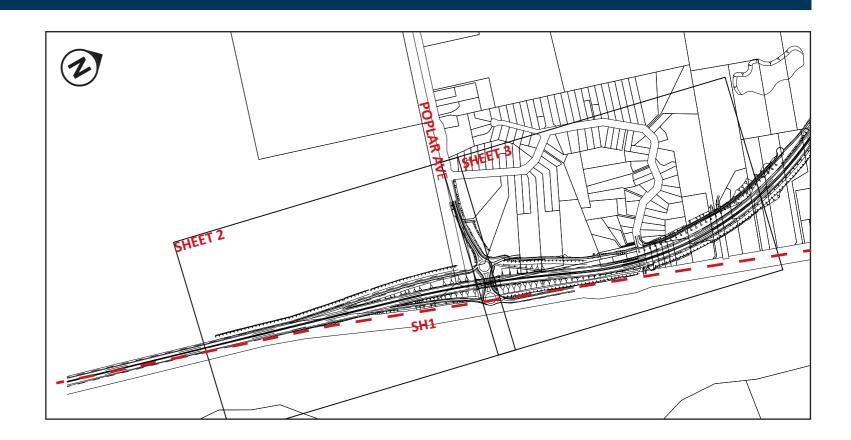
Site Specific Management Plan 001 - [sector 320] MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway

17 DECEMBER 2014 - REV C - CERTIFIED ISSUE





M2PP-121-D-PLNM-0001

SITE SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN - RAUMATI SOUTH [SSMP 1 - SECTOR 320]

For the purposes of the SSMP certification it is assumed that the consent conditions for the MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway, as determined by the Board of Inquiry under Section 149R of the Resource Management Act (1991) will be read in conjunction.

SSMP Exclusions or omissions:

If there are discrepancies between master plans and the detailed planting plans the detailed plans take precedence.

REVISION NO:	DATE:	STATUS:	ISSUED TO:	
REV A	29.08.2014	Draft for review	KCDC	
REV B	10.10.2014	Issue for certification	KCDC	
REV C	17.12.2014	Certification issue	KCDC	

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DRAWING/PAGE TITLE:	DRAWING NUMBER:	DRAWINGS STATUS:	REVISION NO:	DESCRIPTION OF CHANGE:	ISSUED TO:	CERTIFIED BY:	DATE:
SMP 1 [320] - SHEET16 - CWB sign type ummary	M2PP-121-D-DWG-8901	Revision/Update	D	Signs updated to include horse symbol- All CWB signs to be updated as per this sheet	KCDC	MAHU.	3/5/16
SMP 1 [320] - SHEET18 - Type 1 CWB	M2PP-121-D-DWG-8802	New Sheet added	A	CWB entrance structures- design change to precast units. To replace 'gabions' on sheet 14	KCDC	MARY,	3/5/16
SMP 1 [320] - SHEET19 - Te Atiawa Column Design	M2PP-121-D-DWG-8803	New Sheet added	A	Page added to illustrate Te Atlawa design to be applied to Poplar bridge columns (sand blasted etching)	KCDC	TAPA	3/5/16
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MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway-Site Specific Management Plan - Raumati South [SSMP 1 - Sector 320]

Certified Issue Rev C, 17 December 2004 M2PP-121-D-MPL-0001

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SITE SPECIFIC MANAGEMENT PLAN RAUMATI SOUTH (SSMP 1-320)

For the purposes of the SSMP certification it is assumed that the consent conditions for the MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway, as determined by the Board of Inquiry under Section 149R of the Resource Management Act (1991) will be read in conjunction.

1. SSMP CERTIFICATION DETAILS		Signature	Date
A. PREPARED BY M2PP ALLIANCE:	Boyden Evans (Landscape Architect)	Bun	710,14
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	Malory Osmond (Compliance Manager)	me	9/10/14
C. CERTIFICATION	Andrew Guerin (XCDC) [Reviewed by Julia Williams, Landscape, KCDC and Deyana Popova Urban Design, KCDC]	Ø.	15/12/14

1A.REVISION HISTORY			
REVISION No	DATE	STATUS	ISSUED TO
Rev A	29.08.2014	Draft for review	KCDC
Rev B	10.10.2014	Issue for certification	KCDC
Rev C	17.12.2014	Certified Issue	KCDC

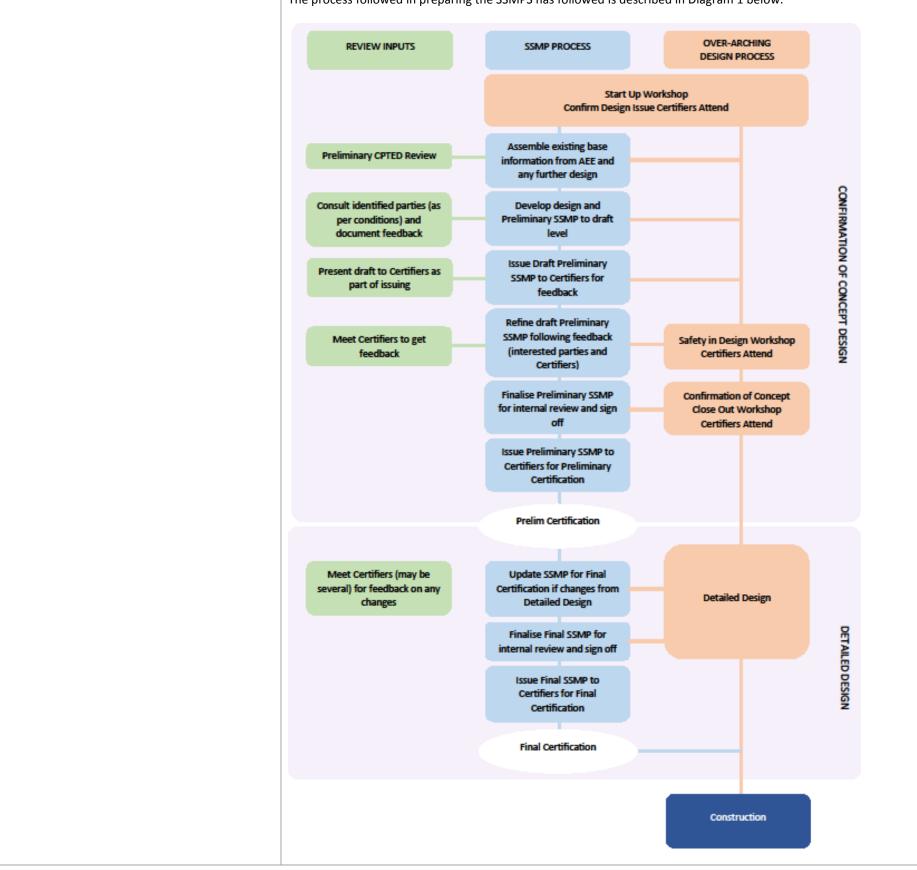
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2. INTRODUCTION	
D. PURPOSE	The consent conditions for the MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway, as determined by the Board of Inquiry under Section 149R of the Resource Management Act (1991), set out the matters to be covered in the Site Specific Management Plans (SSMP).
	A total of 11 SSMPs will be prepared that address all the required sectors of the Expressway. The level of detail in the SSMP varies according to whether landscape, ecology or urban design aspects are being addressed and the nature of the environment the Expressway traverses at any particular point.
	The purpose the SSMP is to assist the implementation of the applicable management plans by providing site specific detailed design and construction responses to address specific context and environmental conditions and circumstances of each applicable sector of the route and in accordance with the staging identified in the programme. Each SSMP must be consistent with, and be implemented in accordance with, the respective Management Plan and consent conditions.
	This document (including Appendix 1 Plans) incorporates three interrelated SSMPs, covering landscape, urban design, and the cycle, walking and bridleway (CWB). The intention of combining these SSMPs is to ensure integration between all disciplines, maximise the benefits of mitigation works within each sector and to reduce reporting and monitoring requirements. The consent conditions (DC.64) also require the preparation of a Network Integration Plan (NIP). This SSMP shall address the requirements of DC.64 a) and b) ii) as they relate to the details of the CWB. Note: this SSMP does not include any areas of ecological mitigation works as part of the Site Specific Ecological Management Plan (SSEMP) requirements, although it does take into account consideration of ecological loss or modification of areas of valued habitat.
	SSMPs are to be prepared in consultation with various stakeholders including iwi, interest and residents' groups as directed by conditions. Appendix 2 describes the matters raised in consultation and the responses made.
	The SSMPs have been prepared through an iterative process to allow discussion between the Alliance and certifiers. This has included further advancement of design in response to feedback on the preliminary issue. The aim will be to establish and agree as much of the landscape, ecology, urban design and CWB design through the initial 'confirmation of design' phase (refer to section D below) to give the best possible definition to the Project design elements as early as possible.
E. GENERAL PROJECT DESCRIPTION	This SSMP covers the area of the Expressway including the Poplar Avenue interchange and north to Leinster Avenue. This SSMP addresses the following;
REFER APPENDIX 1 SHEETS 1, -7	 Two span split deck bridge over Poplar Avenue, supported by two columns per deck, (four columns based in Poplar Ave road median). Spill through bridge abutments faced with exposed stone precast panel adjacent to Poplar Avenue. Two roundabouts to connect northbound off ramp (west) and southbound on ramp (east) to form a partial interchange. CWB begins at the western roundabout of the Poplar Ave interchange, and joins to a link running parallel to Poplar Avenue from Leinster Road intersection.
	 CWB will be lit. Closure of access from Leinster Road to existing SH1. Design details relating to the end of Leinster Road are not part of this SSMP and will be addressed in SSMP 2 (Sectors 330-350).
	 Upgrading and extension of an existing culvert under Poplar Avenue (Culvert 8), a small tributary drain of the Whareroa Stream. Riparian planting in the watercourse beyond the riprap at the culvert headwall. Massed planting of Expressway embankments and roundabouts. Expressway emergency turn around west roundabout. Tie-ins to existing SH1 and Poplar Avenue.
	 Planted stormwater swales. Creation of planted earth noise bund, starting south of Leinster Avenue and continuing north into sector 330 (SSMP2).
F. SSMP EXISTING AREA DESCRIPTION REFER APPENDIX 1 SHEETS 2 &3 AND ULDF SECTION 3.10	 The southern end of the route is located at the toe of the Raumati Escarpment, on the eastern edge of Queen Elizabeth Park (QE Park). QE Park, a GWRC regional park, occupies the full width of the coastal plain and dunelands and is recognised as forming part of an important open space link comprising an area of continuous and mostly unmodified dunes between the coast and the foothills of the Tararua Range. Historically, this area was subject to extensive swamp drainage. This area of the Park is dominated by grazed pasture with patches of gorse, wet pasture and rushland, and rows of semi mature manuka associated with some of the drains. An operational clean fill site with access off Poplar Avenue is located at the northern end of the Park just west of the Expressway embankment. The Raumati Escarpment provides a strongly defined eastern edge to the sand plain with its steep, semi-vegetated slopes contrasting with the flat openness of the coastal plain. The Escarpment is protected as a reserve and is identified as an Outstanding Natural Landscape and listed as a Significant Natural Area in the KCDC District Plan. Large areas of remnant and regenerating native forest cover much of the escarpment, interspersed with large areas of shrubland and rank grassland.
	 QE Park has a distinctive rural character, and is quite different to the character of the SH1/NIMT rail corridor situated at the toe of the escarpment. The Leinster Avenue residential community is located to the west of this sector, with most of the residences separated from the Expressway by mature trees and distances of more than 100m. The exception to this is six dwellings within 100m of the Expressway on the south side of Leinster Road.

G. PROCESS

DIAGRAM 1 – SSMP DEVELOPMENT PROCESS

The process followed in preparing the SSMPS has followed is described in Diagram 1 below.



MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway- Site Specific Management Plan 1 Raumati South Certified Issue - Rev C: 17 Decemberr 2014 M2PP-121-D-MPL-0001 4

H. CONDITIONS OF CONSENT	General
[SUMMARY]	• Requirement to develop Site Specific Management Plans (SSMPs) for landscape and urban design purposes (DC.7), ecological purposes (G.42C), and CWB (DC.59A g).
	Landscape
	• Condition DC57(f) lists the matters to be provided and in summary includes:
	 Vegetation to be retained;
	 Vegetation protection measures;
	 Proposed Planting (including the stages)
	- Fernbird habitat created;
	- Maintenance standards;
	- Detailed specifications;
	- A maintenance regime;
	- Landscape treatment of any noise barriers;
	- Landscape treatment for pedestrian and cycle facilities.
	Ecology
	• An SSEMP is not required for SSMP 1, although this SSMP takes into account areas of identified ecological value.
	Urban Design
	• Condition DC.59A e) requires SSUDPs to be prepared for locations where the Expressway interacts with local vehicular and non-vehicular pedestrian/cyclist movement. For SSMP 1the locations include: (i) Poplar Avenue
	 DC.59A f) lists the matters to be provided and in summary includes detailed design of for the benefit of pedestrians, cyclists and others: Lighting;
	 Footpath and on-road cycle lane design (1.5m on road and 2.0m footpaths);
	- Safe crossing points for CWB;
	 Visual treatment of structures and landscape (retailing walls, noise mitigation structures and landforms);
	 Local property access; Landscape treatment (LMP and SSMLPs);
	 Bridge piers and abutment design (location of piers, scale and materials);
	- Signage;
	• ConditionDC.59A g) requires preparation of a SSUDP for the Cycleway, Walkway and Bridleway (CWB) path network and include:
	- Final alignment and form of CWB.
	- Provision for a 3.0m wide two-way path
	- Connections
	- Boardwalks;
	- Lighting, safety provisions for crossing of local roads
	- CPTED review.
	• In addition, SSMP 1 shall consider the following in relation to Condition 59A i) i):
	Poplar Avenue Interchange;
	1. Legibility of the cycle and walking network, recognising the location adjacent to Queen Elizabeth Park and the start of the Expressway CWB.
	2. Signage locations to recognize the likely scale and number of signs necessary to identify and regulate movement around the intersection.
	MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway- Site :

