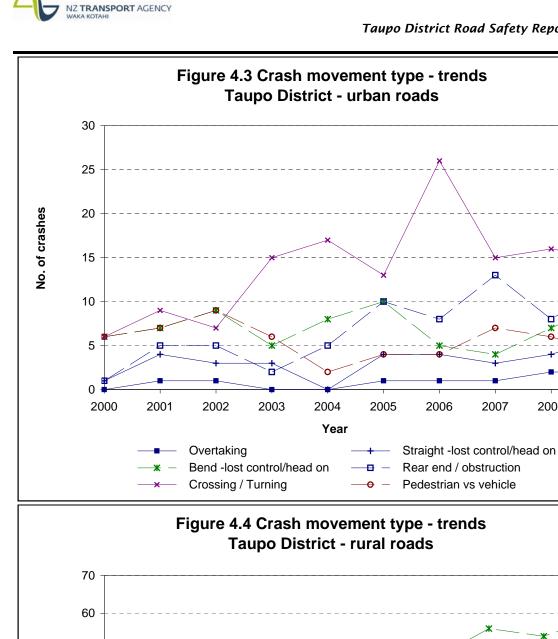


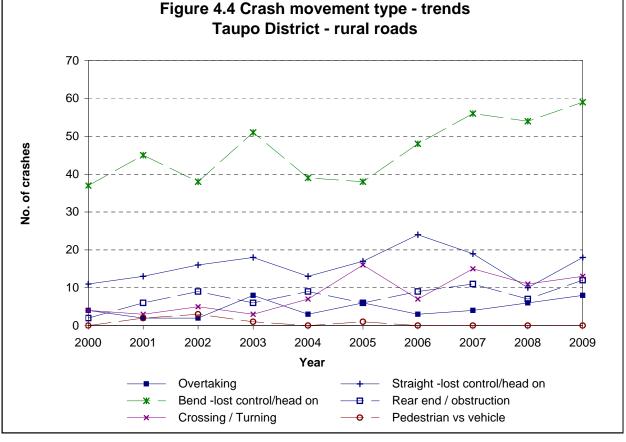




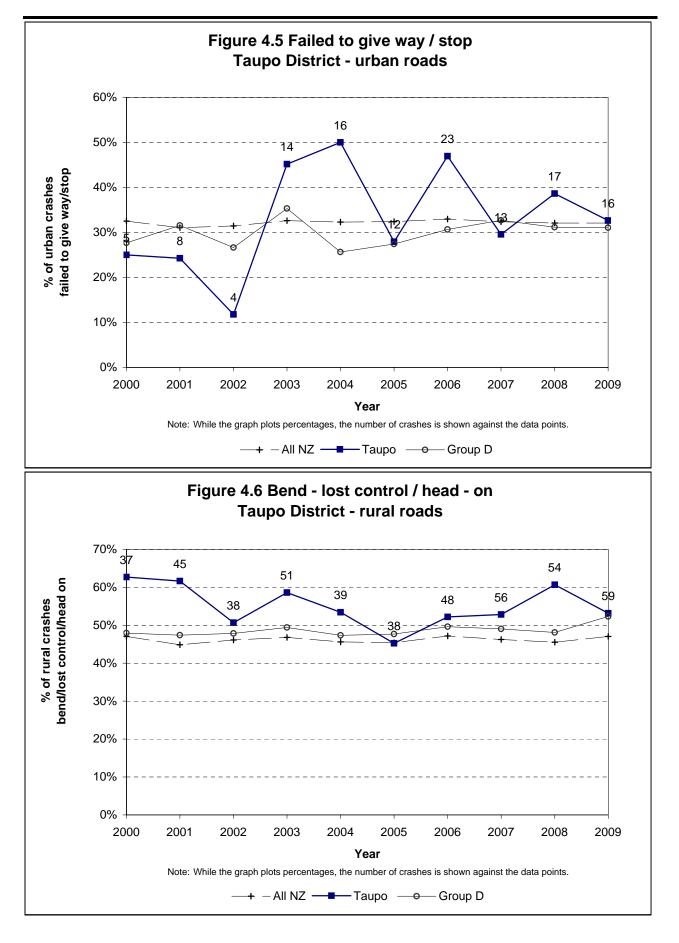
2008

2009









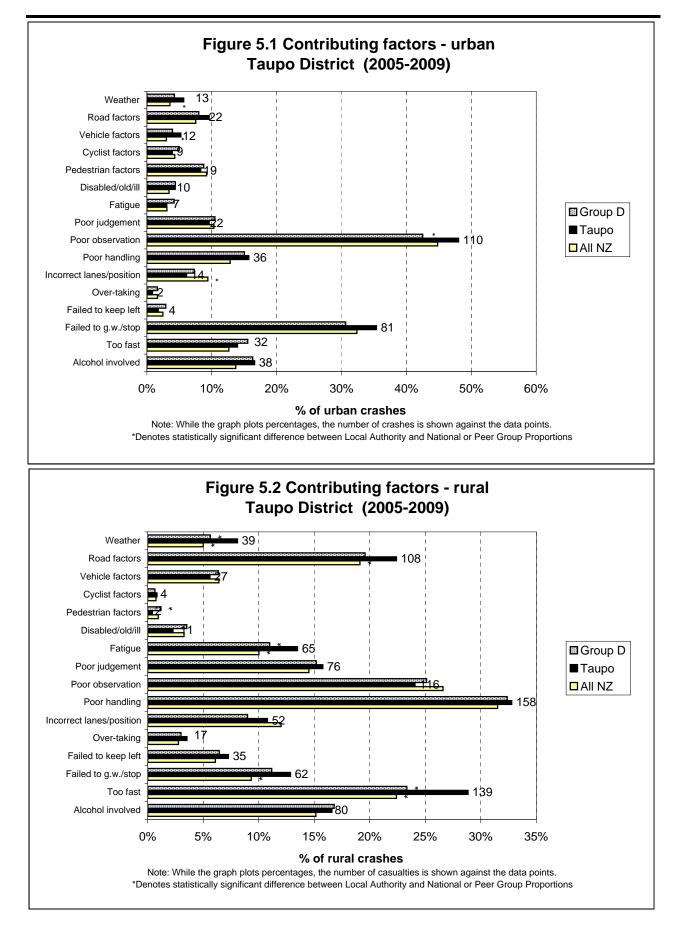




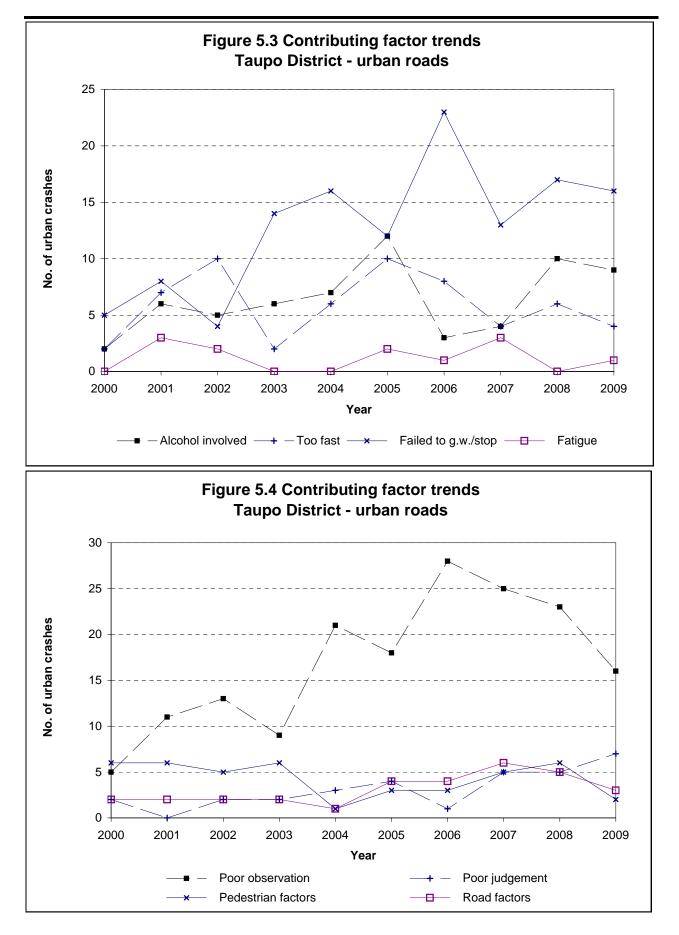
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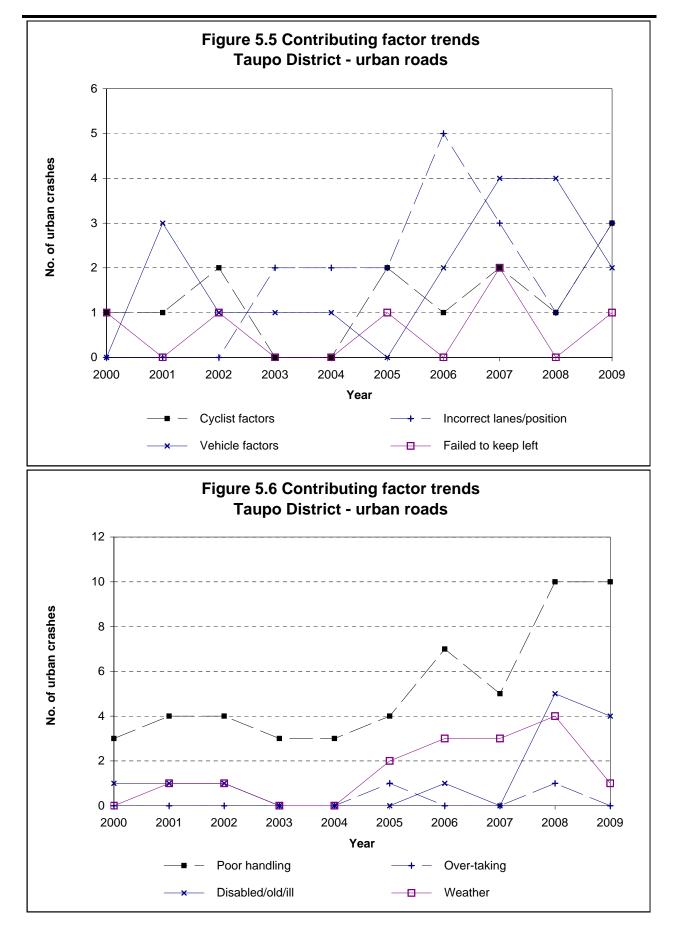