Network Integration Plan
Condition DC.64 a) in relation to the CWB;
Condition DC.64 b) ii) in relation to lighting.
• The preparation of the SSLMP and SSUDP (under Conditions DC.57 e), DC.57A, G42 d) and DC.59A j)) requires consultation with the following
- Te Āti Awa ki Whakarongotai;
- Te Runagna O ToaRangatira Inc., where construction works are located within or directly adjacent to QE Park.
- Kāpiti Coast District Council (KCDC).
- Greater Wellington Regional Council (GWRC), where construction works are located within or directly adjacent to QE Park.
- Friends of QE Park.
- Kāpiti Cycling Incorporated and the Implementation Group of the Kāpiti Coast District Council Advisory on Cycleways, Walkways and Bric
CWB and any cycle or pedestrian connections.
- Raumati South Resident's Association
- Relevant Landscape focus areas DC 57A a) Detailed below;
SSMP 1 contains one Landscape Focus Area
When developing landscape design solutions as part of preparing the SSLMPs, the Requiring Authority shall undertake consultation with
properties are located close to the Expressway in the following Landscape Focus Areas (identified for their sensitivity to visual effects):
iv) Leinster Avenue

ng parties:

ridleways in respect of the

ith residents whose

4. URBAN DESIGN	CONDITIONS – URBAN DESIGN	RESPONSES – URBAN DESIGN
A. LIGHTING REFER APPENDIX 1 Sheets 11-13 B. CWB REFER TO APPENDIX 1 SHEETS 2-6, 13-16, ALSO	DC.59 f) i) Lighting for the benefit of pedestrians and cyclists DC.64 a), b), ii) DC.59A f) ii) and iii) and DC59A g), DC.59A i) xi) and DC.57 c)	 The CWB where it runs parallel to Poplar Avenue will be lit by the Poplar Avenue street lightin of the road. From the Poplar Avenue interchange north the CWB will be lit by overhead lights. Street lighting and architectural lighting will be installed under the Poplar Avenue bridge. The Expressway and ramps will be lit over the extent of the interchange, including on and off r spacing will enable the Expressway bridge to be lit from either end with no light poles required itself. The luminaire detail for all of the above lighting will be finalised for the whole project as part of A link to the CWB begins at the intersection of Poplar Ave and Leinster Road, running parallel This section of CWB will effectively tie into KCDC's future plans for developing Poplar Ave with
REFER TO CPTED REVIEW COMMENTS	 DC.64 a), b), ii). Footpath and on road cycle lane on-road (2.0m and 1.5m) Intersection of the CWB and Local Roads to be safe for crossing Alignment of CWB Provision for a 3.0 m wide two way path that is generally parallel with Expressway Locations for connections (immediate and future) Boardwalks Lighting and safety provisions for local road crossings CPTED review 	to QE park cycle way entrance at Matai Road (to the west) path that runs the length of Poplar not be a CWB 'entrance' with gabion blocks etc at the point where the path begins at the corn Leinster Ave. From the interchange, the CWB follows the Expressway on the western side to 1 this sector ends) and beyond. CWB comprises a formed 3.0 m wide chipseal and where practicable a grass verge of up to 1.0 riders, on the non-expressway side of the sealed path. The CWB is designed to provide access vehicles, although this use will be very infrequent. A 1.5m shoulder will be provided on Poplar Ave to Accommodate cyclists, A 4.5m carriageway shoulder will be provided under the Expressway between the two roundabouts. Provision is being made for a 'southern gateway entrance' to the CWB, near the western roun interchange. This will at least incorporate the low gabion barriers as being used at other entra area with space for informal seating and provision for signage 'kiosk'. Details of southern gate consultation. There is no formed footpath under the Poplar Avenue bridge, as discussed and agreed with KC 5.0m wide berm between the kerb and bridge abutment allows for a footpath either side of the There are no local road crossings for the CWB in this sector. Planting will generally be kept at low heights adjacent to the CWB to maintain sightlines along An initial CPTED review of the project identified the key design considerations: • No tall elements that could create 'outside rooms' or places to hide. • Clear sight lines at intersections. • Ensure clear views to the exits of CWB. • Remove tall vegetation from CWB intersections • Low planting adjacent to CWB (3-5m wide strip for the majority of the CWB) and at b • The 'tagability' of surface materials. A CPTED assessment of this SSMP has subsequently been completed and considers the design requirements.
C. RETAINING WALLS AND NOISE MITIGATION STRUCTURES	DC.59A f) iv) Retaining wall structures, in terms of their scale, and materials and noise mitigation structures and	A 600m section of earth noise bund will be constructed to provide noise attenuation for the r starting approximately 150m south of Leinster Road, and continuing north into Sector 330 (SS be planted with mixed indigenous vegetation to minimize the landscape and visual effects. MacKays to Pe

lighting on the north side lights.
ge.
nd off ramps. Light pole equired on the bridge
s part of detailed design.
arallel to Poplar Avenue. ve with a CWB connection Poplar Avenue. There will he corner of Poplar and ide to Leinster Road (where
p to 1.0m wide for horse access for maintenance
ageway and 2x0.5m
rn roundabout at the er entrances, Flat Grassed rn gateway subject to
with KCDC. However, the de of the road in the future.
s along the CWB.
nd at bridge abutments.
design meets the CTPTED
or the residential area 330 (SSMP2). This bund will

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REFER TO APPENDIX 1 SHEETS 9&10	landforms in terms of their fit in the landscape and visual treatment.	There are no noise walls, or road barriers designed for noise mitigation located in this SSN There are no retaining walls located in this sector.
D. LOCAL PROPERTY ACCESS REFER TO APPENDIX 1 SHEET 3	DC.59A f) v) Local property access to provide for existing and future needs	Provision for future access to a potentially landlocked property has been made via a grass from the eastern end of Leinster Avenue (Refer SHEET 3).
E. BRIDGE ABUTMENTS REFER TO APPENDIX 1 SHEET 7 AND APPENDIX 3	DC.59A f) iv) Bridge piers and abutments design to address the location of piers and the treatment of abutments to address their scale and materials.	 Detail of the Poplar Avenue overbridge design is outlined in Appendix 3. Appendix 3 also any design changes to the overpass since NOR /AEE documentation. The bridge consists of two separate decks each supported by two columns, grounded in the median, (4 columns in total). The abutments are inclined at 1v:2h from a 1.0m high vertical toe wall. The bridge abutm precast exposed aggregate panels. A 300mm wide concrete vertical border between the precast exposed aggregate panels. A 300mm wide concrete vertical border between the precast exposed aggregate panels. A 300mm wide concrete vertical border between the precast exposed aggregate panels. A 300mm wide concrete vertical border between the precast exposed aggregate panels. A solution and improve visual amenity in this area. 5.0m wide berms are proposed between the road kerb and the abutment toe. These bern compacted Kapiti Blue gravel chip in all areas under the bridge deck footprints. Outside or berms will be grassed. These berms have been designed to provide sufficient space for for future. A light shaft from the gap between the split bridge decks will also contribute to the visual bridge. Architectural lighting will be provided under the bridge.
F. OTHER CONDITIONS	 DC 59A i) :In addition, SSMP 1 shall consider the following i) Poplar Avenue Interchange; 3. Legibility of the cycle and walking network, recognising the location adjacent to Queen Elizabeth Park and the start of the Expressway CWB. 4. Signage locations to recognize the likely scale and number of signs necessary to identify and regulate movement around the intersection. 	 Refer comments in B. CWB above. Signage will be designed to meet safety and route information requirements. Ref and 16

5. LANDSCAPE + ECOLOGY	CONDITIONS – LANDSCAPE + ECOLOGY	RESPONSES – LANDSCAPE + ECOLOGY
A. DUNES AND DRYLAND VEGETATION REFER TO APPENDIX 1 SHEETS 2, 3, M2PP-32R-D- DWG-8701 to 8704 and M2PP-23R-D-DWG-8904	Condition DC.57 f) specifies exotic trees to be retained.	There are no identified valued areas of terrestrial indigenous vegetation within this SSMP. Exotic trees to be retained are identified on the 'Vegetation to be Retained' plan.
	Re-shaping of dune landforms disturbed by construction of the Expressway.	

SMP area.
ssed strip, extending south
o outlines the extent of
the Poplar Avenue road
ments will be faced with panels.
the expressway
erms will be surfaced with e of the bridge decks, all footpaths if required in the
al amenity under the
al amenity under the efer signage SHEETS 15

B. STREAMS AND RIPARIAN WORKS	Condition G.42 b) requires specific lengths of stream mitigation.	There are no areas of ecological mitigation, (stream diversions or ecological riparian plane SSMP area.
C. WETLANDS	Condition G.42 b) requires specific areas of wetland mitigation.	There are no wetland ecological mitigation requirements within this SSMP area.
D. SALVAGE	Condition G.34 m) sets out the salvage requirements for vegetation in SSMP 5.	There are no salvage requirements within this SSMP.
E. VEGETATION TO BE RETAINED REFER TO APPENDIX 1 – M2PP-32R-D-DWG-8701 to 8704	Conditions: DC.57 f) i) and DC.42C c) i) and G.34m) – identification of vegetation to be retained. Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.21 to 8.28 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures: Pre-construction. Ecological Management Plan, sections 7.1 to 7.18.	There are no identified areas of valued indigenous vegetation that require consideration v Vegetation to be retained plans have been certified by KCDC. Exotic trees to be retained a 'Vegetation to be Retained' plans.
F. VEGETATION TO BE CLEARED REFER TO APPENDIX 1 – M2PP-32R-D-DWG-8701 to 8704	Conditions: DC.57 f) i) and DC.42C c) i) identification of vegetation to be removed. Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.21 to 8.28 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures: Pre-construction. Ecological Management Plan, sections 7.1 to 7.18.	 Project Ecologist and Project Landscape Architect to provide briefing to Constructors prior and protection work commencing; briefing to identify any hold points during vegetation co of the vegetation has already been cleared in this SSMP area in accordance with the certif Retention Plans and with ecological and landscape supervision. Vegetation to be mulched and stockpiled shall exclude aggressive weed species that could ongoing management problems (e.g. blackberry, gorse, <i>Convolvulus</i>, and willows). As out area includes large areas of gorse – although this species does not require ongoing manage Stored mulch to be periodically inspected for evidence of aggressive weed species and if p appropriate herbicide. The Project Ecologist/Project Landscape Architect shall observe any removal or modificative vegetation.
G. INDIGENOUS FAUNA	Conditions G.34 n) and the EMP (Appendix 3, section 7) - freshwater fish requirements for diversions and culverts in perennial and intermittent water bodies (including drains). There are no other requirements for rare or threatened fauna within this SSMP area.	 Within this SSMP there is one culvert located within a perennial or intermittent stream the of fish passage/fish rescue as follows: Culvert 8 – Whareroa Drain tributary (upgrade of an existing culvert under Poplar . Immediately prior to any stream reclamation process / diversion / culvert installation, the reclaimed shall be isolated and fish present will be safely captured for translocation by acceptorided in the EMP. Prior to livening of the new culvert, an extensive fish capture and removal will be required EMP. At least 5 working days prior to the livening of the new culvert, a plan for capture at be finalised and provided to GWRC in accordance with the EMP. All fish that are captured shall be transferred upstream to the nearest equivalent habitat t any increased turbidity that is caused during the stream reclamation process / diversion /
H. LANDFORMS REFER TO APPENDIX 1 SHEETS 2, 3, 4, 5, 6	Condition DC.57 c) - SSLMPs shall be consistent with the Landscape Management Plan, ULDF (Technical Report 5), the Ecological Management Plan, the relevant Site Specific Urban Design Plan, and the Network Integration Plan as relevant.	The SSMP 1 Designation corridor is relatively narrow with the Expressway earthworks foot the space. The Poplar Avenue interchange will occupy much of the designation. The peat is removed for the overpass and expressway embankments preloaded. 'Brown rock' has been used for preloading and some of this material will remain in place of embankments. Refer cross section on Sheet 4.

anting areas), within this	
n within this SSMP.	
d are also identified on the	
or to vegetation clearance	
clearance process. Much tified Vegetation	
uld result in potential utlined earlier, this SSMP	
agement.	
f present sprayed with	
ation of indigenous	
that require consideration	
ar Avenue).	
ne section of stream to be accepted methods as	
ed in accordance with the and relocation of fish will	
t to limit their exposure to / culvert installation.	
otprint occupying much of It in this area has been	
on the Expressway	

		In other areas where there is organic material (i.e. the limited topsoil development) shall be stockpiled separately for future use. Contract documentation and the Landscape Specificat provides details on topsoil stripping and storage.
		All exposed areas shall be temporarily protected in accordance with the approved constru limit erosion from wind and rain and also to minimise dust issues in adjoining properties.
I. WETLAND CREATION AND RESTORATION	Condition G. 41 c) ii)	N/A There are no ecological mitigation requirements within this SSEMP.
J. STREAM CREATION AND RESTORATION	Condition G.42 and G.42C	N/A There are no ecological mitigation requirements within this SSEMP.
K. CULVERT INSTALLATION	The Whareoa Drain tributary is a small tributary of	Culvert installation shall require the following in all culverts that require fish passage:
REFER TO APPENDIX 1 SHEETS 2 & 3	 the Whareroa Stream, a regionally significant stream listed in the Regional Freshwater Plan. The Whareroa Drain has its outlet within QE Park. Only one culvert in this SSMP requires fish passage and associated fish rescue: Culvert 8 – replacement of an existing 25 m long culvert (450 mm diameter) under Poplar Ave with a new 33.5 metre long (525mm diameter) culvert. Several smaller flow balancing culverts are required in SSMP 1 that do not have fish passage or fish rescue requirements. 	 Culverts shall not constrict the flow such that velocities are increased to more than 0.3 ensure fish passage for existing freshwater fish species is retained. Entrance and exit of culverts shall be below the stream invert, and ensure any hard su steps etc) do not affect flow and swimming passage. During construction special attention shall be given to the protection of native fish wit stream being culverted. Where the existing channel is to be lost or drained as part of culvert installation, fish c be required prior to water loss in accordance with the EMP (Appendix 3 of EMP). As far as practicable, Culvert 8 shall be constructed either by installing a diversion arou installing the culvert in the dry channel, or by constructing the culverts adjacent to the diverting water into the culvert on completion. Culvert installation shall be supervised through the construction phase (and sign-off) by Project Hydrologist. Briefing at the outset of construction to contractors by Project Ecologist.
L. MITIGATION PLANTING REFER TO APPENDIX 1 – SHEETS 2 & 3 AND M2PP- 32R-D-DWG-8701 to 8704	Conditions DC.57 f) - Landscape mitigation requirements -	 There are four planting types within this SSMP required for landscape and visual mitigation. <i>Massed planting:</i> Planting plans illustrate typical planting layout and species compositina a mix of 0.5 and 1.0 litre grades planted at 1.0m centres. <i>Stormwater and riparian wetland species mix: (not for offset ecological mitigation):</i> proposed layout and species mix. Plant grades will be a mix of 0.5 and 1.0 litre (or equire 0.75m centres. Planted swales: Stormwater swales will be planted with oioi (<i>Apodasmia similis</i>). <i>Grass:</i> low grow grass mix along edge of Expressway to make good and to tie in with elandscape and ecological success mitigation planting requirements and approvals are cover SSMP.
M. PLANTING METHODS AND SPECIFICATIONS	DC 57 f) - planting methods and specifications Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.41 – 8.59	Planting shall be undertaken during 3 month planting window only (beginning June until the Planting may be carried out during a 2- week shoulder period either side of this but it will
REFER TO APPENDIX 4	and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures: Pre-construction and Construction.	environmental conditions. No planting shall be undertaken outside the June-August plant approved by Project Landscape Architect.
		Planting substrate shall be a minimum of 300mm deep, consolidated, and free from rilling mulch placement.
		MacKays

l be stripped and
cations (Appendix 4)

truction methodology to s.

0.3m -1.0m per second to

substrates (head wall,

vithin any section of

capture and transfer will

round the work area and the stream and then

Project Ecologist and

ken with Regional Council.

tion as follows:

osition. Plant grades will be

n): Planting plans illustrate equivalent) planted at

existing cover.

overed in Section V of this

I the end of August). ill depend on inting window unless

ng and erosion before

		On embankments formed of 'brown rock' that will be planted a minimum of 1.0m of soil r
		Organic mulch shall be placed over the area to be planted at least 2 weeks prior to plantin settlement. Note: organic mulch shall not be used within the areas of stormwater treatme temporary or permanent inundation. For these areas, alternative plant protection techniq staking and proprietary matting mechanisms).
		No planting shall be undertaken until site is approved by Project Landscape Architect to be plant species. Planting shall be delayed in areas where aggressive pest plants are detected removed or sufficiently controlled.
		Plant supplier to confirm all plants are well hardened off prior to planting.
		Species composition shall be in accordance with species percentages.
		All indigenous plant set out and groupings to be random, but reflecting natural assemblag Landscape for the relevant mitigation requirements.
		Plant selection shall take into account engineering and service constraints.
		All planted areas shall be temporarily fenced to assist with plant protection.
	Conditions: DC.57 f) vii) B - weed control and	All invasive plants shall be controlled in planting areas prior to planting in accordance with
N. WEED CLEARANCE	clearance.	Pest Management Strategy (2002-22) and as directed by the Project Landscape Architect
REFER TO APPENDIX 4	Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.16	areas.
	to 8.20 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures: Pre-construction and Construction.	
O. GROUND PREPARATION	Condition DC.57 f)	All areas to be planted shall be sprayed with a certified and approved herbicide.
REFER TO APPENDIX 4	Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.35	
	to 8.40 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures: Pre-construction and Construction.	All areas to be planted shall be free of actively growing grass, weeds, and any extraneous
		Any localised drilling or erosion of planted areas shall be remedied prior to placement of a
		Project Landscape Architect to approve all finished earthwork areas prior to placement of
		Project Landscape Architect to approve an infished earthwork areas prior to placement of
		Approved soil mix comprising salvaged peat, stripped topsoil, sand and compost shall be p
		compacted to a depth of 300mm over other areas to be planted. In areas where 'brown ro fill (rather than sand) the topsoil/growing media shall be 1.0m thick.
P. MULCHING	Condition DC.57 f)	100mm of organic mulch shall be placed lightly over all areas to be planted (with the exce
REFER TO APPENDIX 4	Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.41 – 8.59 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and	permanently inundated areas as outlined above).
	Procedures: Pre-construction and Construction.	Mulch shall be left for 2 weeks to settle prior to commencement of any planting.
Q. PLANT SUPPLY	Condition DC.57 f)	All indigenous plants shall be sourced from Manawatu Ecological Region, with a focus on t
REFER TO APPENDIX 4	Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.41 –	District.
	8.59 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures: Pre-construction and Construction.	All plants shall be hardened off prior to planting.
R. PLANTING PROGRAMME / STAGING	Condition DC.57 f) Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.41 –	Planting shall be staged according to completion of construction works.
	8.59 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures: Pre-construction and Construction.	No planting shall be carried out in areas where there is a risk of damage from adjoining co
		Construction Manager shall confirm areas where construction is completed and area is rea
		MacKays

il mix will be spread.
ting to allow for ment that are subject to niques will be used (e.g.
be free of aggressive pest ted until these are
ages as directed by Project
ith the GWRC Regional ct for landscape mitigation
us material removed.
f approved soil mix.
of approved soil mix.
e placed and lightly rock' is used as structural
ception of temporarily or
n the Foxton Ecological

construction activities.

ready for planting.

MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway- Site Specific Management Plan 1 Raumati South Certified Issue - Rev C: 17 Decemberr 2014 M2PP-121-D-MPL-0001 11

		Planting shall be completed only within June-August planting window unless otherwise approved by Project Landscape Architect.
		All areas to be planted shall be photographed and details recorded to form part of baseline information.
S. PLANT MAINTENANCE REFER TO APPENDIX 4	Condition DC.57 f) Refer: Landscape Management Plan, sections 8.60 – 8.62 and Attachment 2: Principles, Methods and	All planted areas shall be photographed on completion of planting and details recorded to be included as part of baseline information.
	Procedures: Post-Construction.	Terrestrial planting, both indigenous and exotic shall be maintained for 3 years.
		Planting shall be maintained according to the maintenance plan as set out in the Landscape specifications (Appendix 4).
		Monitoring reports on plant survival and establishment and the frequency and success of the maintenance regime shall be completed by the Project Landscape Architect (in consultation with the Project Ecologist in relation to riparian planting) as follows: 1 month after planting completed and then 3 months
		 6 months 12 months 2 years; and Twice yearly thereafter until the end of the maintenance period.
		Monitoring reports shall include dates of visits, condition of vegetation, condition of fencing, issues arising, actions required, together with photographs.
		Monitoring reports on completion shall be provided to KCDC Landscape Reviewer.
		Monitoring reports shall cease to be prepared for those areas where the performance standards have been met ahead of the maintenance period.
T. PEST PLANT MANAGEMENT	DC.57 f) – control of pest plants.	Weed surveys shall be carried out annually in spring to track the introduction of weeds and their spread and to
REFER TO APPENDIX 4		recommend appropriate management in accordance with the GWRC Regional Pest Management Strategy (2002-22).
U. PEST ANIMAL MANAGEMENT	DC.57 f), control of pest animals.	Pest monitoring shall be carried out annually in spring to track the introduction of browsing animal pests and their
REFER TO APPENDIX 4		spread and to recommend appropriate management in accordance with the GWRC Regional Pest Management Strategy (2002-22).
V. PROTECTION REQUIREMENTS	Condition DC.57 c) – temporary and permanent	Temporary fences shall be erected as part of the protection of valued vegetation to be retained.
REFER TO APPENDIX 4	protection.	All areas of landscape mitigation planting within the operational designation shall be fenced following planting, maintained and protected in accordance with the consent conditions as outlined in the LMP.
SUCCESS MONITORING – POST CONSTRUCTION requirements to confirm landscape and ecologic mitigation success has been achieved are as foll (as outlined in the LMP): DC.53 c), DC.57 f) - 3 year Defects Liability and Maintenance Period for all terrestrial planting and	DC. 57 c) - monitoring and adaptive management requirements to confirm landscape and ecological mitigation success has been achieved are as follows (as outlined in the LMP):	 In relation to landscape mitigation planting, success measures are as follows: 80% canopy closure at the time of Final Completion whereby a sustainable plant community has been established and where plants have grown to create a canopy that shades the ground and suppresses weed growth.
	Maintenance Period for all terrestrial planting and a 4 year Defects Liability and Maintenance Period for	Invasive terrestrial weed species successfully controlled.
	DC. 57 c) - at the completion of planting, each area of mitigation will be reviewed by the Project	MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway- Site S

	Landscape Architect and a report prepared on the parameters above.	
X. ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT – POST CONSTRUCTION	Condition DC.57 c) – adaptive management and condition	In the event that mitigation planting does not achieve the objectives within the consent the Landscape Architect will prepare a report, including recommendations for remedial work of and ongoing monitoring and reporting through the Adaptive Management process.

	6. REFERENCES	•	Landscape Management Plan (LMP), July 2013
		•	Urban and Landscape Design Framework, Technical Report 5, MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway
		•	Assessment of Landscape and Visual Effects, including Appendices A and B, Technical Report 7

t timeframes, the Project rk or additional mitigation,

Appendix 1: DRAWING SET Site Specific Management Plan 001 - [sector 320] MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway