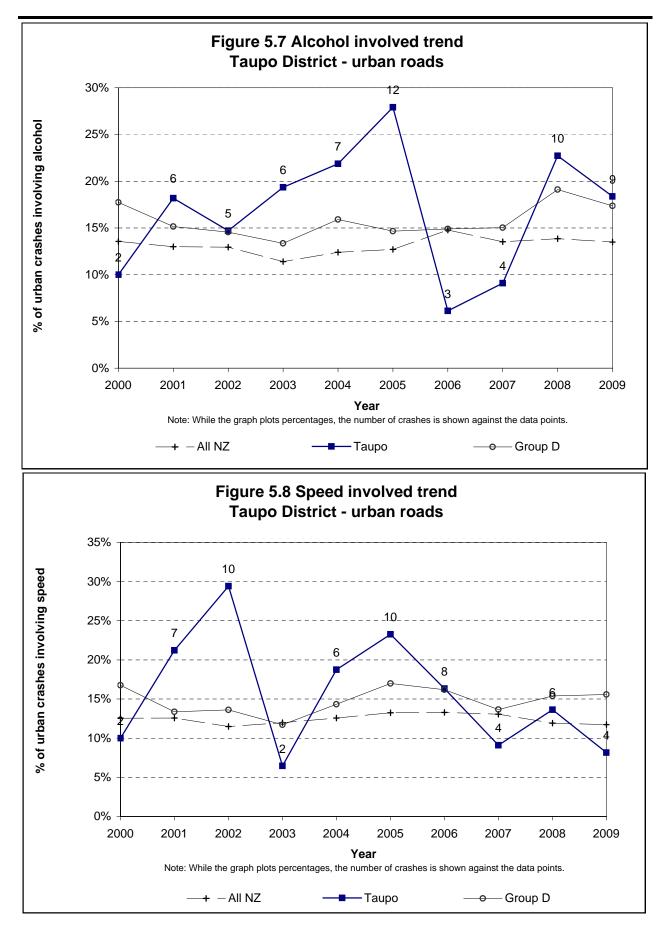




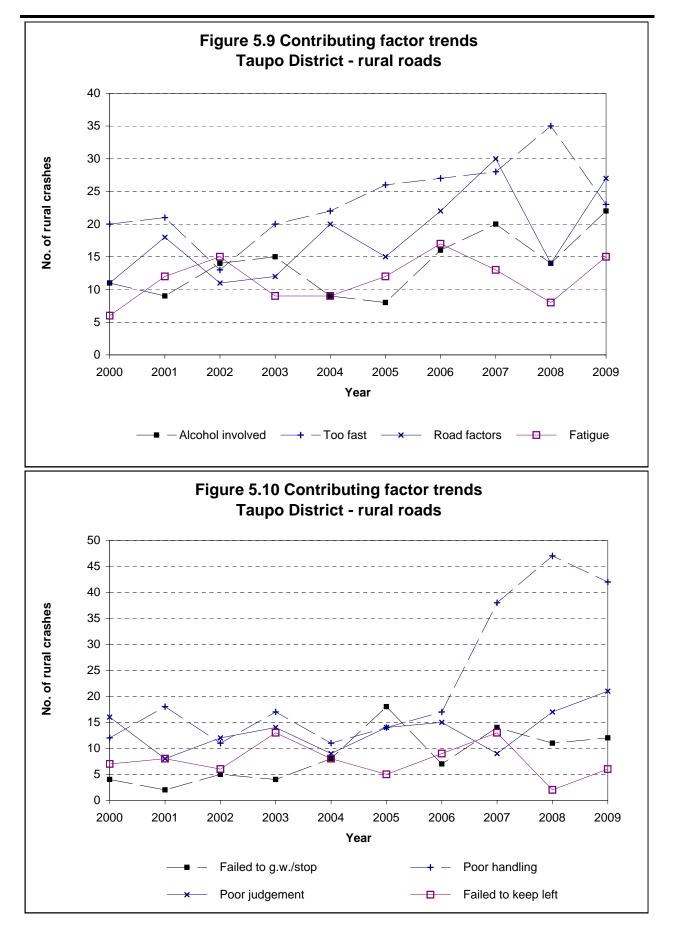




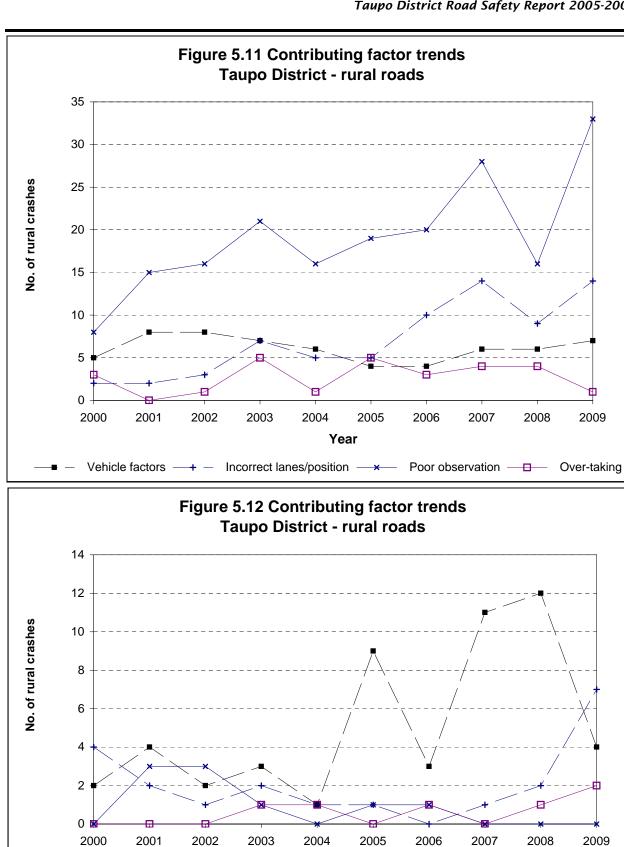












NZ TRANSPORT AGENCY

2009

2009

Weather

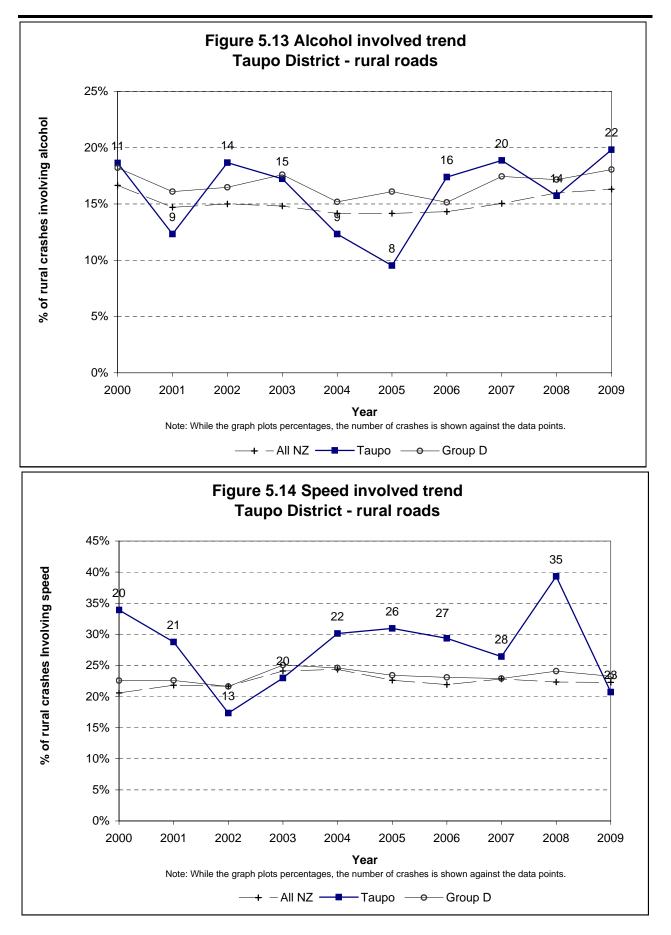
Pedestrian factors

Year

Disabled/old/ill

Cyclist factors





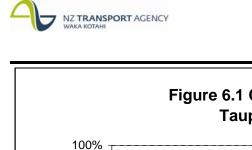


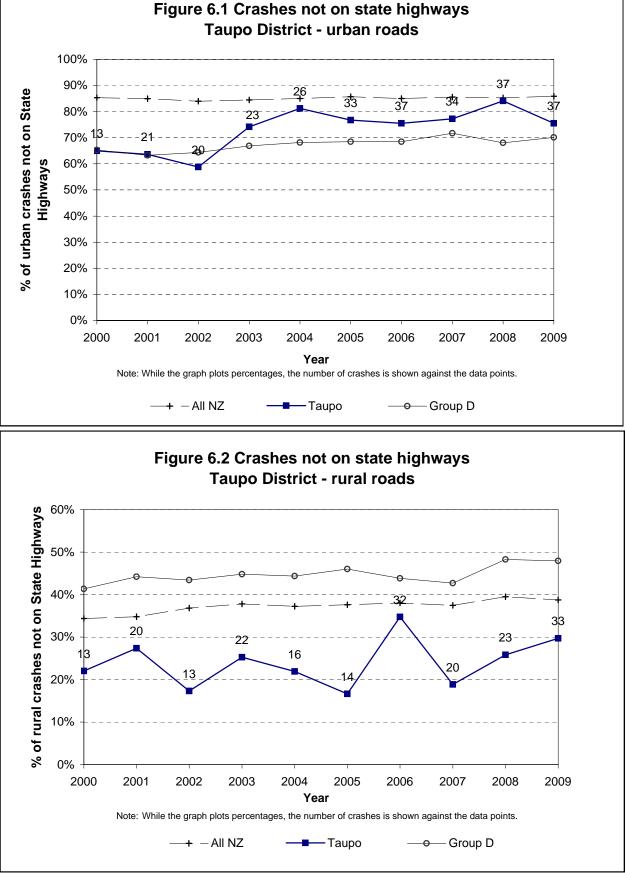


Environmental Statistics

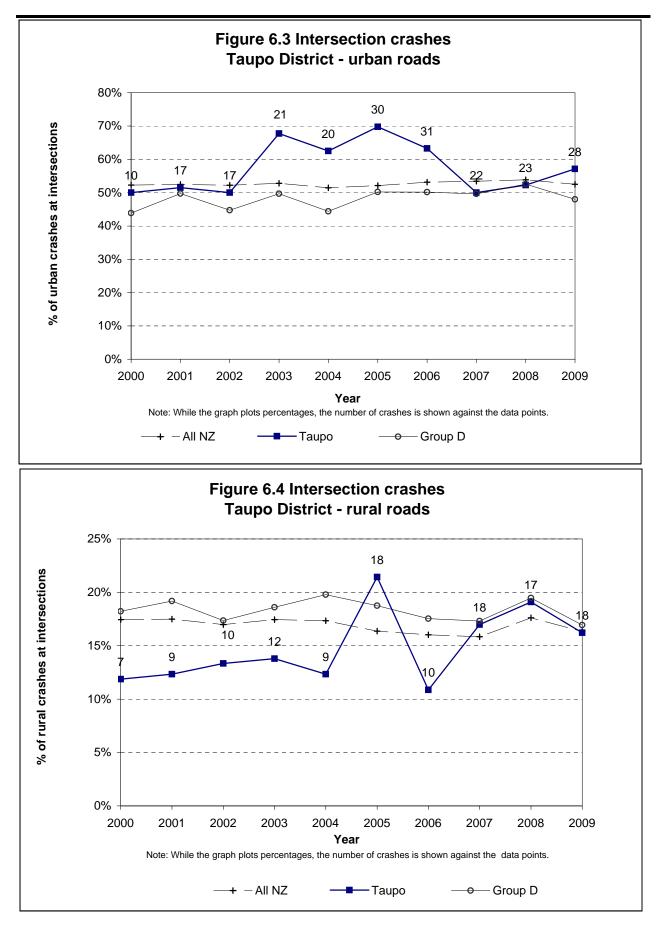




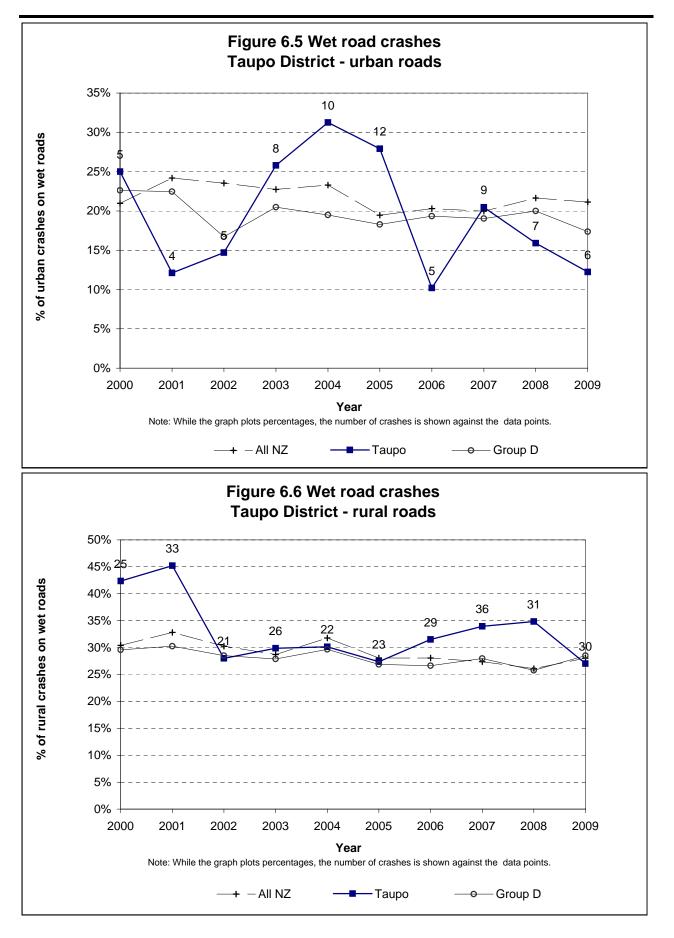




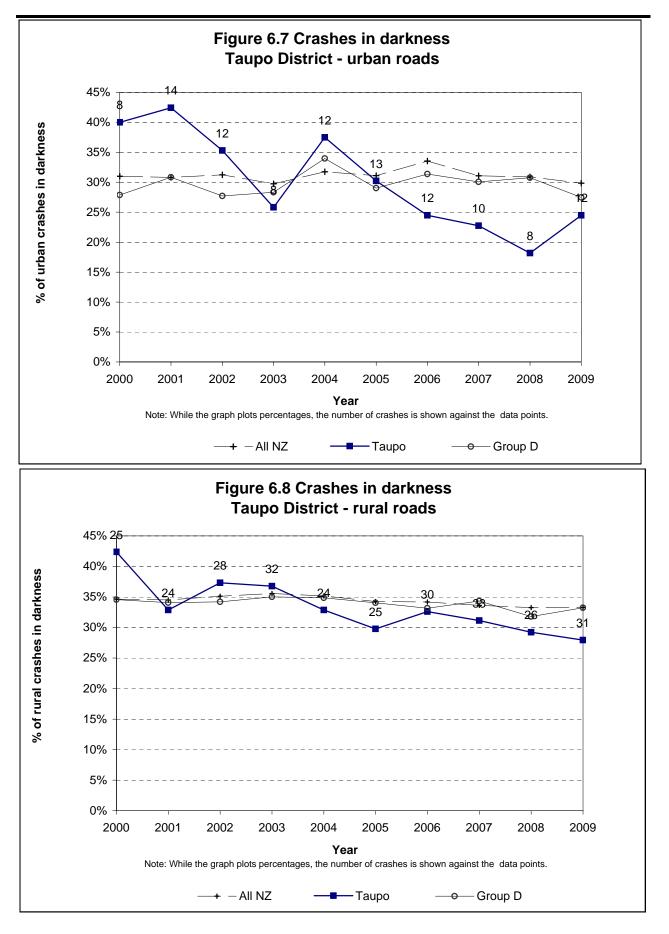




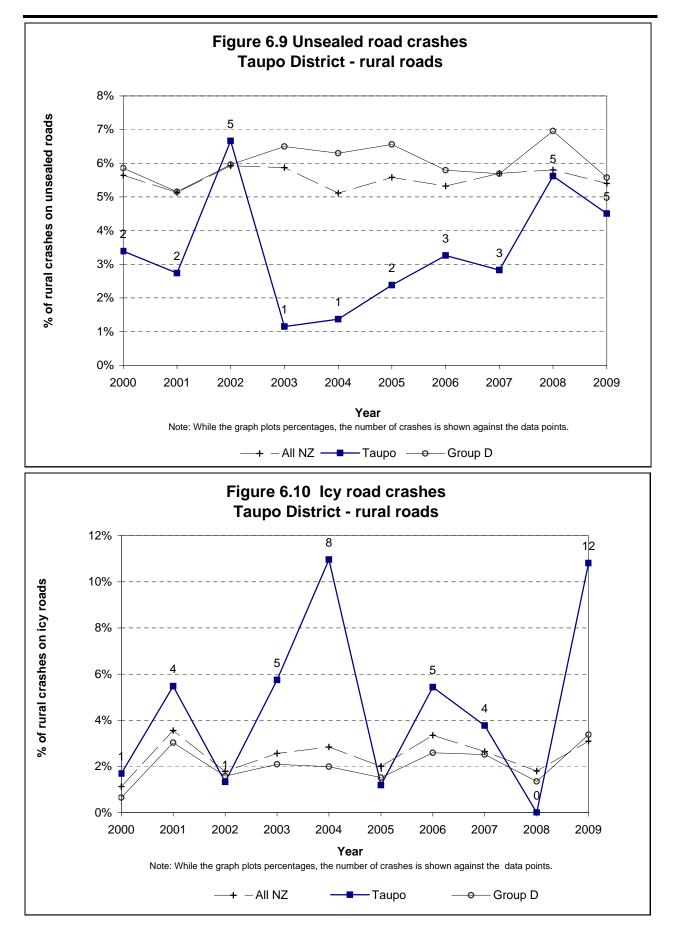