17 DECEMBER 2014 - REV C - CERTIFIED ISSUE



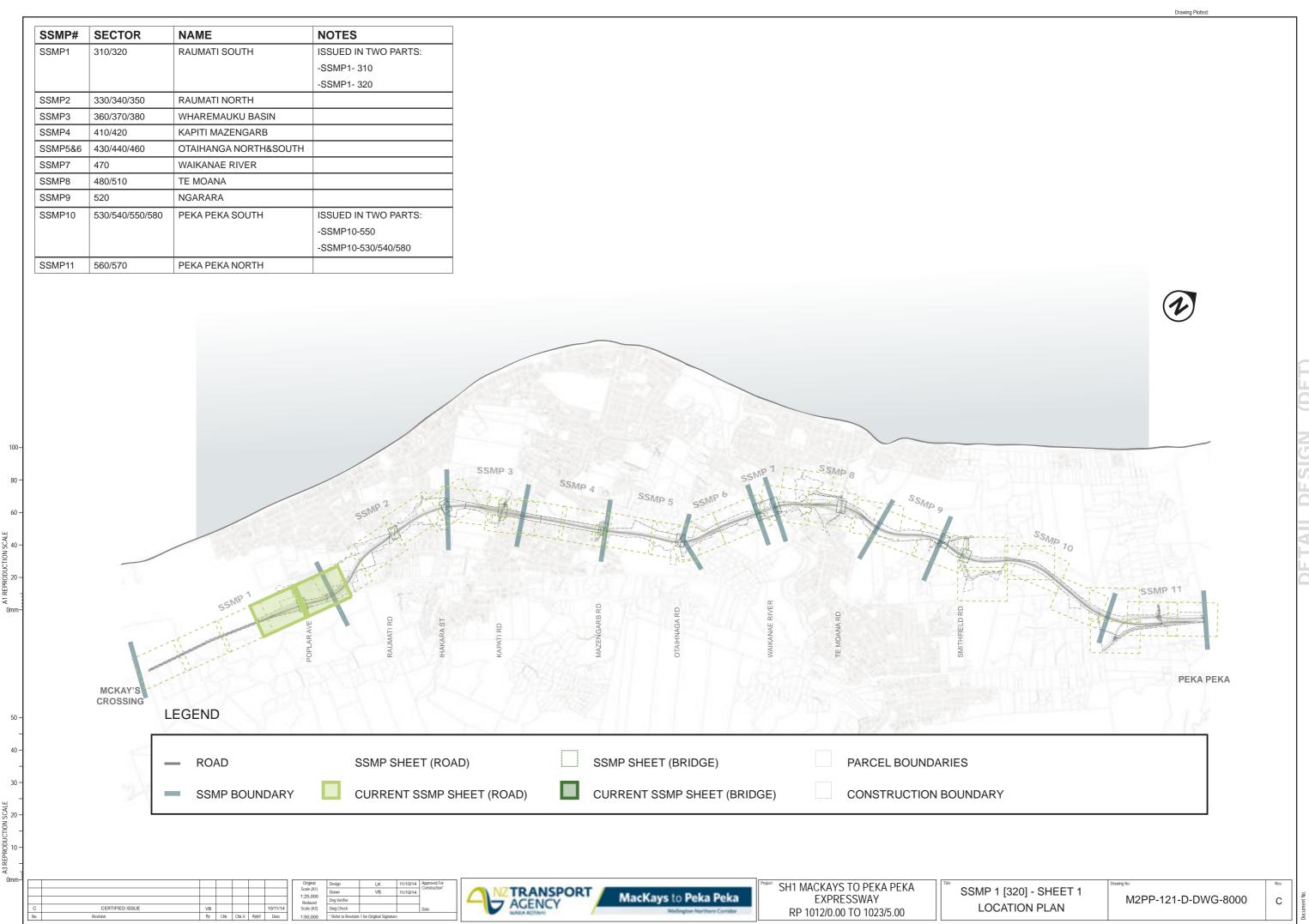


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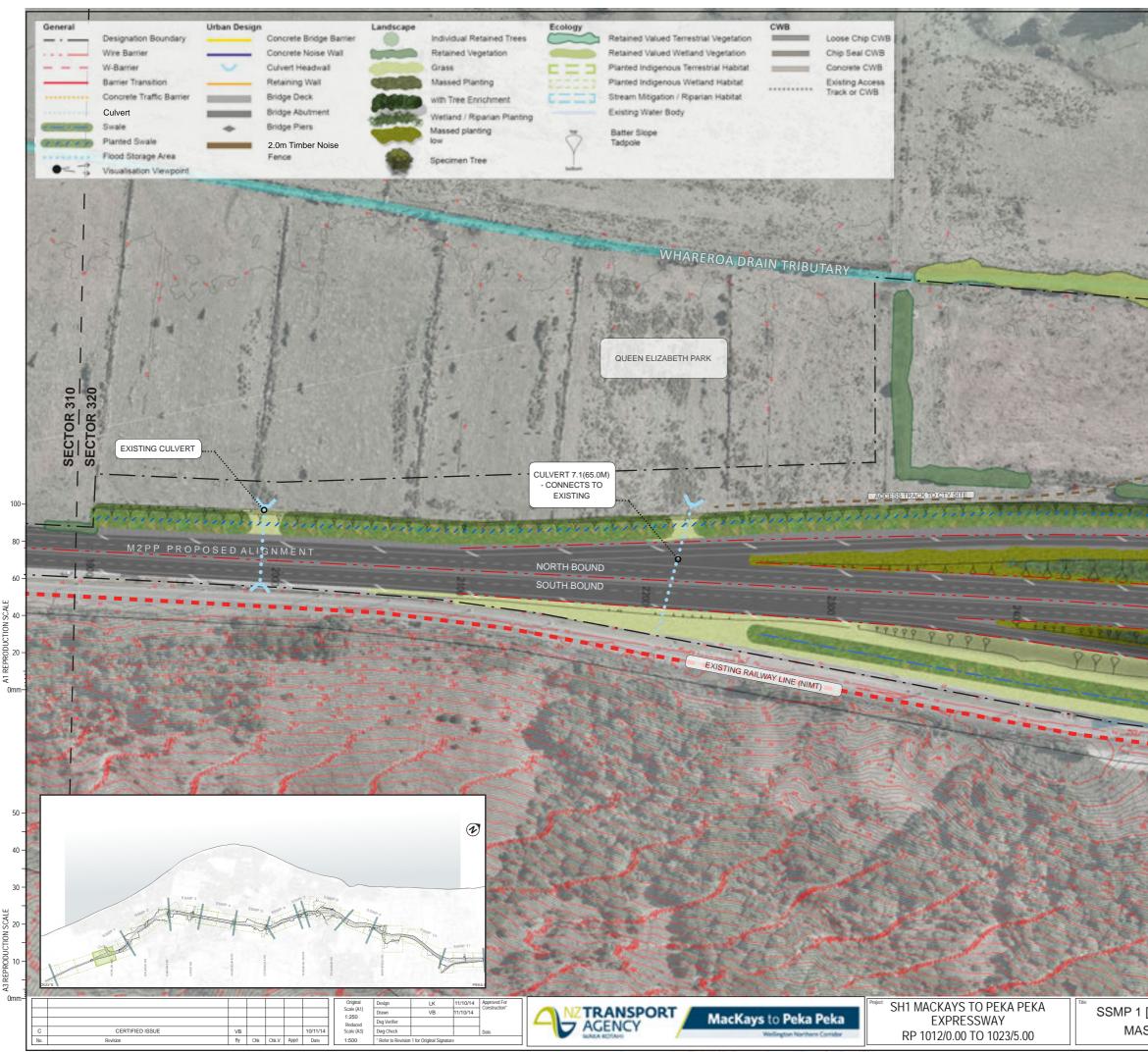
SSMP#	SECTOR	NAME	NOTES			
SSMP1	310/320	RAUMATI SOUTH	ISSUED IN TWO PARTS:			
			-SSMP1- 310			
			-SSMP1- 320			
SSMP2	330/340/350	RAUMATI NORTH				
SSMP3	360/370/380	WHAREMAUKU BASIN				
SSMP4	410/420	KAPITI MAZENGARB				
SSMP5&6	430/440/460	OTAIHANGA NORTH&SOUTH				
SSMP7	470	WAIKANAE RIVER				
SSMP8	480/510	TE MOANA				
SSMP9	520	NGARARA				
SSMP10	530/540/550/580	PEKA PEKA SOUTH	ISSUED IN TWO PARTS			
			-SSMP10-550			
			-SSMP10-530/540/580			
SSMP11	560/570	PEKA PEKA NORTH				

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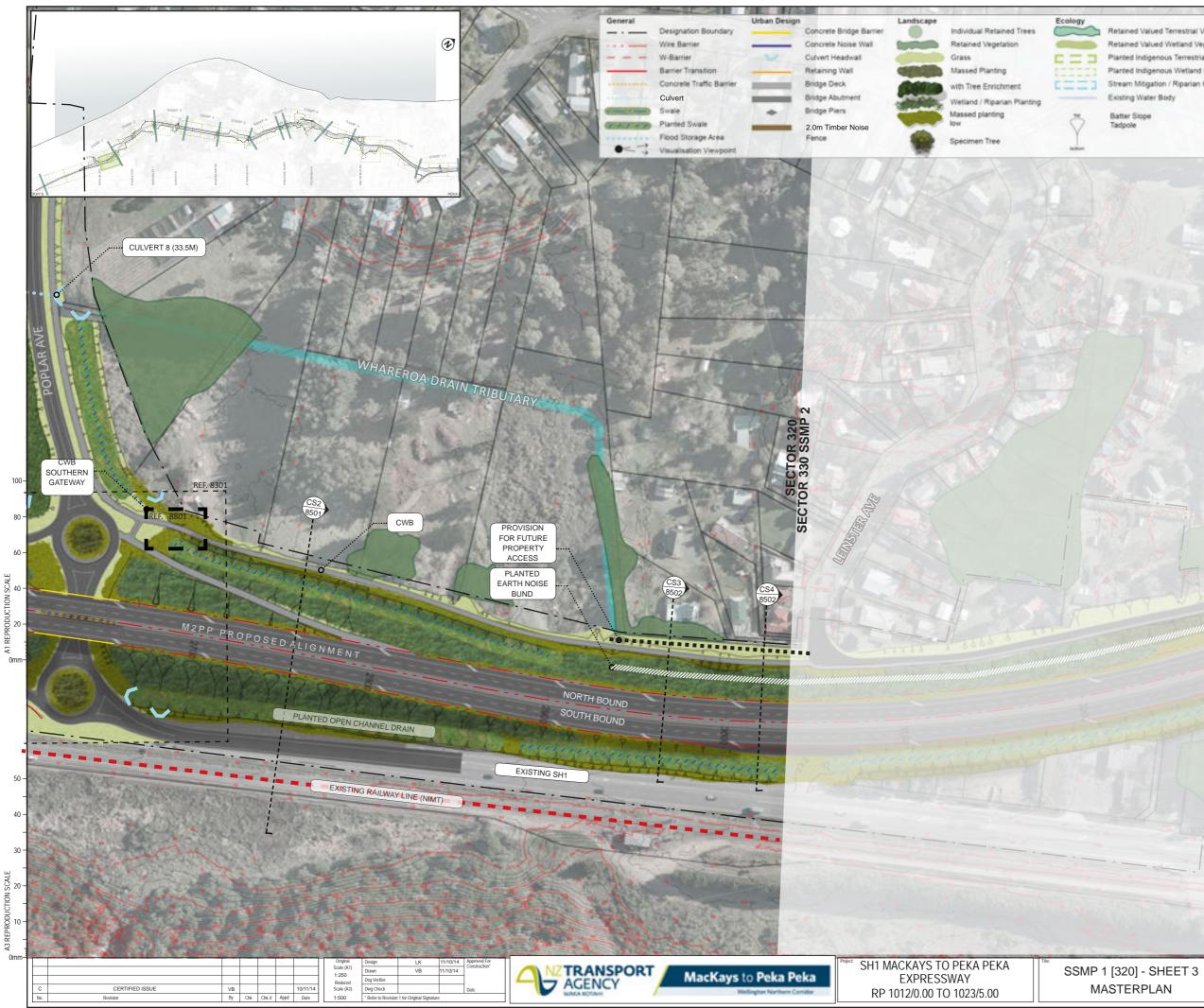


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MASTERPLAN



CULVERT 8 (33.5M) CWB 3.OM CS1 8501 STORMWATER OUTLET SSMP 1 [320] - SHEET 2 M2PP-121-D-DWG-8101 С

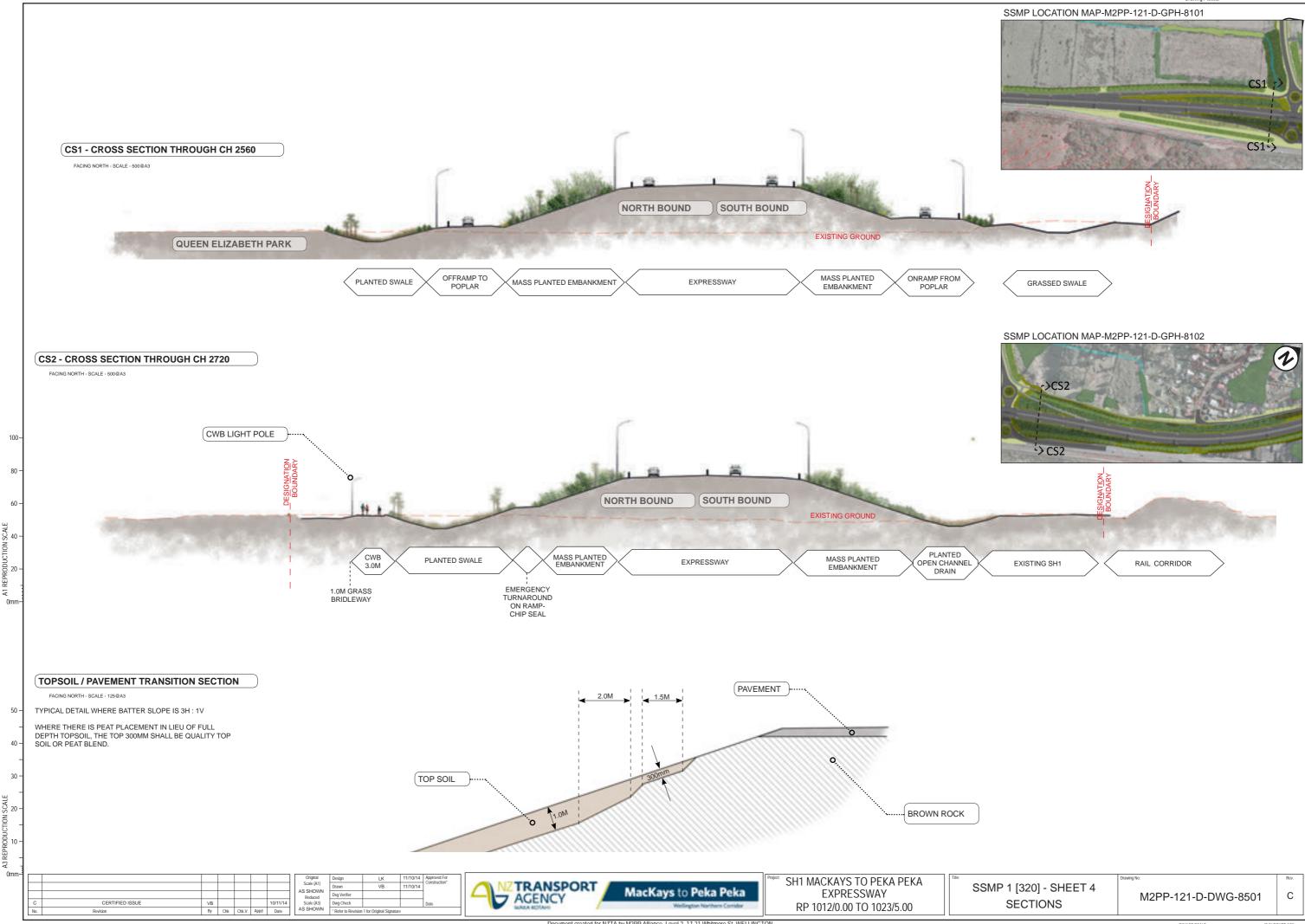


		Drawing Plotted:	
	CWB		\frown
Retained Valued Terrestrial Vegetation	The second se	Loose Chip CWB	(\mathbf{Z})
Retained Valued Wetland Vegetation	-	Chip Seal CWB	
Planted Indigenous Terrestrial Habitat	_	Concrete CWB	-
Planted Indigenous Wetland Habitat		Existing Access	
Stream Mitigation / Riparian Habitat		Track or CWB	
Existing Water Body			
Batter Slope Tadpole			
	1201		

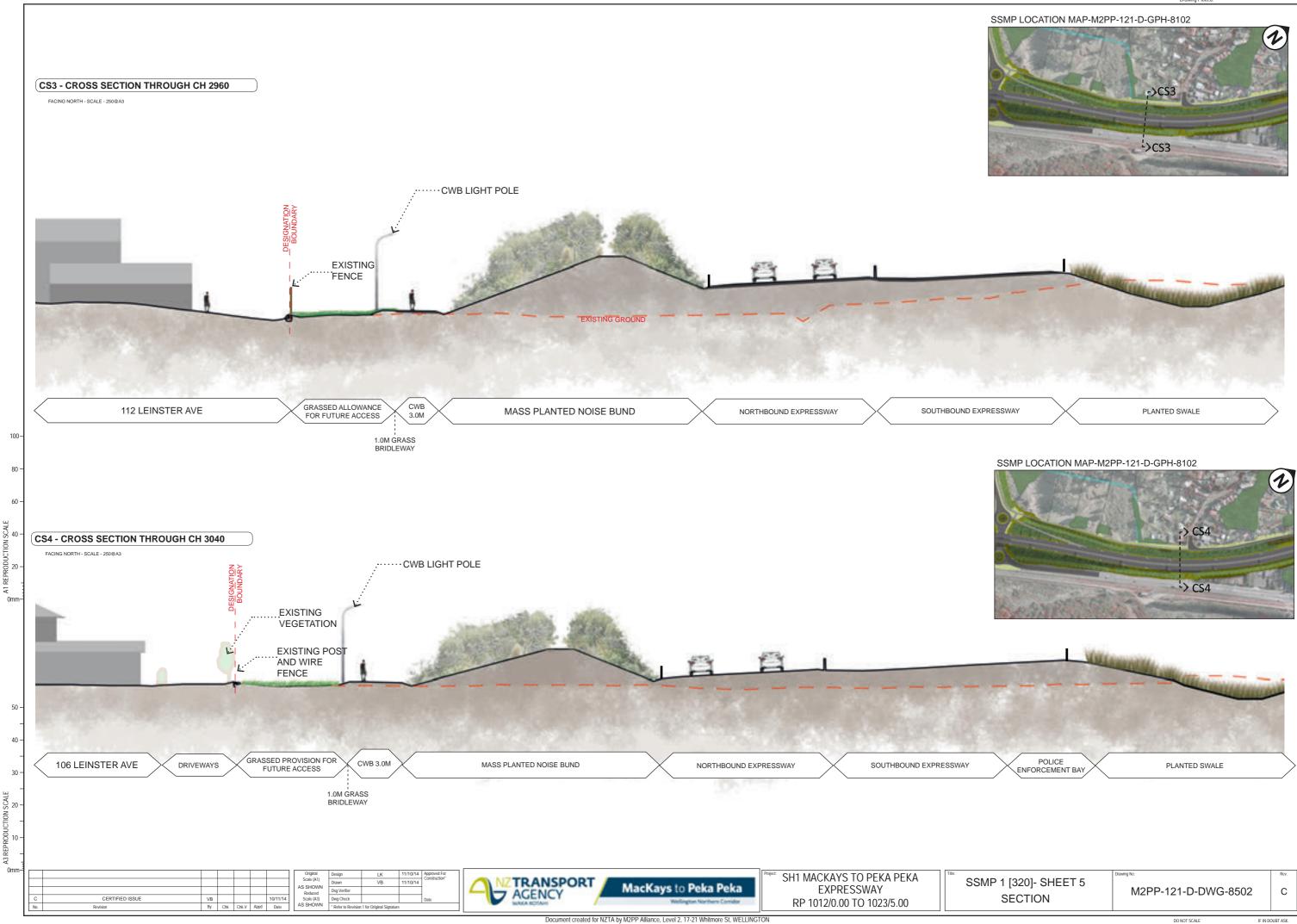
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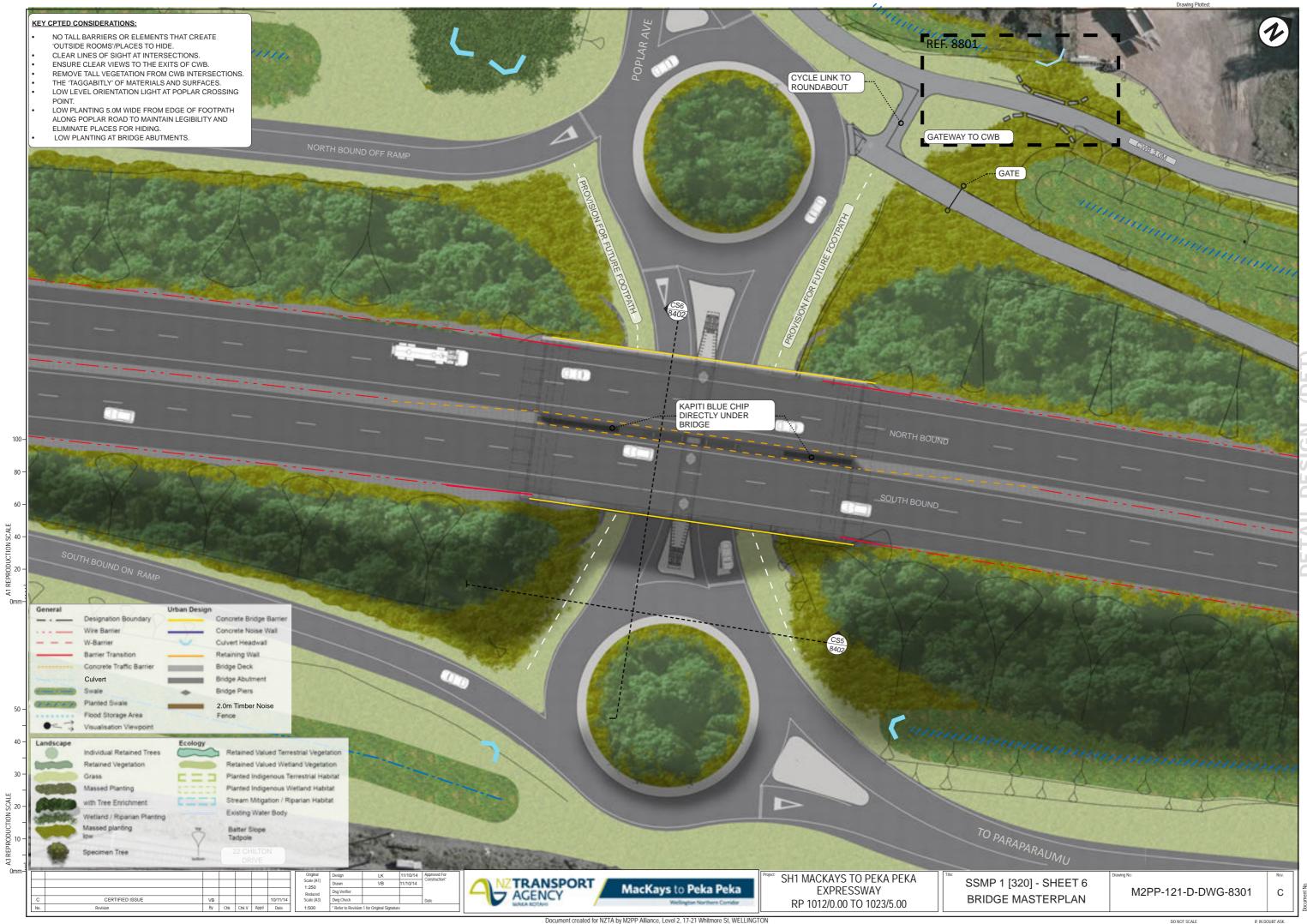
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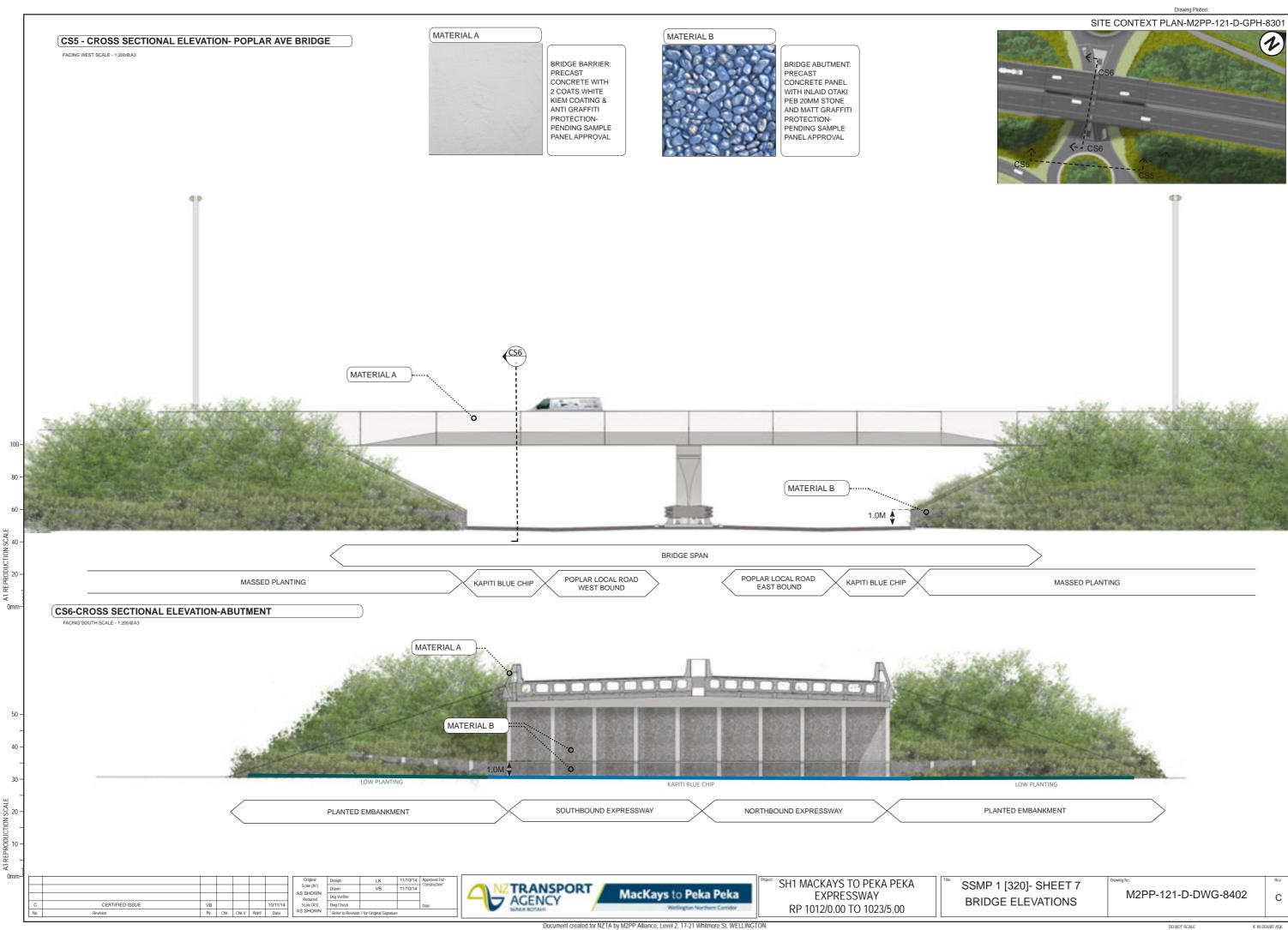








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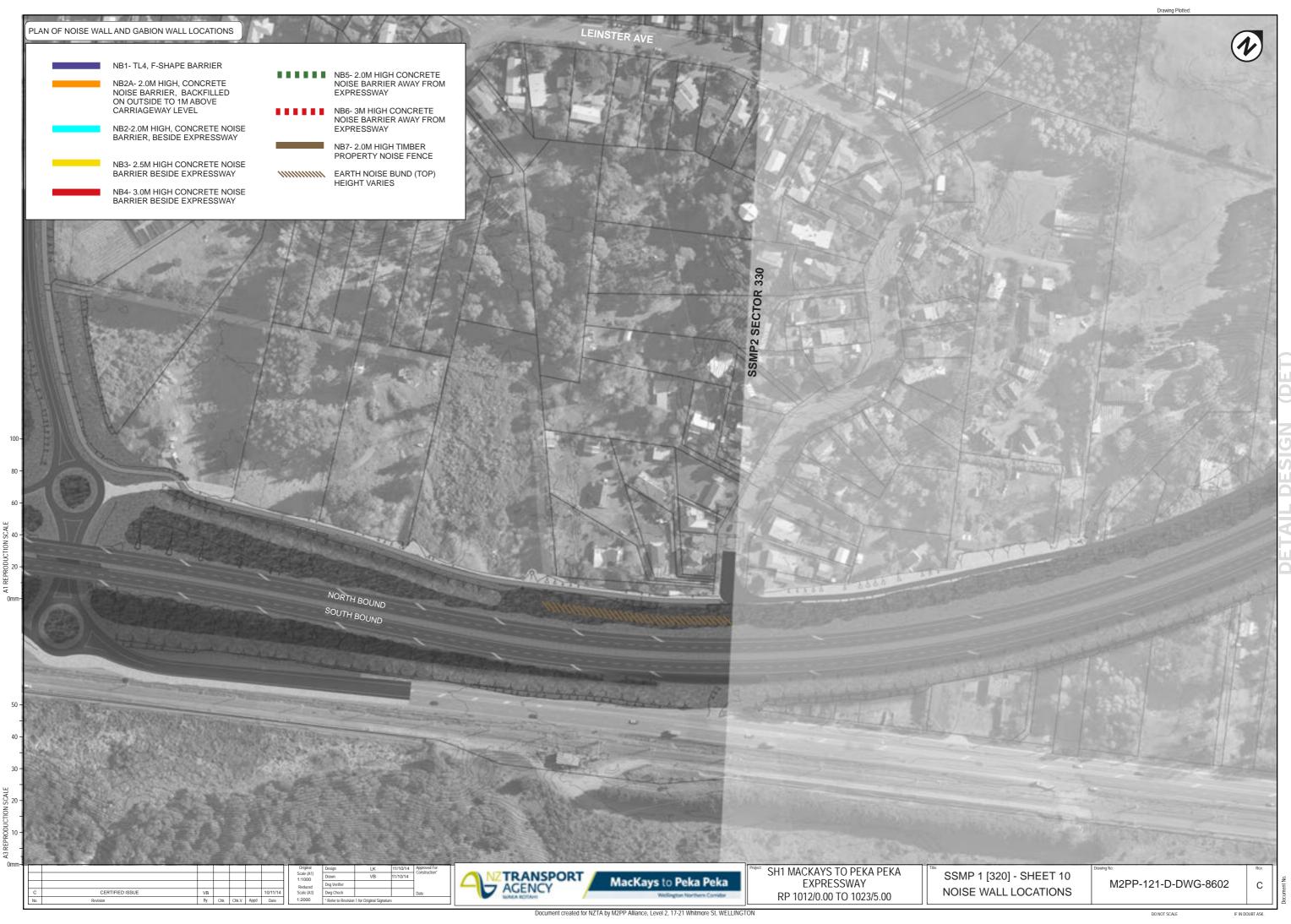
1 [320]- SHEET 7	
BE ELEVATIONS	