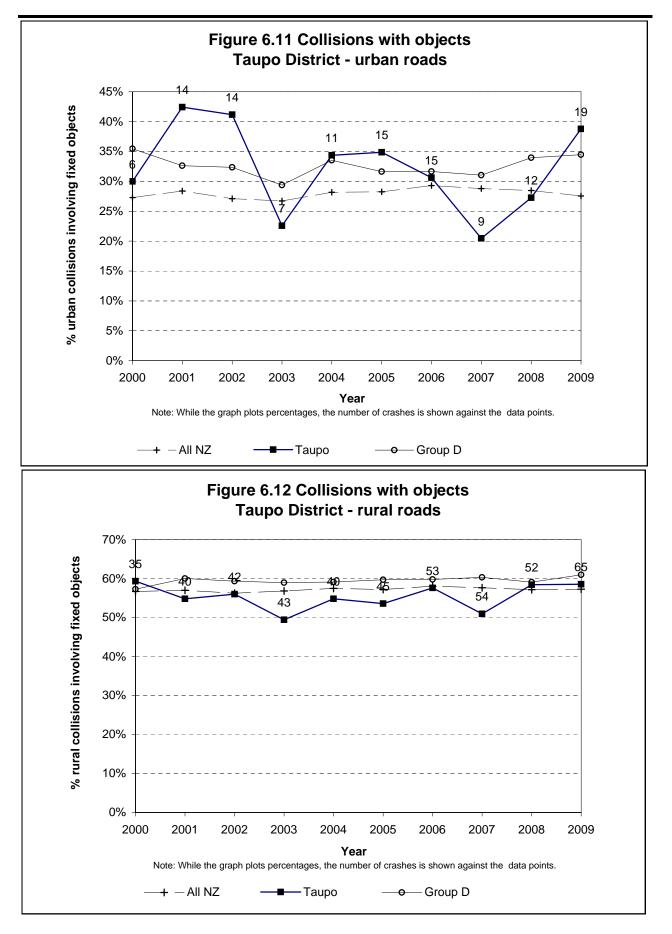




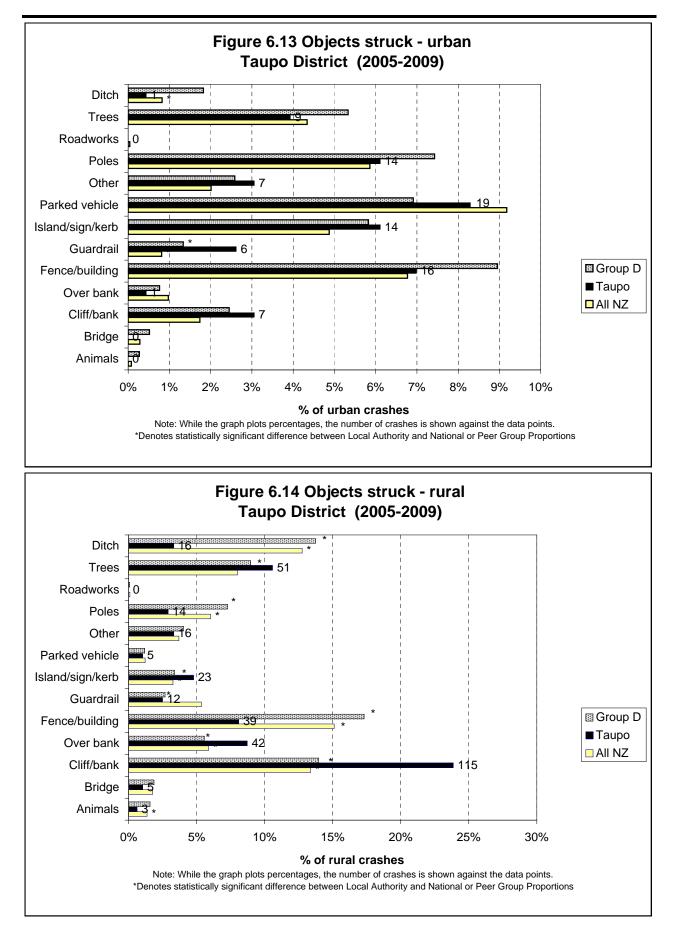












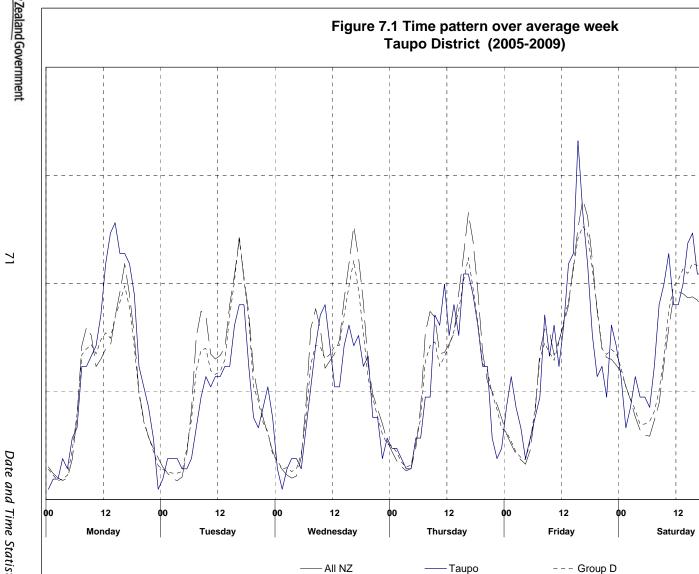




Date and Time Statistics



New Zealand Government



Taupo District Road Safety Report 2005-2009

NZ TRANSPORT AGENCY WAKA KOTAHI

2.0%

1.5%

[√] 1.0% [%] of Total Crashes

0.5%

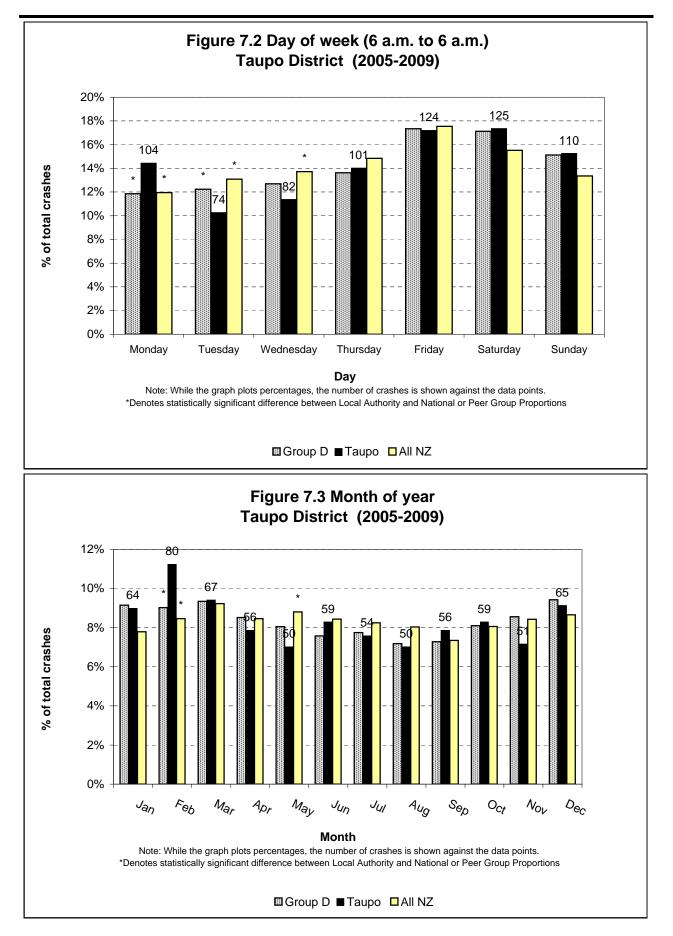
0.0%

12

Sunday

00

Date and Time Statistics

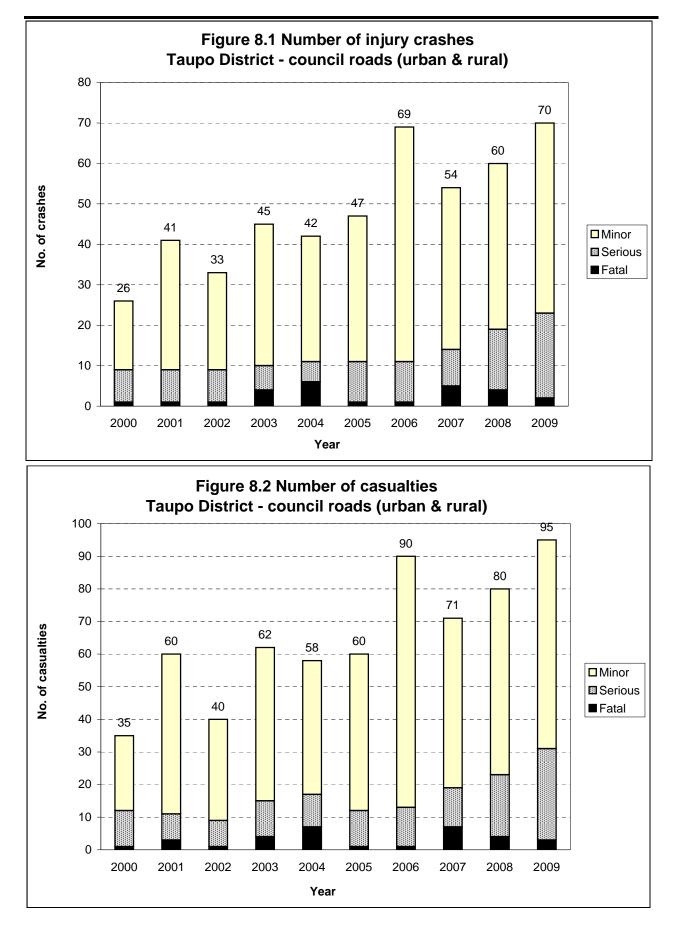




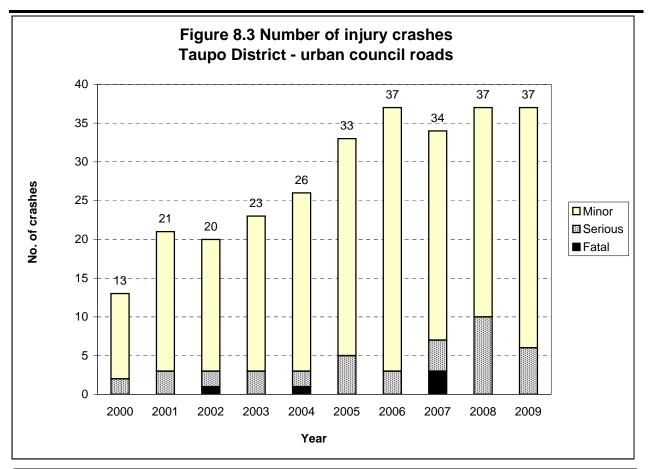
Local Road Statistics

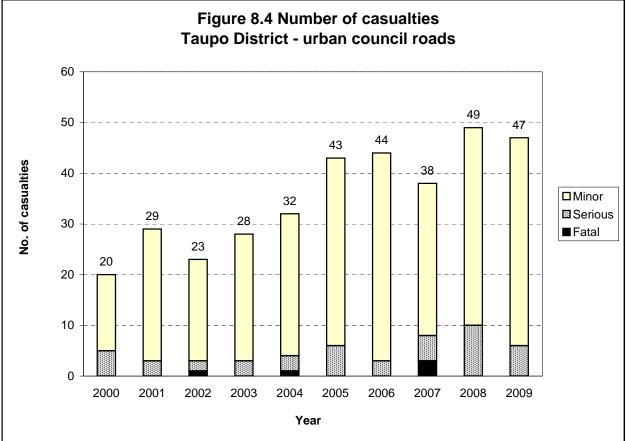




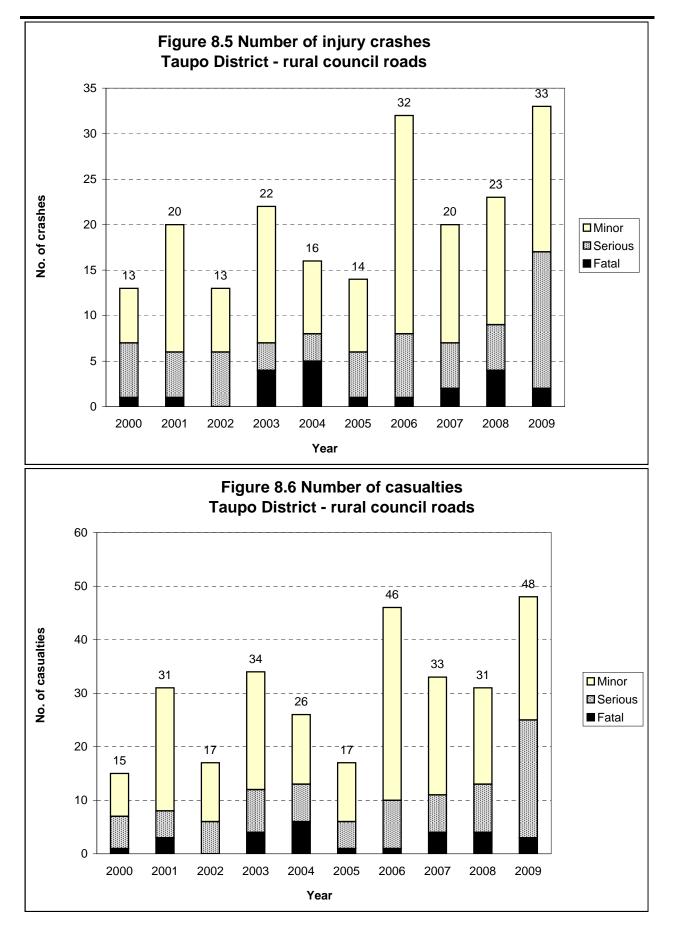




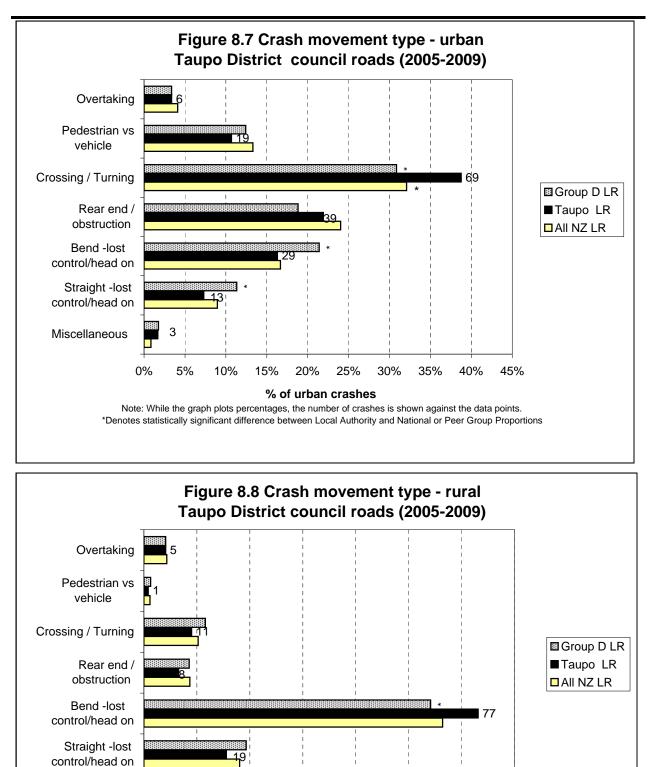












Miscellaneous

10%

0%

20%

30%

% of rural crashes Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points. *Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions

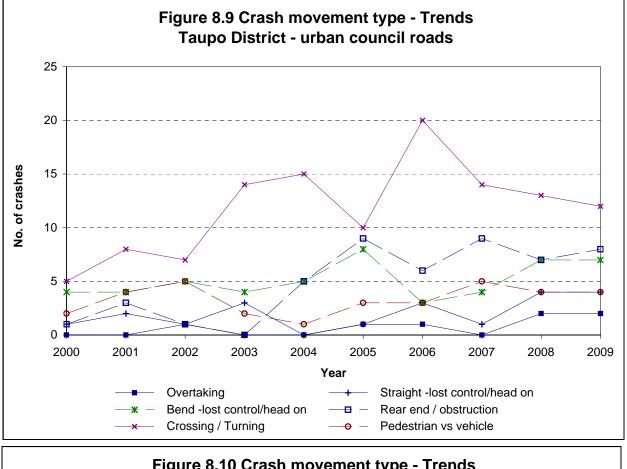
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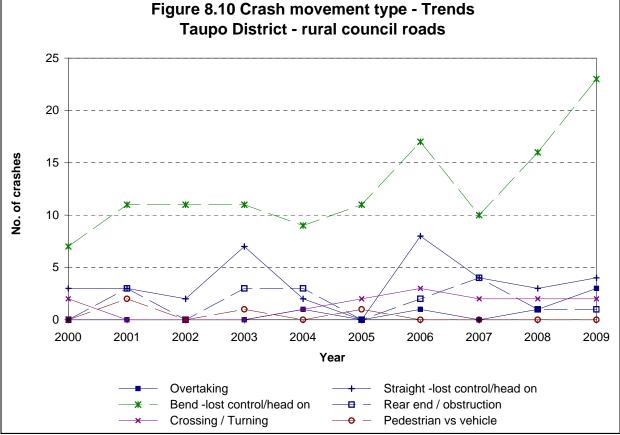
50%

60%

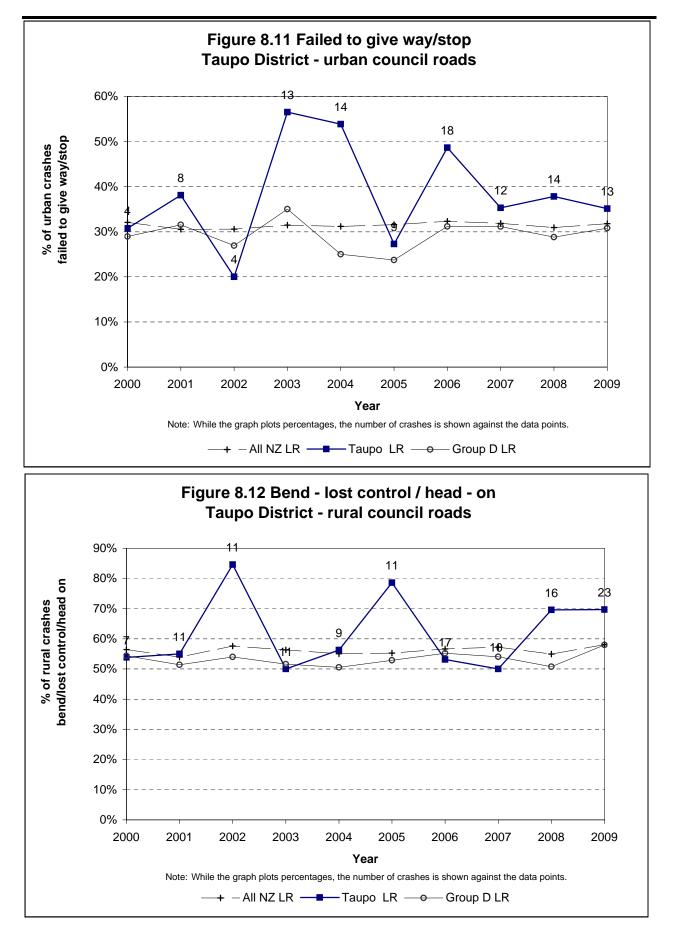
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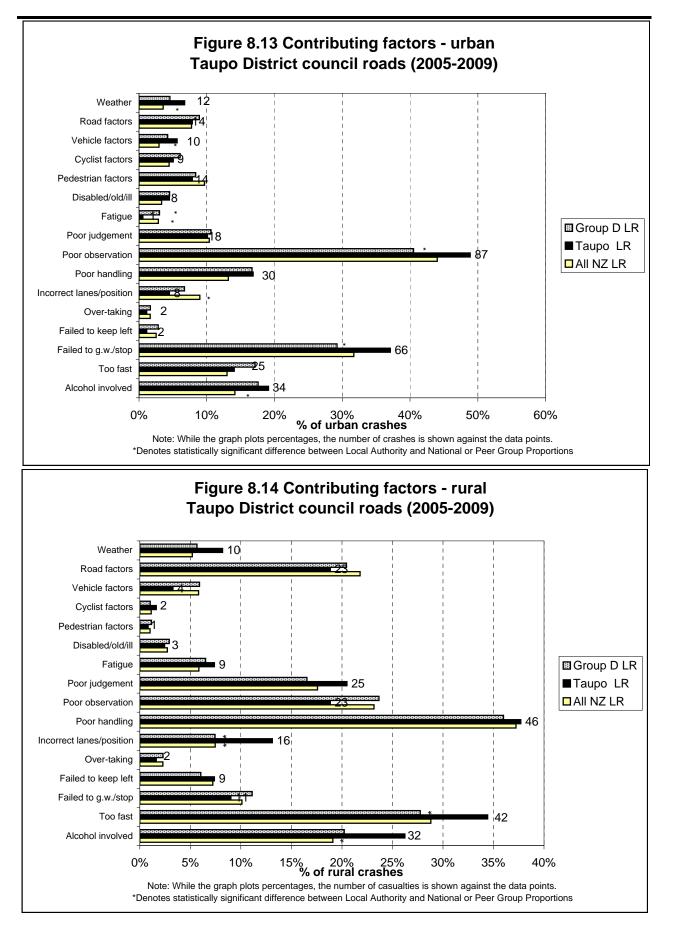