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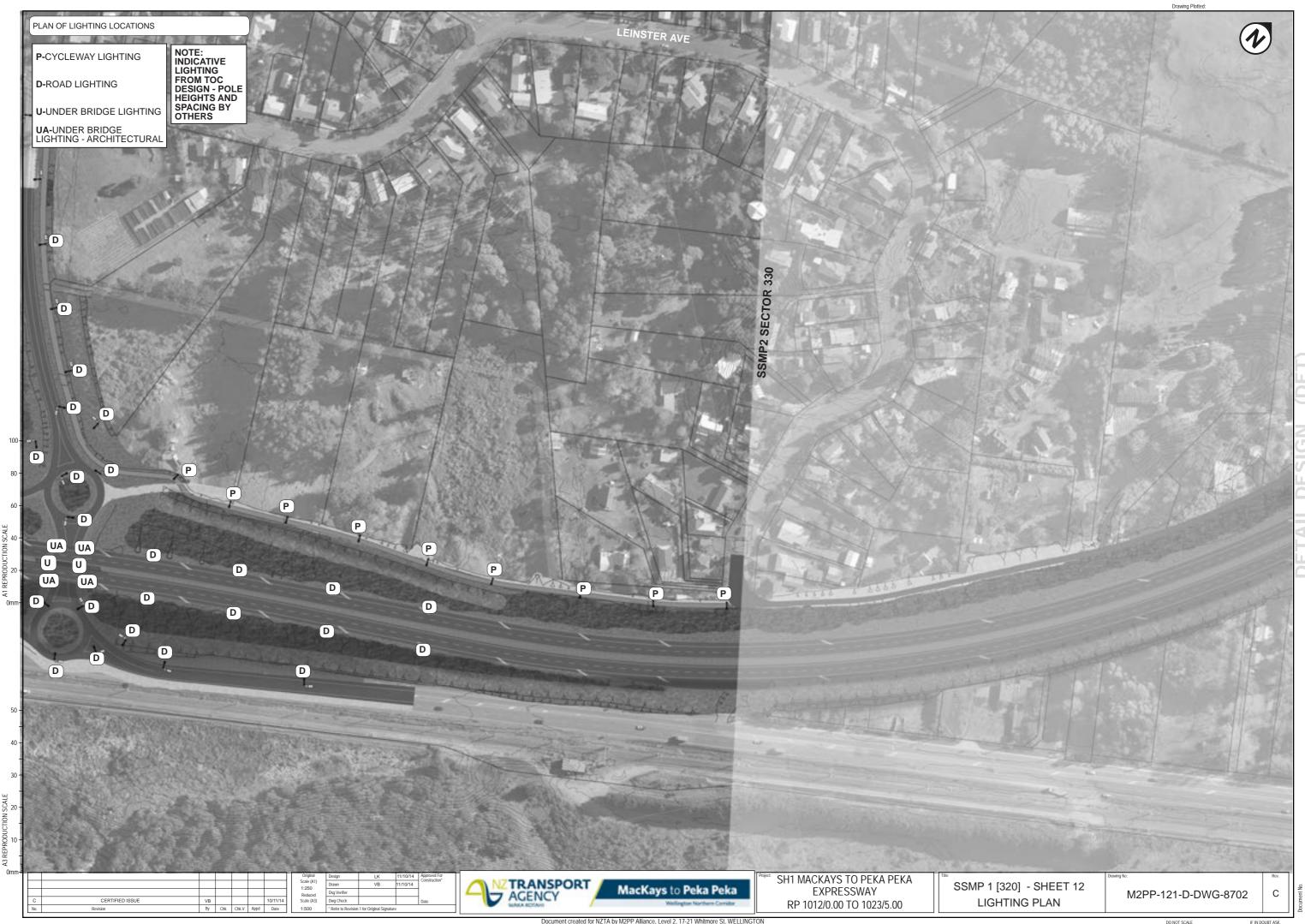


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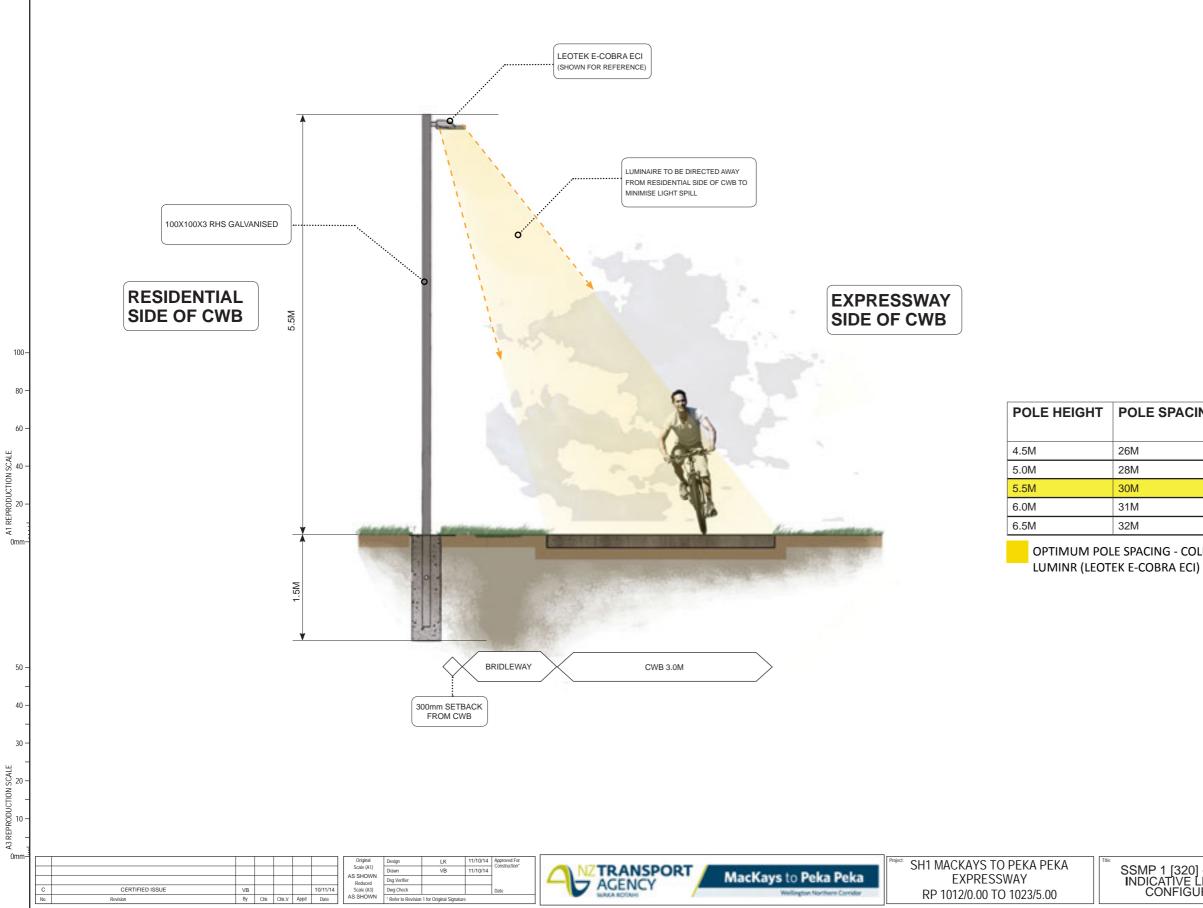




DETAIL DESIGN



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A1 REP

2 0m

SPACING	EXTRAPOLATED				
	PROJECT QUANTITY				
	135				
	126				
	117				
	114				
	110				

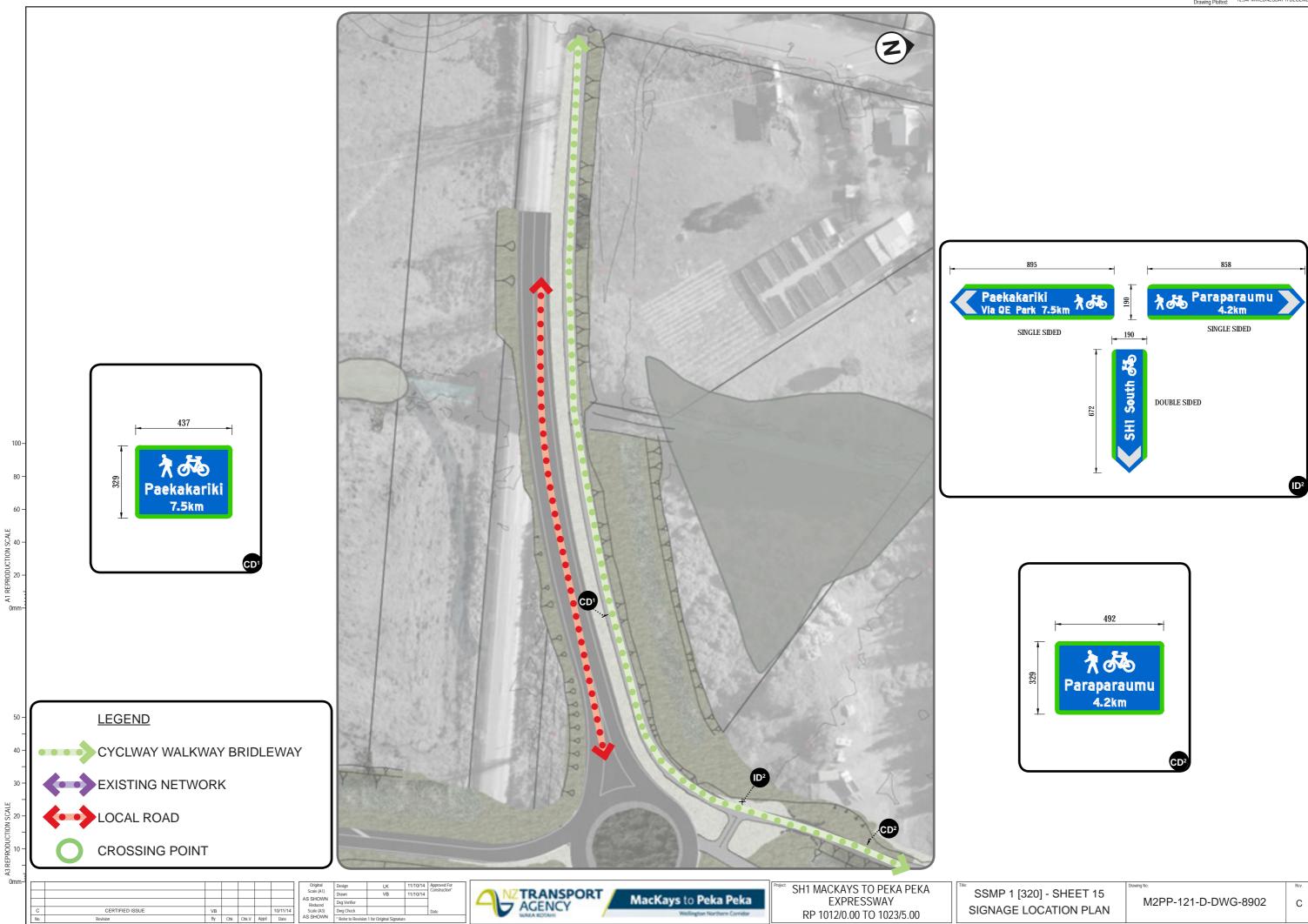
OPTIMUM POLE SPACING - COLUMN HEIGHT RATIO WITH SUGGESTED

SSMP 1 [320] - SHEET 13 INDICATIVE LIGHT POLE CONFIGURATION

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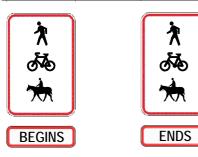
AI - ADVANCED INFO SIGNS



LENGTH & DURATION OF RIDE / WALK

AI - Advance Information Signs are not an essential requirement for public access tracks or cycle routes, nor are they standardised in terms of their design and layout. These signs may, if desired and appropriate, be installed at or near the start point of the route to provide detailed information, such as a map and information about the length and duration to ride etc. These signs should be clearly visible from the road, allowing cyclists and pedestrians a safe place to stop clear of the roadway or cycleway to read the information.

BE - BEGINNING AND ENDING SIGNS



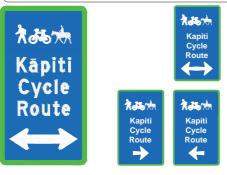
BE - Begins/Ends Signs are used to indicate the start and/or end point of a cycle route. They will include route specific information. Route Begins Signs should be installed on the left hand side of the CWB immediately beyond or adjacent to any advance information sign or at a logical starting point for the cycle route.

ID - INTERSECTION DIRECTION



destination and the distance.

AD01 - ADVANCED DIRECTION SIGN - ON LOCAL ROAD APPROACHING CWB



AD - The purpose of the Advance Direction Sign is to give cyclists prior warning, to enable them to make decisions and, if necessary, place themselves in the best position to make any change in direction required before they reach the intersection. These signs should be used in any situation where the cyclist could easily miss making a required turn at an approaching intersection.

To occur 40-60m in advance of an intersection and should only include Information about the destination, not the distance.

CD - CONFIRMATION DIRECTION



CD - The Confirmation Direction Sign is used to confirm the direction/ destination of travel after an intersection it is intended to provide assurance to cyclists. The CD sign features a straight ahead arrow and should include both Information about the destination and the distance.

As a general rule of thumb, these signs should be installed; between 20-50m beyond an intersection where an Advance Direction Sign has been used and should generally be visible from that intersection;

Cyclists should see a CD sign at least every 15-30 minutes of typical cyclist travel, or every 5-10 km.

AD - ADVANCED DIRECTION - ON CWB



AD - The purpose of the Advance Direction Sign is to give cyclists prior warning, to enable them to make decisions and, if necessary, place themselves in the best position to make any change in direction required before they reach the intersection. These signs should be used in any situation where the cyclist could easily miss making a required turn at an approaching intersection.

To occur 40-60m in advance of an intersection and should only include Information about the destination, not the distance.



LR + GW - Local road (LR) and Giveway (GW) signs should to be used where the CWB crosses a local road. These are to be located at or as near as possible to the actual intersection. Where possible the LR should be kept to one per intersection and be able to be read by people on either side of the intersection. Both the LR and GW should share the same post and or be incorporateted onto an existing post.