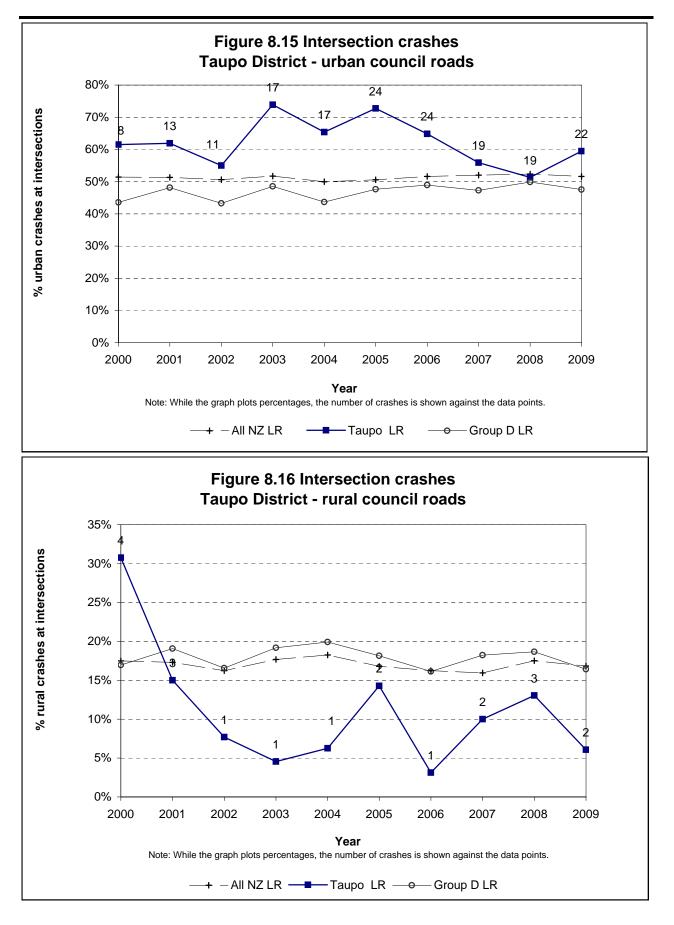




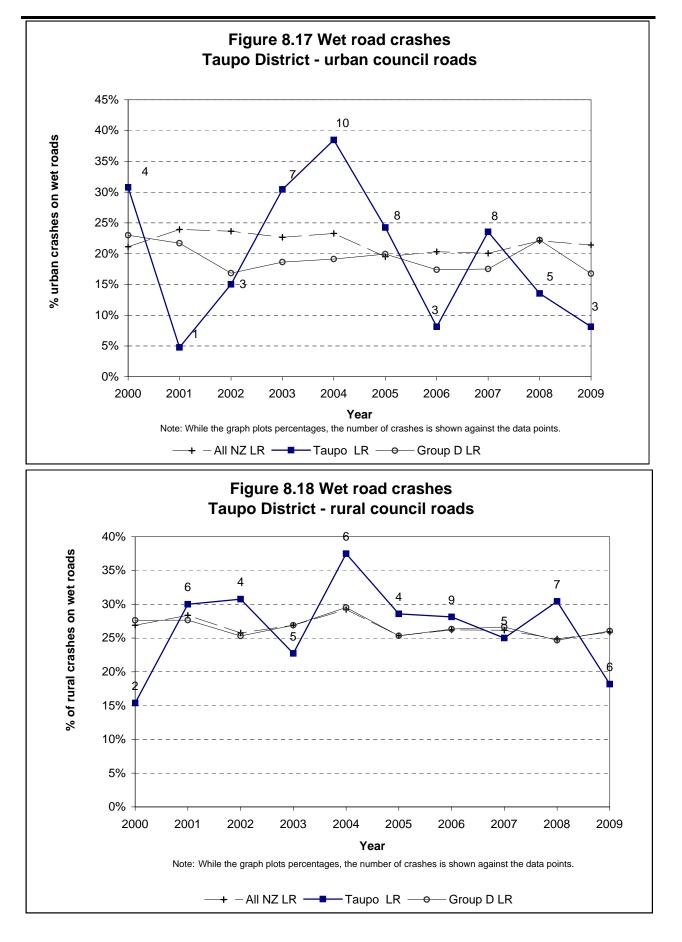




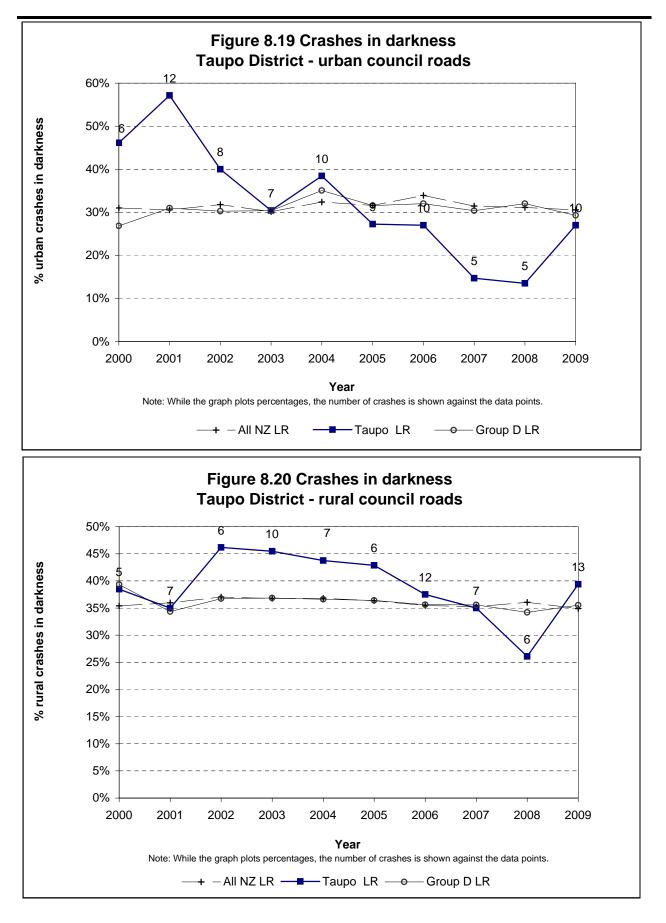




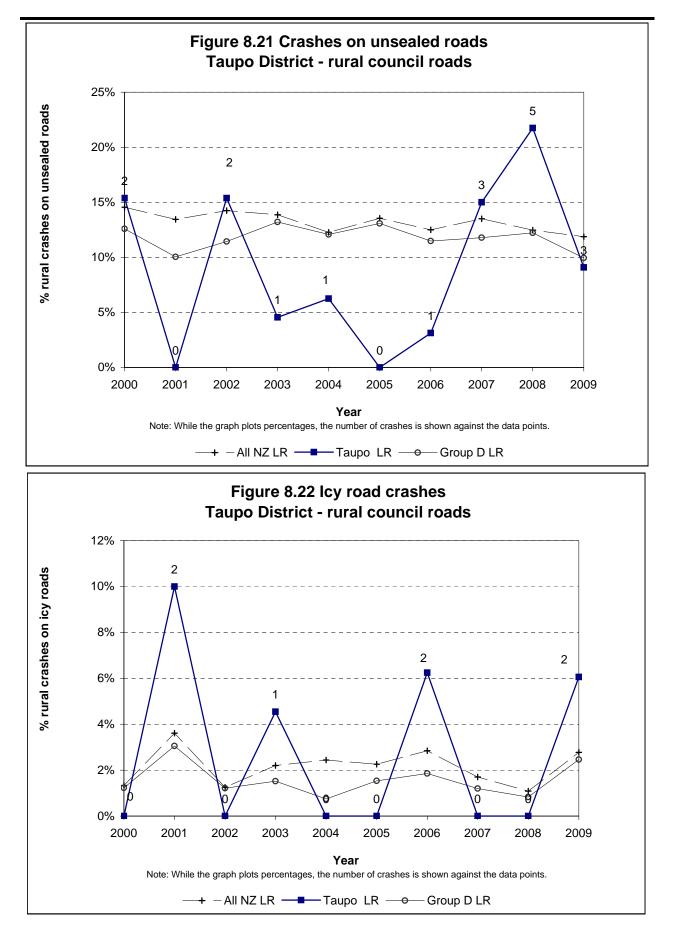




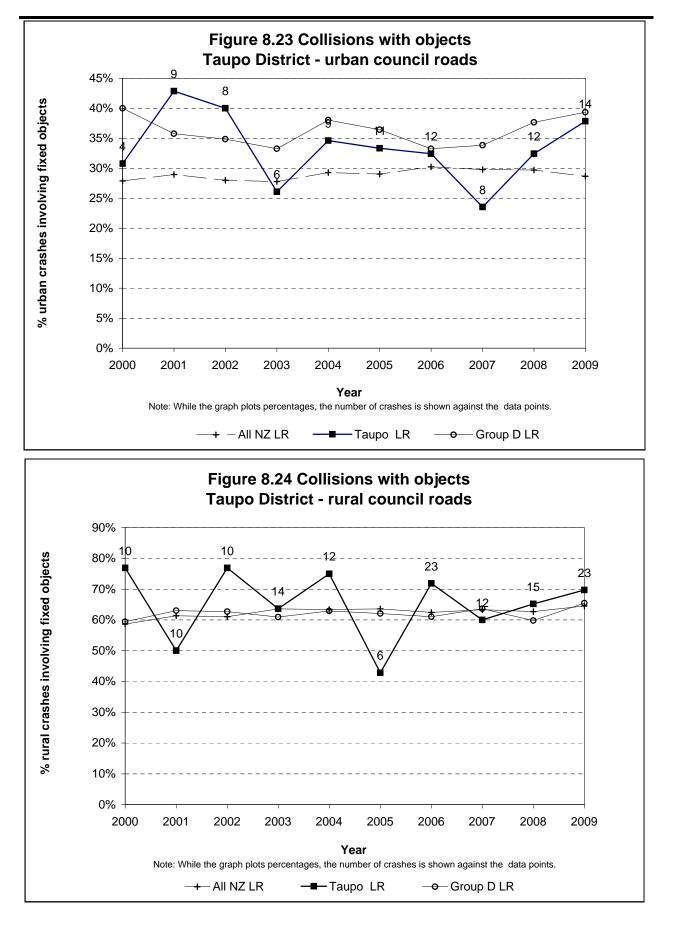




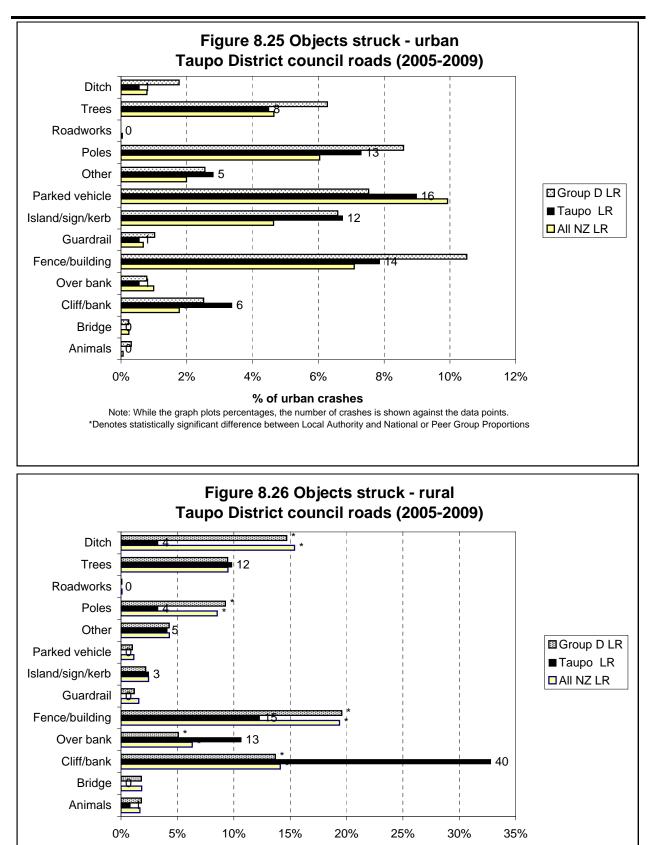












% of rural crashes

Note: While the graph plots percentages, the number of crashes is shown against the data points. *Denotes statistically significant difference between Local Authority and National or Peer Group Proportions





Crash Location Statistics



New Zealand Government



Table 9.1: Council Roads Black Spot List Urban (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)

Site Radius = 30 metres

Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$150000 in social costs

CRASH ROAD			SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
SPA ROAD		50 E	KAIMANAWA ST		1	2			3	1	33	33	\$3,406,712
TAMAMUTU ST	I		TITIRAUPENGA ST	4	1	2	4	1	12	7	58	17	\$1,612,154
RIFLE RANGE ROAD	I		TAHAREPA ROAD	2	1	4	2	1	10	5		20	\$1,540,338
SPA ROAD	I		TITIRAUPENGA ST	1	2	4	1	1	9	5	22	11	\$941,054
SPA ROAD	I.		RUNANGA ST	1	2	1	1	1	6	5	17	33	\$723,468
RUAPEHU ST	I.		HEUHEU ST	2	2	3	1		8	7		13	\$673,108
ARROWSMITH AVENUE	I		SHEPHERD ROAD	2				1	3	2			\$671,168
HEUHEU ST	I		TITIRAUPENGA ST	6	4	1	3	7	21	17	14	19	\$588,255
TAHAREPA ROAD	I		ROKINO ROAD	1	1	1			3	2	33	67	\$586,102
TAUHARA ROAD	I		TAHAREPA ROAD	2	5		1	3	11	5	27	9	\$521,368
HEUHEU ST	Т		KAIMANAWA ST	2	7	1	3	3	16	12	25	25	\$497,016
KAIMANAWA ST	Т		TAMAMUTU ST	1	3	5	1	5	15	11	20	7	\$476,990
PAORA HAPI ST	Т		TANIWHA ST	3	3	2	2	3	13	10	46	31	\$390,603
RUAPEHU ST	I.		SPA ROAD		2	3	2	2	9	6	22	11	\$318,604
SPA ROAD	I.		GASCOIGNE ST	1	4	2		5	12	10	25	25	\$317,700
GILLIES AVENUE	I.		TAUPO VIEW ROAD				2	3	5	1		40	\$302,910
ROTOKAWA ST	T		RANGATIRA ST	2	2			1	5	2		60	\$253,276
SPA ROAD	I.		A C BATHS AVENUE	1	2	1			4	1	50	25	\$236,690
TAHAREPA ROAD	I		KIDDLE DRIVE	1	1	1	1		4	1	25	50	\$235,830
TITIRAUPENGA ST	I.		PAORA HAPI ST	3	2	1	1		7	5	14	29	\$234,060
SPA ROAD	I.		KAIMANAWA ST	1	1	2	2	1	7	5	14	29	\$233,212
RUAPEHU ST	Т		PAORA HAPI ST		4	1	2		7	5	29		\$230,756
RUAPEHU ST	I.		TAMAMUTU ST		3	4		3	10	9	40	30	\$228,076
RIFLE RANGE ROAD	I.		MERE ROAD	1	1	1			3			33	\$218,440
TAUHARA ROAD		60 E	TAHAREPA ROAD	1	1	1			3			33	\$218,440
RUAPEHU ST	I		TUWHARETOA ST	2	5	1	1		9	8	11	11	\$210,798
RUAPEHU ST	T		HOROMATANGI ST	3	1	1	1	2	8	7	13	25	\$196,600
SHEPHERD ROAD	А		HYDE AVENUE			1	1	2	4	2	25	25	\$177,540
TAHAREPA ROAD	T		CROWN ROAD	1		1	2	2	6	5	50	33	\$161,770
KAIMANAWA ST	Т		SCANNELL ST		3	2	1		6	5		17	\$159,314
TAMAMUTU ST	T		RIFLE RANGE ROAD	2	1	2	1		6	5	17	17	\$158,380



Table 9.2: Council Roads Black Spot List Rural (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)

Site Radius = 250 metres

Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$150000 in social costs

			2005	2004				TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Overski Oserka
CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL				Crash Costs
POIHIPI ROAD	3000 N	SH 1N	3	1	1			5	2	60	60	\$5,382,889
WAIPAPA ROAD	1630 N	RANGINUI ROAD		1	1		1	3	1	33	67	\$5,034,757
BROADLANDS ROAD	50 E	VIEW ROAD		2	1			3	2		100	\$4,550,072
BROADLANDS ROAD	900 E	WHITE ROAD	1		1	1		3	2	33	67	\$4,299,090
POIHIPI ROAD	I	WHANGAMATA ROAD	2	2		2	3	9	3	33	33	\$3,326,549
WAIPAPA ROAD	3000 N	RANGINUI ROAD			1	1	1	3	1	33	33	\$1,667,477
POIHIPI ROAD	670 S	TUKAIRANGI ROAD					4	4	1	50	25	\$1,028,517
BROADLANDS ROAD	1360 S	RIVER ROAD	1	3				4	1	75		\$995,014
MAPARA ROAD	I	ACACIA HEIGHTS DRIVE		1	1		2	4	3	25	50	\$927,509
HIRANGI ROAD	30 N	SH 41	1			1	1	3	2	33	67	\$891,630
ARATIATIA ROAD	100 S	VIEW ROAD			2		1	3	2	67		\$888,874
MAPARA ROAD	30 N	KAIPO ROAD		1	1	1	1	4		25	75	\$354,760
POIHIPI ROAD	860 W	MAPARA ROAD	2		1	2		5	3	40	80	\$294,327
POIHIPI ROAD	30 E	ACACIA BAY ROAD	1	2			2	5	3		20	\$293,266
POIHIPI ROAD	2000 N	TIROHANGA ROAD	1	1	3	1		6	5	67	33	\$276,620
POIHIPI ROAD	1100 E	SH 32		1		2	1	4	2	75	25	\$251,792
WAKEMAN ROAD	460 S	ACACIA BAY ROAD		1		2		3	1	33	33	\$215,117
POIHIPI ROAD	600 W	KAAHU ROAD			2	1		3	1	100		\$213,157
HUKA FALLS ROAD	50 S	HUKA FALLS LOOP ROAD S	1	2				3	2	33	67	\$168,309
WHANGAMATA ROAD	1640 W	POIHIPI ROAD		1		2		3	2		67	\$163,674



Table 9.3: State Highway Urban and Rural Black Spot List (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)

Urban Site Radius = 30 metres Rural Site Radius = 250 metres

Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$250000 in social costs

CRASH ROAD			SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- I njury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
SH 1N		3460 N	KAURI DRIVE	1	1	2	2	0	6	1	33	0	\$18,036,336
SH 5	Т		ARROWSMITH AVENUE	7	4	6	4	5	26	14	8	12	\$6,279,560
SH 1N		450 S	MAROA ROAD	1	1	0	2	1	5	1	40	0	\$5,544,357
SH 30		170 S	WAIPAPA ROAD	1	3	0	1	0	5	1	20	20	\$5,511,936
SH 32		5000 S	SH 30	0	0	2	3	0	5	1	40	60	\$5,251,337
SH 5	Т		TAHARUA ROAD	0	2	2	0	1	5	2	40	60	\$5,203,732
SH 5		1800 N	RANGITAIKI TVN	0	0	4	0	2	6	4	67	50	\$5,185,207
SH 1N	Т		POIHIPI ROAD	4	5	11	9	6	35	17	29	17	\$5,101,774
SH 1N		1320 S	TAWHAA ROAD	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	33	0	\$5,074,937
SH 30		110 E	POKURU ROAD NORTH	1	1	0	1	1	4	2	100	0	\$5,000,872
SH 30		2480 W	WAIPAPA ROAD	1	0	0	1	1	3	1	0	33	\$4,962,237
SH 1N	Т		GRACE ROAD	3	1	1	0	0	5	3	40	40	\$4,809,903
SH 1N		11300 S	RICHMOND AVENUE	2	1	0	0	0	3	1	33	33	\$4,645,616
SH 5		1300 E	CAROLINE DRIVE	1	0	1	2	0	4	3	0	25	\$4,624,151
SH 1N		1700 N	PALMER MILL ROAD	1	0	0	1	1	3	0	33	33	\$4,404,120
SH 5		270 E	KIDDLE DRIVE	1	1	2	0	1	5	4	0	60	\$4,374,483
SH 5		1150 E	PALMER MILL ROAD	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	33	33	\$4,349,656
SH 1N		1220 S	TUTUKAU ROAD	0	0	1	1	1	3	1	0	0	\$4,347,777
SH 5		460 S	PIRIPIRI ROAD	0	0	1	2	0	3	1	67	67	\$4,347,777
SH 1N		3000 E	WAITAPU ROAD	0	1	0	1	1	3	2	33	0	\$4,298,212
SH 1N	Т		KARETOTO ROAD N	10	5	2	9	8	34	21	21	15	\$4,028,070
SH 1N		25 N	WAITAHANUI BR	0	0	2	2	0	4	3	25	50	\$3,840,290
SH 1N	Т		TITIRAUPENGA ST	2	0	1	1	1	5	3	20	20	\$3,525,704
SH 1N	Т		KAIMANAWA ST	0	1	1	3	1	6	4	17	33	\$3,459,680
SH 1N	Т		HUKA FALLS ROAD	5	3	4	6	3	21	13	19	0	\$3,346,567
SH 1N		500 S	FRETHEY DRIVE	0	2	5	7	2	16	10	81	44	\$3,039,947
SH 1N		750 E	OTURERE BR	8	7	11	0	1	27	21	63	33	\$2,679,530
SH 1N		1000 N	TUKINO ACCESS	2	1	0	0	3	6	2	0	50	\$2,499,729
SH 41	Т		SH 47	2	0	2	0	1	5	2	0	60	\$1,800,090
SH 32		980 N	WAIHAHA BR	1	0	1	0	1	3	0	0	33	\$1,723,820
SH 5		3000 W	MATEA ROAD	0	0	1	1	1	3	0	67	0	\$1,718,920
SH 1N	Т		HEUHEU PARADE	1	3	1	2	2	9	4	67	22	\$1,687,446
SH 5	А		RANGITAIKI TVN	0	1	2	0	0	3	1	33	33	\$1,627,297
SH 1N	Т		PIHANGA ROAD	3	5	3	1	0	12	7	8	8	\$1,430,630
SH 1N		300 S	MANGAMATE CUL	4	2	5	6	8	25	16	76	16	\$1,396,775
SH 1N	А		OTURERE BR	4	1	5	1	0	11	8	18	82	\$1,303,007
HUKA FALLS ROAD S	Т		SH 1N	1	2	2	0	1	6	3	33	33	\$1,108,545
SH 5		3770 S	MATEA ROAD	1	1	5	0	1	8	6	75	38	\$1,086,678
SH 1N		1000 S	TREE TRUNK GORGE ROAI		1	2	1	0	4	1	75	50	\$1,030,396
SH 5		2000 E	PALMER MILL ROAD	0	0	2	0	2	4	1	0	25	\$1,028,517
SH 1N		660 E	OTURERE BR	0	2	2	1	0	5	3	40	40	\$1,017,669
SH 5	Т		POHOKURA ROAD	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	67	33	\$991,760
SH 1N	Т		SPA ROAD	3	3	6	6	2	20	19	15	35	\$966,979
SH 1N	A		TONGARIRO BR	1	0	1	3	0	5	4	20	20	\$948,204
SH 1N		500 S	PALMER MILL ROAD	1	1	1	0	0	3	1	67	67	\$945,034
SH 5		2000 S	POHOKURA ROAD	0	1	1	0	1	3	1	33	33	\$942,196
SH 1N	I		LOWELL PLACE	3	2	0	2	3	10	7	40	50	\$917,449
SH 1N		3200 N	SH 30	0	2	1	0	0	3	1	0	33	\$902,097
SH 41		350 S	MANGAROA ST	0	0	2	0	1	3	2	0	33	\$888,874
SH 5			SH 1N	0	2	-	1	0	4	3	50	50	\$887,329
-				-	-	·	·	-					



Table 9.3: State Highway Urban and Rural Black Spot List (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)

Urban Site Radius = 30 metres Rural Site Radius = 250 metres

Sites with 3 or more injury crashes or more than \$250000 in social costs

CRASH ROAD			SIDE ROAD	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %	Crash Costs
SH 1N			RAINBOW DRIVE S	1	2	0	1	0	4	1	0	50	\$878,290
SH 41	i		OHUANGA ROAD	2	0	1	1	0	4	2	0	0	\$860,270
SH 1N	i		TIROHANGA ROAD	3	1	0	0	1	5	4	0	20	\$857,080
SH 41	•	440 N	OMORI ROAD	1	1	1	0	0	3	2	0	0	\$851,450
SH 1N		3000 N	RANGIPO PRISON ROAD	2	0	0	0	1	3	1	0	33	\$830,374
SH 1N		200 N		2	0	1	1	0	4	3	50	50	\$815,687
SH 1N		980 N	TREE TRUNK GORGE ROAL	0	1	9	2	4	16	12	75	38	\$795,761
SH 1N		30 S	HOROMATANGI ST	0	0	0	0	3	3	2	33	0	\$671,180
SH 1N	1	000	STORY PLACE	1	4	3	8	3	19	14	11	11	\$607,421
SH 1N	A		THE AVENUE	0	0	1	2	5	8	4	38	50	\$482,887
SH 1N	A		MANGATAWAI BR	1	2	2	1	1	7	3	86	57	\$469,666
SH 1N	1		NORMAN SMITH ST	3	2	2	6	3	16	13	31	6	\$445,359
SH 1N	i		TAUPAHI ROAD	1	3	0	0	1	5	1	60	0	\$400,256
SH 5		20 N	PALMER MILL ROAD	0	1	1	2	1	5	2	0	20	\$339,992
SH 1N		50 N	WAIHOHONU BR	0	3	1	0	2	6	4	0	50	\$329,145
SH 30		1230 N	RANGINUI ROAD	2	1	0	1	0	4	1	0	50	\$313,117
SH 5		100 N	WAIPUNGA NO2 BR	2	2	0	0	0	4	1	75	25	\$312,934
SH 5		600 W	MATEA ROAD	0	1	1	1	1	4	1	0	25	\$303,317
SH 5		1000 E	MATEA ROAD	1	1	1	1	1	5	3	0	20	\$293,449
SH 1N	А	1000 L	WAIKATO BR	1	0	1	2	1	5	3	0	20	\$289,427
SH 1N	~	3000 S	OHUANGA ROAD	1	2	1	0	2	6	5	50	17	\$280,642
SH 1N		200 N	PALMER MILL ROAD	2	0	0	1	1	4	2	0	50	\$257,570
SH 1N		2100 N	ROTOPUHA ROAD	2	1	1	0	1	4	2	0	75	\$256,692
SH 1N		1000 E	OHAKURI ROAD	0	2	1	1	0	4	2	25	25	\$253,671
SH 1N		1000 S	MOUTUTERE STM BR	1	2	0	3	0	4	2	25 75	25 0	\$253,671 \$252,670
		10000 5											
SH 1N	I		RUAPEHU ST	2	0	3	0	0	5	2	0	20	\$248,908