							Original	Design	LK	11/10/14	Approved For Construction*	
							Scale (A1)	Drawn	VB	11/10/14	Consudcation	
D	POST CERTIFICATION AMMENDMENT	MP				01/09/15	NTS Reduced	Dsg Verifier				
С	CERTIFIED ISSUE	VB				10/11/14	Scale (A3)	Dwg Check			Date	
No.	Revision	By	Chk	Chk.V	Appd	Date	NTS	* Refer to Revision 1 for Original Signature				



MacKays to Peka Peka

SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA EXPRESSWAY RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00

 $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{ID}}$ - The Intersection Direction Sign is located at or as near as possible to the actual intersection. Should include both Information about the

Multiple sighs and destinations to be on one post

SSMP 1 [320] - SHEET 16 CWB SIGN TYPE SUMMARY

M2PP-121-D-DWG-8901

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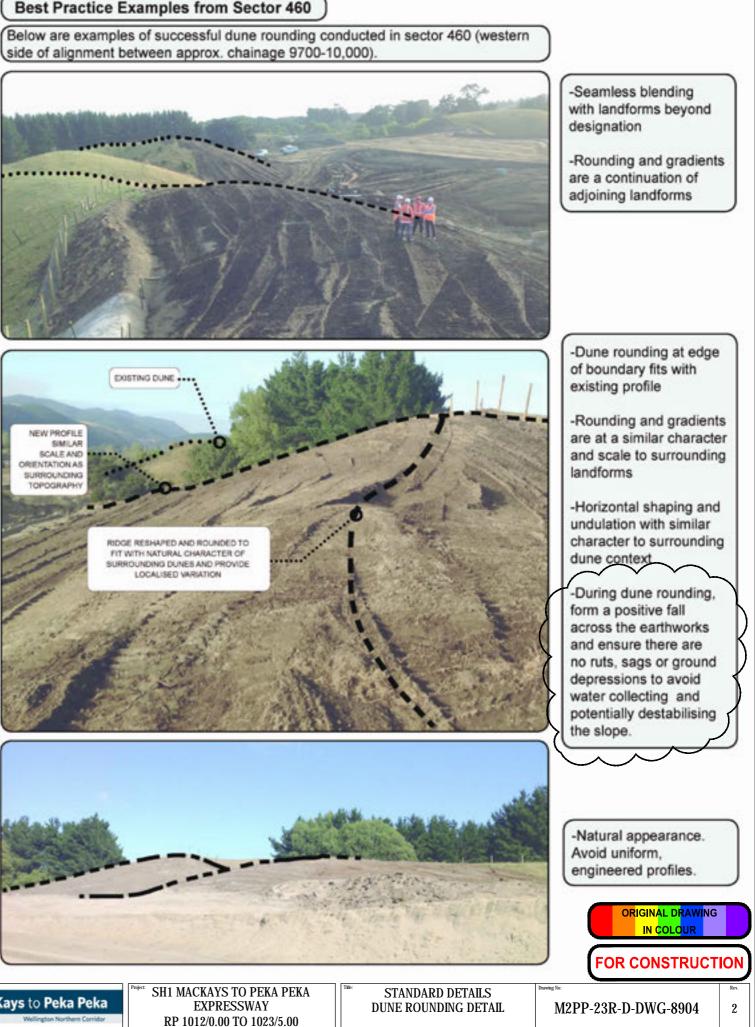
•	This guidance does not negate the requirement for the landscape architect to sign off these works prior to spreading topsoil.
•	The obligation to round earthwork cuts in the dune country, avoiding a geometric engineered finish, is a requirement of the consent conditions, the UDLF and the LMP (see below).
•	Ideally, this shaping should have been incorporated into the earthworks design model, for implementation on site via the Trimble system. However, inclusion of flowing contours proved unworkable in the MX model so it was agreed that 'on site' instruction by the Design Team with the Construction Team was the best approach.
•	Earthworks in sector 460 have been completed to a standard that meets the consent design requirements. Consequently, the dune shaping in 460 (depicted at right) is the design standard for 'dune rounding' for the entire M2PP project.
	onsent Conditions
unde SSLI Conc	ut in the Urban and Landscape Design Framework (Technical Report 5) in order to achieve the outcomes and standards required r Condition DC.53C, having regard to the local character and context and ecological conditions within each sector or stage of the route. MPs are required for all sectors/stages of the Expressway. fition DC.57 f) Each SSLMP shall include details of landscape design, including the following matters: onsideration of: A. The landforms and character, including streams;
	UDLF(Urban Design and Landscape Framework)
aligni inevit the d Desig The d	dunes are the 'signature' landforms encountered along the Expressway corridor. In the first instance the route ment seeks to avoid significant dunes if possible. However, loss or modification of some dunes will be table in places given the confined corridor available and the scale of the Expressway footprint. Integrating the Expressway linear form into tune landforms is a key design objective. Ign Concept dune forms and other natural landform features have been avoided as best they can in the alignment of the essway. However, the Expressway will create change to landforms and the approach will be to 'naturalise' the
chan	ges as far as practicable, to integrate those changes with local topographical patterns. gn Principles
	following principles will apply to the landform design:
	sign or modify landforms to acknowledge and reflect the local topographical pattern (scale, orientation, profile).
	ape (roll off) the tops of cut/ fill faces so the faces integrate with the existing dune profiles as far as practicable and minimise risk of water d wind eroslon.
	ape visual and noise mitigation bunds to appear as 'natural' landform, avoiding engineered appearances unless these forms are a mponent of a designed 'land art' formation.
_	LND/Lenderse Mensement Black
_	LMP(Landscape Management Plan)
Ensu Urba -Sha	chment 2: Principles, Methods and Procedures (pg.6) are finished earthworks physically and visually relate to adjoining landforms and that they reflect the Design Principles as set out in the and Landscape Design Framework. pe noise and visual mitigation bunds to appear as 'natural' landforms where practicable. ad unnecessary disturbance to natural landforms.
	shaping of dunes to achieve a 'natural' appearance is likely to require extending earthworks into surrounding topography.
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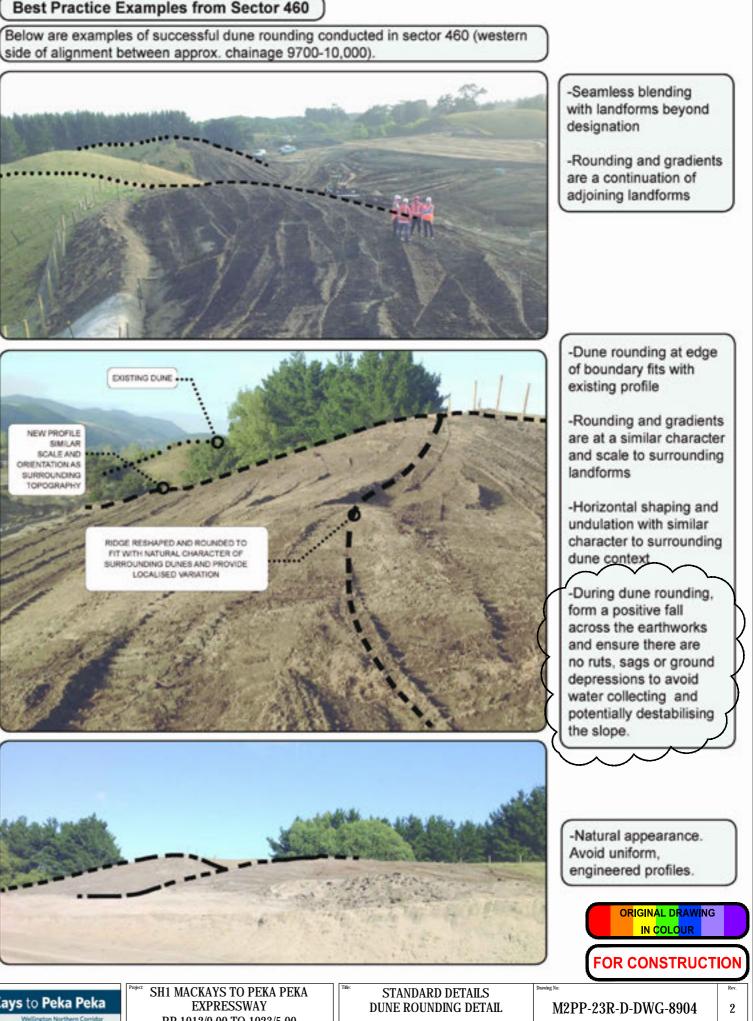
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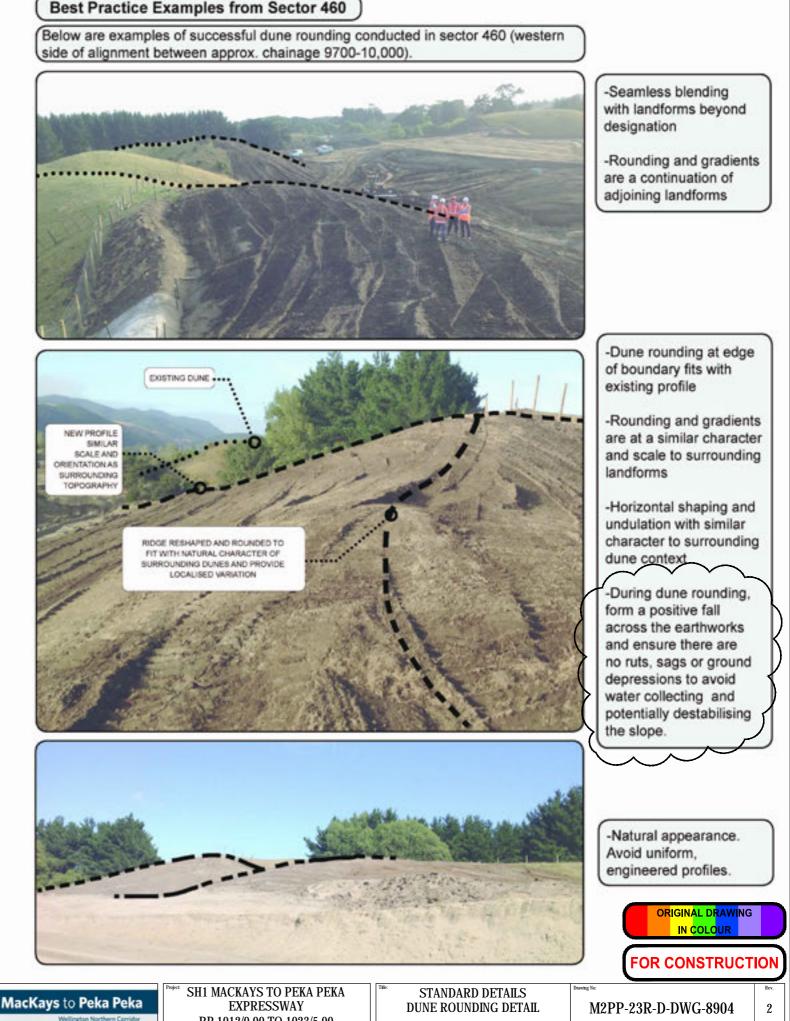
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Best Practice Examples from Sector 460







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WAY	
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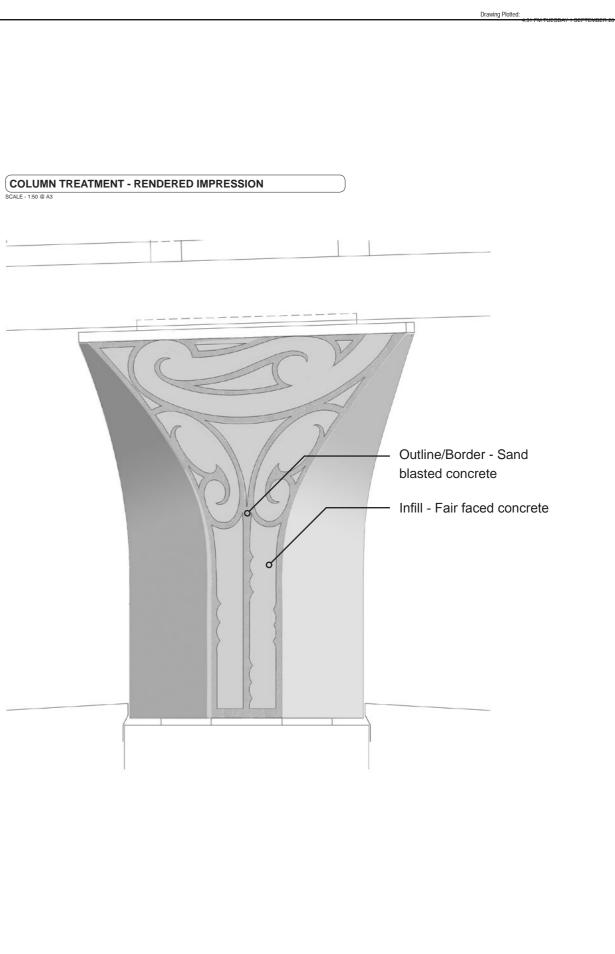