Table 9.4 : Urban Council Road Crash Sites with a Significant Increase in Crashes in 2009 (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)

Site Radius = 30 metres

CRASH ROAD			SIDE ROAD	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %
HEUHEU ST	I		TITIRAUPENGA ST	2	6	4	1	3	7	23	19	22	22
SPA ROAD	I		NUKUHAU ST	3	1	4	2	0	5	15	12	27	27
GILLIES AVENUE	I		TAUPO VIEW ROAD	1	0	0	0	2	3	6	1	17	50
HOROMATANGI ST		100 W	RUAPEHU ST	0	1	0	0	0	3	4	4	0	25
TAUHARA ROAD	I		SPA ROAD	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	33

Table 9.4a : Rural Council Road Crash Sites with a Significant Increase in Crashes in 2009 (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)

Site Radius = 250 metres

CRASH ROAD	SIDE ROAD	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %
POIHIPI ROAD	670 S TUKAIRANGI ROAD	1	0	0	0	0	4	5	2	40	20



Table 9.5 : State Highway Crash Sites with a Significant Increase in Crashes in 2009 (Injury and Non-Injury Crashes)

Urban Site Radius = 30 metres Rural Site Radius = 250 metres

CRASH ROAD		SIDE ROAD	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	TOTAL	Non- Injury	Wet Crash %	Dark Crash %
SH 1N	300	S MANGAMATE CUL	1	4	2	5	6	8	26	17	77	15
SH 1N	А	THE AVENUE	0	0	0	1	2	5	8	4	38	50
SH 1N	I	REDOUBT ST	1	2	0	0	0	3	6	5	0	17
SH 1N	30	S HOROMATANGI ST	2	0	0	0	0	3	5	4	20	0
SH 47	4020	W SH 41	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	1	0	0
SH 1N	350	S ORUANUI ROAD	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	1	33	67
SH 5	2100	W MATEA ROAD	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	3	0	0
SH 1N	590	N HEUHEU PARADE	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	3	0	0
SH 1N	1000	S HUKA FALLS ROAD N	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	3	0	0
SH 1N	700	N KIKO ROAD	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	1	33	33
SH 30	540	N SANDEL ROAD	0	0	1	0	0	2	3	3	33	67
SH 1N	300	N ORUANUI ROAD	1	0	0	0	0	2	3	2	0	67
SH 5	I	POHOKURA ROAD	0	0	0	1	0	2	3	0	67	33
SH 1N	1320	S TAWHAA ROAD	0	0	0	0	0	3	3	1	33	0
SH 32	I	SH 30	0	1	0	0	0	2	3	2	67	0

appendix

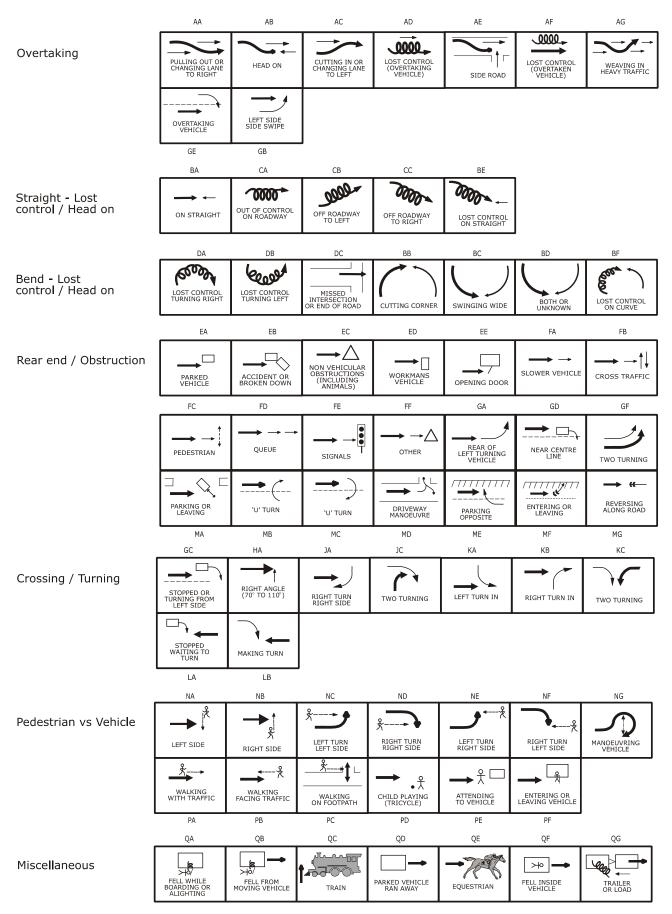
- Groupings of crash types
- Grouping of contributing factors
- General factor list
- General movement types

Appendix

Explanatory notes for the appendix

- Each traffic crash report has a diagram and a description of what happened. These are used to classify the movements the vehicles were making when they crashed eg 'collided with parked vehicle', or 'lost control while overtaking'. In this report, crash types are grouped into seven categories. The following page shows the types of crashes which are included in each group.
- 2. Traffic crash reports also include information on why the crash occurred, or on factors contributing to the crash. In this report the hundreds of contributing factor codes used by New Zealand Transport Agency have been condensed into 16 groups for practical reasons. Lists of the factor groups used in this report, and of all the contributing factors used by New Zealand Transport Agency, are shown on the following pages.
- 3. Note that in the year 2000 there were some minor changes to the contributing factor groups. The most significant change was that 'inattention' was grouped with 'inadequate check' to form 'poor observation'. This allowed a more accurate assessment of 'fatigue' as a contributing factor, as it now has its own grouping.
- The factor group 'poor handling' includes factor codes that were only introduced in 1998. This could explain why there may have been a sudden change at this time.
- 5. The coding of the factors contributing to a crash is subjective. Therefore analysis using contributing factor groups needs to be interpreted with caution. Also, to effectively target safety or enforcement campaigns more analysis of the specific contributing factors involved may be needed.
- 6. It should be noted that a traffic crash generally has more than one contributing factor. Therefore, adding the number of crashes on graphs showing the number of crashes with a given factor or factor group will be greater than the total number of crashes in the city or district.

Groupings of crash types



Groupings of contributing factors

Factor group	Factor codes included
Alcohol involved	100 – 101
	103 – 109
Too fast	110 – 119
	430 – 432
Failed to give way or stop	300 – 314
	320 – 328
Failed to keep left	120 – 128
	205
Overtaking	150 – 161
Incorrect lanes or position	129
	170 – 183
	200 – 204 206 – 209
	440 - 448
	110 110
Poor handling	130 – 134
	137 – 149
	420 – 429
Poor observation	330 – 360
	370 – 379
Poor judgement	380 – 387
	400 – 407
Fatigue	410 – 415
Disabled, old age or illness	500 – 507
Pedestrian factors	700 – 731
Cyclist factors	Any factor coded against a cyclist
Vehicle factors	136, 600 – 699
Road factors	135, 800 – 899
Weather	900 – 909
	· .

Note:

The following factor codes are not included as they do not fit adequately into any of the above groupings: 102, 106, 190–198, 433, 434, 510–534 and 910–999.



NZ TRANSPORT AGENCY VEHICLE MOVEMENT CODING SHEET

For use with crash data from CAS (Version 2.8 May 2010)

	TYPE	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	0
A	OVERTAKING AND LANE CHANGE	PULLING OUT OR CHANGING LANE TO RIGHT	HEAD ON	CUTTING IN OR CHANGING LANE TO LEFT	LOST CONTROL (OVERTAKING VEHICLE)	SIDE ROAD	LOST CONTROL (OVERTAKEN VEHICLE)	WEAVING IN HEAVY TRAFFIC	OTHER
В	HEAD ON	ON STRAIGHT	CUTTING CORNER	SWINGING WIDE	BOTH OR UNKNOWN	LOST CONTROL ON STRAIGHT	LOST CONTROL ON CURVE		OTHER
С	LOST CONTROL OR OFF ROAD (STRAIGHT ROADS)	OUT OF CONTROL ON ROADWAY	OFF ROADWAY TO LEFT	OFF ROADWAY TO RIGHT					OTHER
D	CORNERING	LOST CONTROL TURNING RIGHT	LOST CONTROL TURNING LEFT	MISSED INTERSECTION OR END OF ROAD					OTHER
Е	COLLISION WITH OBSTRUCTION	PARKED VEHICLE	CRASH OR BROKEN DOWN	NON VEHICULAR OBSTRUCTIONS (INCLUDING ANIMALS)	WORKMANS VEHICLE	OPENING DOOR			OTHER
F	REAR END	SLOWER VEHICLE	CROSS TRAFFIC		QUEUE				OTHER
G	TURNING VERSUS SAME DIRECTION	REAR OF LEFT TURNING VEHICLE	LEFT TURN SIDE SIDE SWIPE	STOPPED OR TURNING FROM LEFT SIDE	NEAR CENTRE LINE	OVERTAKING VEHICLE	TWO TURNING		OTHER
Н	CROSSING (NO TURNS)	RIGHT ANGLE (70° TO 110°)							OTHER
J	CROSSING (VEHICLE TURNING)	RIGHT TURN RIGHT SIDE	OPPOSING RIGHT TURNS	TWO TURNING					OTHER
K	MERGING	LEFT TURN IN	RIGHT TURN IN	TWO TURNING					OTHER
L	RIGHT TURN AGAINST	STOPPED WAITING TO TURN	MAKING TURN						OTHER
Μ	MANOEUVRING	PARKING OR LEAVING	"U" TURN	"U" TURN	DRIVEWAY MANOEUVRE	ENTERING OR LEAVING FROM OPPOSITE SIDE	ENTERING OR LEAVING FROM SAME SIDE	REVERSING ALONG ROAD	OTHER
Ν	PEDESTRIANS CROSSING ROAD		RIGHT SIDE	LEFT TURN LEFT SIDE	RIGHT TURN RIGHT SIDE	LEFT TURN RIGHT SIDE	RIGHT TURN LEFT SIDE	MANOEUVRING VEHICLE	OTHER
Ρ	PEDESTRIANS OTHER	WALKING WITH TRAFFIC	WALKING FACING TRAFFIC	WALKING ON FOOTPATH	CHILD PLAYING (INCLUDING TRICYCLE)		ENTERING OR LEAVING VEHICLE		OTHER
Q	MISCELLANEOUS	FELL WHILE BOARDING OR ALIGHTING	₩ →Ho/ FELL FROM MOVING VEHICLE		PARKED VEHICLE RAN AWAY		FELL INSIDE VEHICLE	TRAILER OR LOAD	OTHER

New Zealand Government

* = Movement applies for left and right hand bends, curves or turns

FACTORS PROBABLY CONTRIBUTING TO CRASHES (Version 1.8- 2 November 2009)

DRIVER CONTROL

100 Alcohol or drugs

101 Alcohol suspected

- 102 Alcohol test below limit 103 Alcohol test above limit or test refused
- 104 Alcohol test result unknown 105 Intoxicated non-driver (pedestrian / cyclist / passenger)
- 106 (MOT only) dead driver not suspect, tested neg
- 107 108 Drugs suspected
- 109 Drugs proven

110 Too fast for conditions

- 111 Cornering
- 112 On straight 113 To give way at intersection
- 114 Approaching railway crossing 115 When passing stationary school bus
- 116 At temporary speed limit 117 At crash or emergency

120 Failed to keep left

- 121 Swung wide on bend 122 Swung wide at intersection
- 123 Cutting corner on bend 124 Cutting corner at intersection
- 125 On straight section 126 Vehicle crossed raised median
- 127 Driving or riding abreast (cyclists more than 2 abreast) 128 Wandering or wobbling 129 Too far left / right

130 Lost control

- 131 When turning 132 Under heavy braking
- 133 Under heavy acceleration134 While returning to seal from unsealed shoulder
- 135 Due to road conditions (requires road series code)
- 136 Due to vehicle fault (requires vehicle series code)
- 137 Avoiding another vehicle, pedestrian, party or obstacle on roadway
 138 On unsealed road
 139 End of seal

140 Failed to signal in time

- 141 When moving to left, pulling over to left 142 When turning left
- 143 When pulling out or moving to the right 144 When turning right
- 145 Incorrect Signal

- 150 **Overtaking** 151 Overtaking line of traffic or queue
 - 152 Deliberately in the face of oncoming traffic 153 Failed to notice oncoming traffic

 - 154 Misjudged speed or distance of oncoming traffic
 - 155 At no passing line 156 With insufficient visibility
 - 157 At an intersection without due care
 - 158 On left without due care
 - 159 Cut in after overtaking

 - 160 Vehicle signalling right turn161 Without care at a pedestrian crossing

170 Wrong lane or turned from wrong position

- 171 Turned left from incorrect lane 172 Turned left from incorrect lane 173 Travelled straight ahead from turning lane or flush median
- 174 Turned right from left side of road
- 175 Turned left from near centre line 176 Turned into incorrect lane

- 177 Weaving or cut in on multi-lane roads 178 Moved left to avoid slow vehicle 179 Long vehicle tracked outside lane

- 180 In line of traffic 181 Following too closely
 - 182 Travelling unreasonably slowly 183 Motorist crowded cyclist

 - 184 Incorrect merging /diverging manoeuvre

190 Sudden action 191 Braked

- 192 Turned left
- 193 Turned right 194 Swerved to avoid pedestrian
- 195 Swerved to avoid animal 196 Swerved to avoid crash or broken down vehicle
- 197 Swerved to avoid vehicle 198 Swerved to avoid object or for unknown reason
- 199 Avoiding approaching emergency vehicle

200 Forbidden movements

201 Wrong way in one way street, motorway or roundabout

380 Misjudged speed, distance, size or position of: 381 Other vehicle coming from behind or alongside

right of way 383 Pedestrian movement or intention 384 Towed vehicle, or while towing a vehicle

385 Size or position of fixed object or obstacle 386 Of own vehicle

400 Inexperience 401 In driving in fast, complex or heavy traffic 402 New driver showed inexperience 403 Driving unfamiliar vehicle 404 Overseas / migrant driver fails to adjust to NZ

387 Misjudged intentions of another party

road rules and road conditions 405 Driver under instruction

406 At towing trailer / other vehicle 407 Driver over-reacted

410 Fatigue (drowsy, tired, fell asleep)

414 Worked long hours before driving 415 Exceeded driving hours

422 Static engine 423 Wrong pedal 424 Footrest, stand 425 Ignition turned off (steering locked) 426 Lights not switched on

427 Foot slipped or caught under pedal 428 Parking brake not fully applied 429 Trailer coupling or safety chain not secured

433 Wheel spins / wheelies / doughnuts / drifting 434 Intimidating driving

440 Parked or stopped
441 Inadequately lit at night: (not lit by street lights or park lights off)

442 At point of limited visibility 443 Not as close as practicable to side of road

500 Illness and disability
 501 Illness with no warning e.g. heart attack, unexpected epilepsy)
 502 Physically disabled

503 Defective vision 504 Medical illness (not sudden) flu, diabetes

505 Mental illness (depression, psychosis) 506 Suicidal (but not successful)

511 Deliberate homicide (only if succeeded)512 Intentional collision

513 Committed suicide (only if succeeded) 514 Evading enforcement 515 Object deliberately thrown at or dropped on urbited (abot 1

520 Driver or passenger, boarding, leaving , in vehicle

507 Impaired ability due to old age

vehicle / shot at 516 Object thrown from vehicle 517 Stolen vehicle

523 Riding in insecure position 524 Interfered with driver

527 Child playing in parked vehicle

521 Boarding moving vehicle 522 Intentionally leaving moving vehicle

525 Opened door inadvertently 526 Overloaded vehicle (with passengers)

530 **Miscellaneous person** 531 Casualty drowned 532 Casualty thrown from vehicle 533 Equestrian not keeping to verge 534 Cyclist or M/cyclist wearing dark clothing

510 Intentional or criminal

444 On incorrect side of road 445 Double parked 446 In 'No Stopping' area 447 Not clear of rail crossing

448 In cycle or Transit lane

GENERAL PERSON

420 Incorrect use of vehicle controls

408 Unsupervised cyclist

411 Long trip 412 Lack of sleep 413 Exhaust fumes

421 Started in gear 422 Stalled engine

430 Showing off

431 Racing 432 Playing chicken

GENERAL DRIVER

382 Other vehicle coming from another direction with

- 202 When turning or U turning contrary to a
- sign 203 Contrary to "in" or "out" only driveway sign
- 204 Driving or riding on footpath 205 On incorrect side of island or median
- 206 Contrary to "no entry" sign 207 In Car Park

- 208 Motor vehicle in cycle lane 209 Bus / Transit lane 210 Cyclist riding on ped-xing / ped signals

VEHICLE CONFLICTS

- 300 Failed to give way

- 301 At Stop sign 302 At Give Way sign 303 When turning to non-turning traffic 304 When deemed turning by markings, not aeometry
- 305 When turning left, to opposing right
- turning traffic 306 To pedestrian on a crossing 307 When turning at signals to pedestrians 308 When entering roadway from driveway
- 309 To traffic approaching or crossing from the
- right
- 310 Failed to give way at one lane bridge / road
 311 Failed to give way to pedestrian on footpath or verge
 312 Entering roadway not from driveway or
- intersection 313 To emergency vehicle 314 Driver waved through

326 At flashing red lights (Rail Xing, Fire Stn

331 Vehicle slowing, stopping or stationary in front

335 Intersection or its Stop / Give Way control336 Other regulatory sign / markings

337 Warning sign 338 Direction, information signs / markings 339 Road-works signs 340 Lane use arrows / markings?

352 Scenery or persons outside vehicle

354 Animal or insect in vehicle 355 Trying to find intersection, house number,

astination 356 Advertising or signs 357 Emotionally upset /road rage 358 Cigarette, radio, heater, AC, glove box, obj under drivers feet/pedals etc

CB radio/ non cell comms device

370 Did not see or look for another party until

371 Behind when reversing / manoeuvring 372 Behind when changing lanes position or

direction (includes U-turns) 373 Behind when pulling out from parked

position 374 Behind when opening door or leaving

vehicle 375 When required to give way to traffic from

another direction 376 When required to give way to pedestrians.

377 When visibility obstructed by other vehicles 378 When visibility limited by roadside features 379 When first in queue on receiving green

321 At stop sign 322 At steady red light 323 At steady red arrow 324 At steady amber light

325 At steady amber arrow

etc) 327 For police or flag-person

330 Inattentive: failed to notice

333 Indication of vehicle in front 334 Traffic lights

341 Obstructions on Roadway

350 Attention diverted by: 351 Passengers

destination

361 Navigation device

363 Driver dazzled

too late

liaht

353 Other traffic

359 Cell phone 360

362

332 Bend in road

328 For school patrol / kea crossing

320 Did not stop

VEHICLES

600 Lights and reflectors at fault or dirty 601 Dazzling headlights

- 602 Headlights inadequate or no headlights 603 Headlights failed suddenly 604 Brake-lights or indicators faulty or not fitted 605 Tail-lights inadequate or no tail-lights
- 606 Reflectors inadequate or no reflectors 607 Lights or reflectors obscured

610 Brakes

- 611 Parking brake failed 612 Parking brake defective 613 Service brake failed
- 614 Service brake defective
- 615 Jack-knifed

620 Steering

- 621 Defective 622 Failed suddenly
- 630 Tyres
- 631 Puncture or blow-out
- 632 Worn tread on tyre
- 633 Incorrect tyre type 634 Mixed treads / space savers

640 Windscreen or mirror

- 641 Shattered windscreen642 Windscreen or rear window dirty
- 643 Rear vision mirror not adjusted correctly 644 No rear vision mirror
- 645 Windscreen or rear window misted/frosted 646 Inadequate or no sun-visors
- 647 Inadequate of no windscreen wipers 648 Cycle / Motorcycle visor, glasses, goggles or screen

650 Mechanical

- 651 Engine failure 652 Transmission failure (including chains and gears)
- 653 Accelerator or throttle jammed

660 Body or chassis

- 661 Body, chassis or frame (cycle, m/c) failure 662 Suspension failure
- 663 Failure of door catch or door not shut
- 664 Inadequate mudguards
- 665 Inadequate tow coupling 666 Inadequate or no safety chain
- 667 Bonnet catch failed
- 668 Wheel off
- 669 Broken axle
- 670 Inconspicuous colour
- 671 Blind spot 672 Seat belt / restraint failed 673 Air-bag failed to inflate (fully)

680 Load

- 681 Load interferes with driver
- 682 Not well secured or load moved 683 Over-hanging
- 684 Load obscured vision
- 685 Excess dimensions not adequately indicated 686 Over dimension vehicle or load
- 687 Load too heavy
- 688 Towed vehicle or trailer too heavy or incompatible

- 690 **Miscellaneous vehicle** 691 Emergency Vehicle attending emergency 692 Vehicle caught fire

 - 693 Being towed 694 Air-bag contributed to crash or injury
 - 695 Seatbelt / restraint absent or unusable 696 Dangerous goods

PEDESTRIANS

on footpath

- 700 Walking along road 701 Not keeping to footpath

 - 702 Not keeping to locipath 703 Not facing oncoming traffic 704 Not on outside of blind curve 705 Wheeled ped inconsiderate or dangerous

- 710 Crossing road 711 Walking heedless of traffic
- 712 Stepping out from behind vehicles
 713 Running heedless of traffic
 714 Failed to use pedestrian crossing when one within 20 metres

840 Signs and signals 841 Damaged, removed or malfunction

851 Faded 852 Difficult to see under weather conditions

853 Markings necessary 854 Not visible due to geometry or vehicles 855 Old markings not adequately removed

864 Pedestrian crossing not adequately lighted

872 Traffic island(s) Ineffective, badly located or

842 Badly located 843 Ineffective or inadequate 844 Necessary 845 Signals turned off

850 Markings

860 Street lighting

862 Inadequate

designed

902 Dazzling sun 903 Strong wind

904 Fog or mist 905 Snow, sleet or hail

unexpected

920 Entering or leaving land use 921 Roadside stall 922 Service station 923 Specialised liquor outlet 924 Take away foods 925 Shopping complex 926 Car parking hulding (area

926 Car parking building / area 927 Other commercial

928 Industrial site 929 Private house / farm

930 Other non-commercial 931 Mobile shop or vendor

999 Unknown

915 Wild animal

MISCELLANEOUS

900 Weather 901 Heavy rain

910 Animals

Glare on wet road

873 Cyclist squeeze point

870 Raised islands and roundabouts

871 Traffic island(s) difficult to see

911 Household pet rushed out or playing 912 Farm animal straying

914 Farm animal attended, but out of control

913 Farm animal attended, but inadequate warning or

861 Failed

- 715 Waiting on roadway for moving traffic 716 Confused by traffic or stepped back 717 Suddenly stepped onto pedestrian crossing
- 718 Not complying with traffic signals or school
- patrols 719 Misjudged speed and / or distance of
- vehicle

720 Miscellaneous

- 721 Pushing, working on or unloading vehicle 722 Playing on road or unnecessarily on road
- 723 Working on road 724 Wearing dark clothing
- 725 Vision obscured by umbrella or clothing 726 Child escaped from supervision

- 727 Unsupervised child 728 Sitting / lying on road 729 Pedestrian to /from school bus 730 Pedestrian behind reversing / manoeuvring vehicle
- 731 Overseas pedestrian 732 Pedestrian attention diverted eg cigarette,
- cell phone, music player

ROAD

- 800 **Slippery** 801 Rain 802 Frost or ice
 - 803 Snow or hail
 - 804 Loose material on seal
 - 805 Mud
 - 806 Oil / Diesel / Fuel 807 Painted markings

813 Deep loose metal 814 High crown

819 Broken glass

830 Visibility limited 831 Curve 832 Crest 833 Building 834 Trees 835 Hedge or fence 836 Scrub or long grass

837 Bank

820 **Obstructed** 821 Fallen tree or branch

822 Slip or subsidence

808 Recently graded 809 Surface bleeding / defective

815 Curve not well banked 816 Edge badly defined or gave way

817 Under construction or maintenance 818 Unusually narrow

823 Flood waters, large puddles, ford 824 Road works not adequately lighted 825 Road works not adequately signposted

838 Temporary obstruction, dust or smoke 839 Parked vehicle

826 Roadside object fell on vehicle 827 Object flicked up by vehicle

810 Surface

811 Potholed 812 Uneven