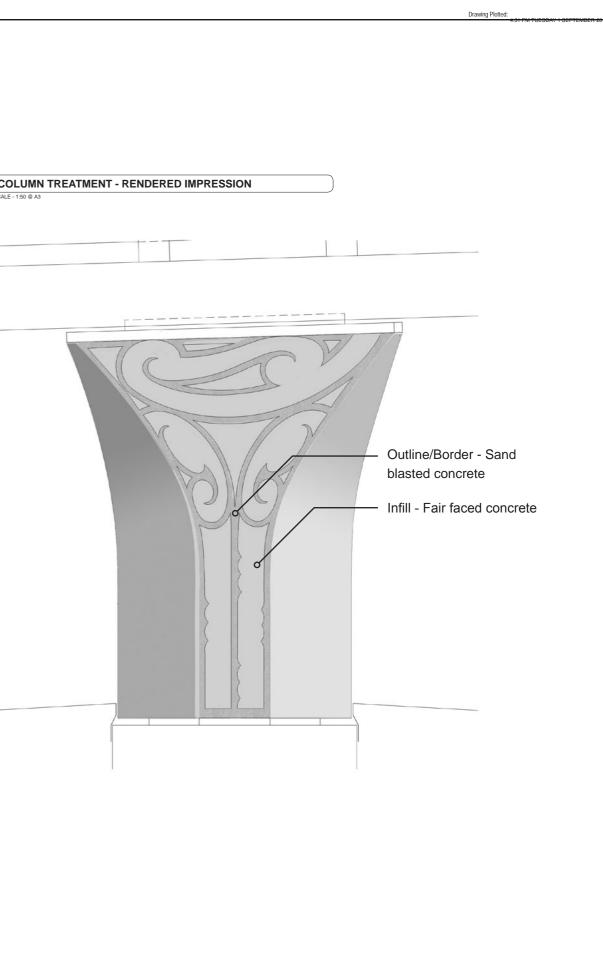
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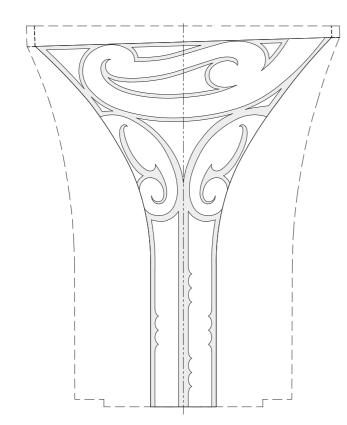
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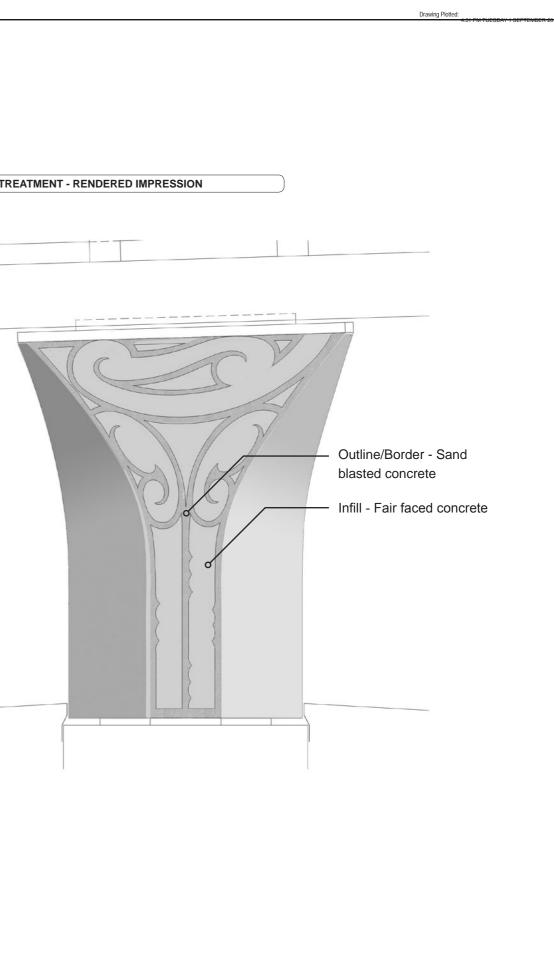
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A3 REPRODU															
0mm-		POST CERTIFICATION ISSUE	ED			01.09.15	Sc Ri	icale (A1) Reduced	Design Drawn Dsg Verifier Dwg Check	FB MP	01.09	9.15 Approved For Construction*	AGENCY MacKays to Peka Peka	^{Treact} SH1 MACKAYS TO PEKA PEKA EXPRESSWAY	SSN TE
	No.	Revision	Ву	Chk	Chk.V	Appd Date		- F	- *	l 1 1 for Original Signati	iture	Date	Willington Northern Carridor	RP 1012/0.00 TO 1023/5.00	

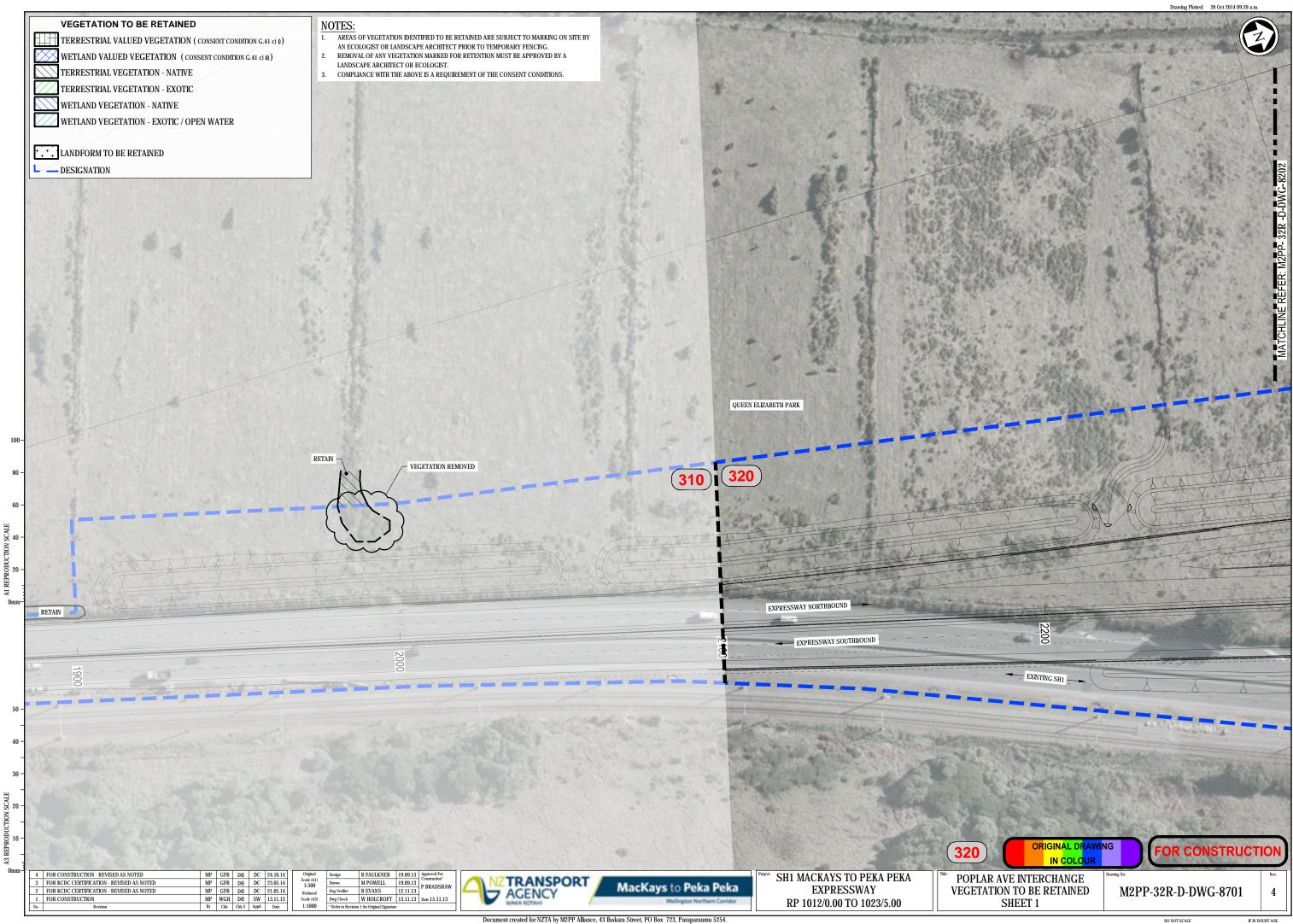
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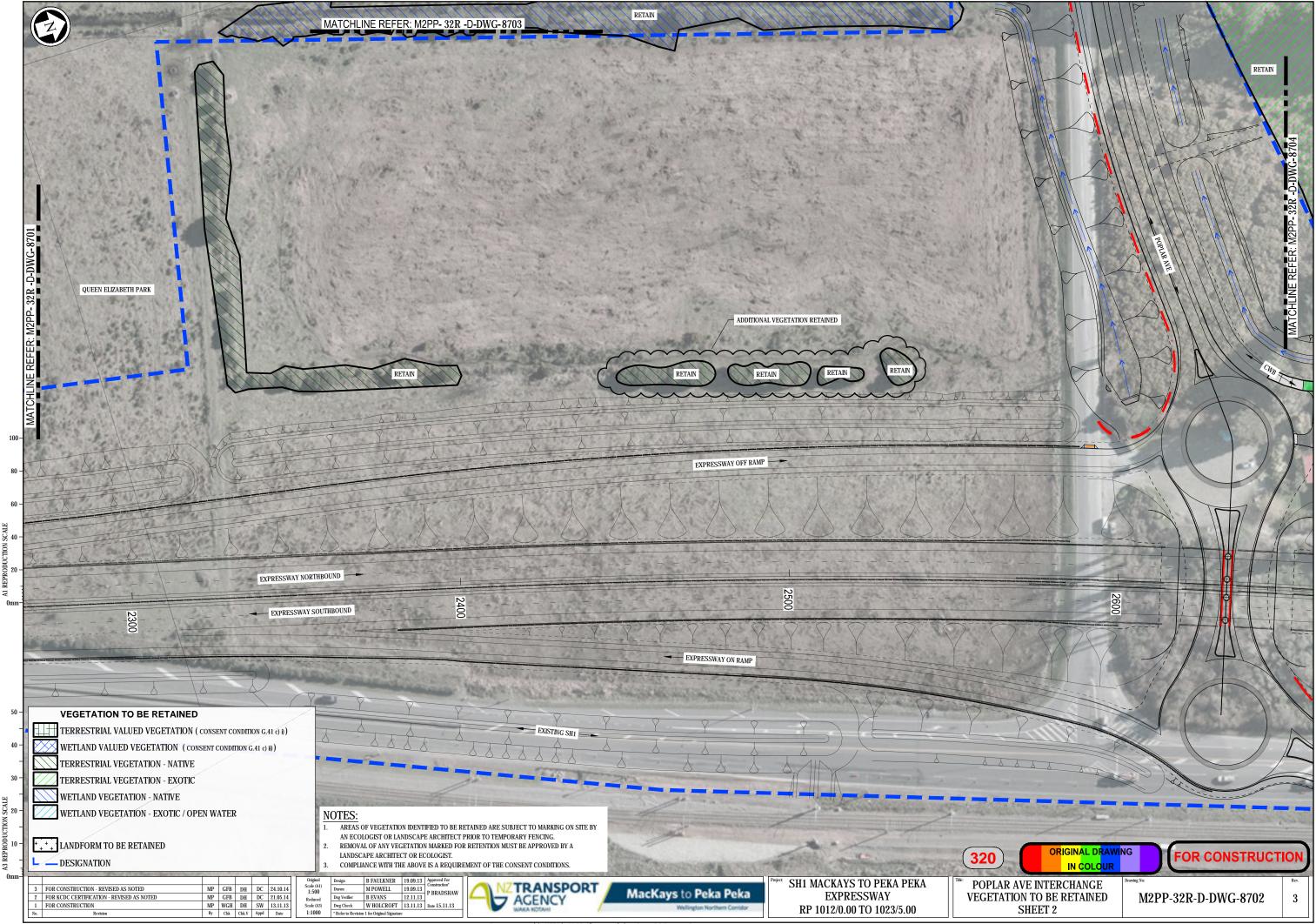
SMP 1 [320] - SHEET19 TE ATIAWA COLUMN DESIGN

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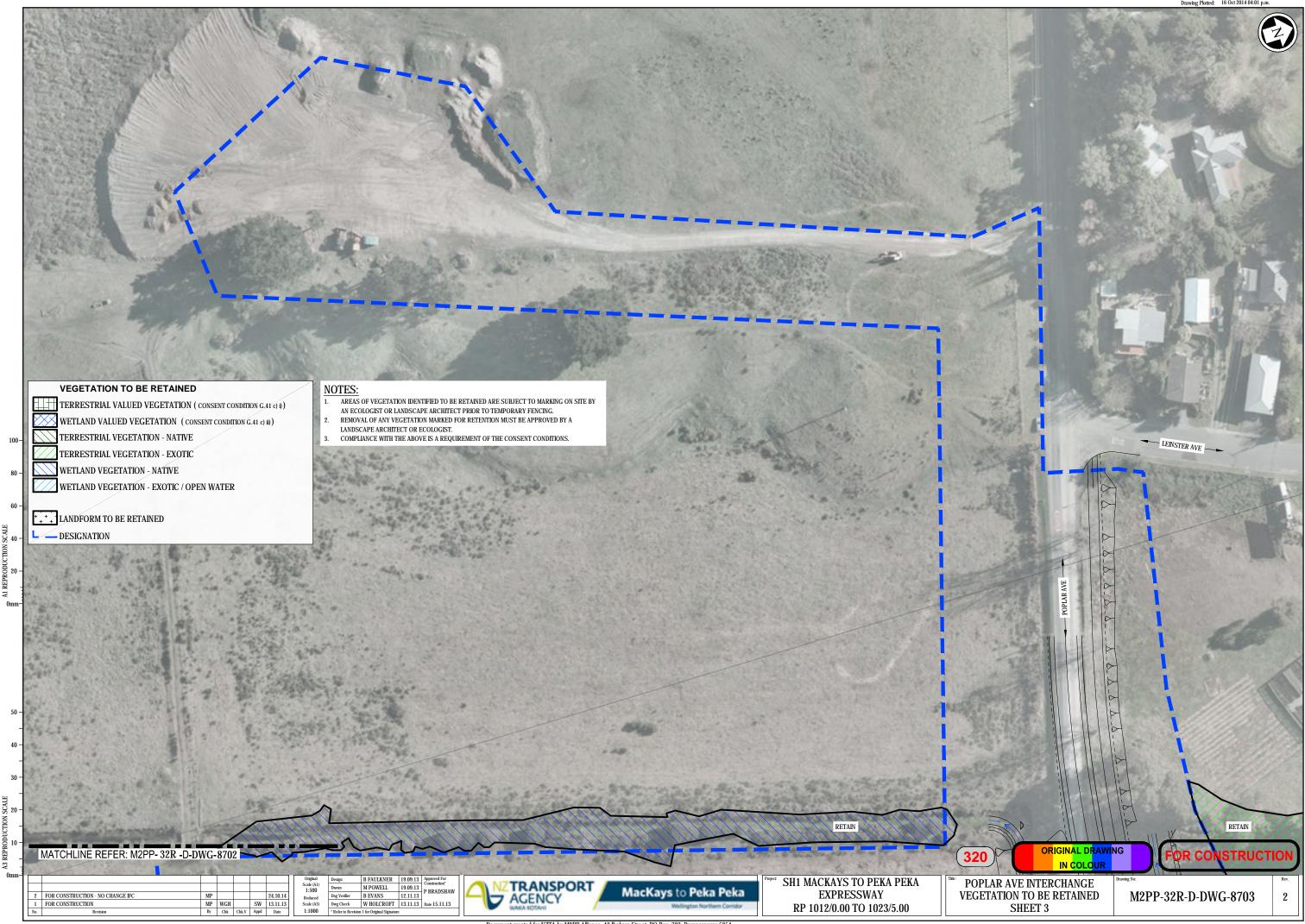
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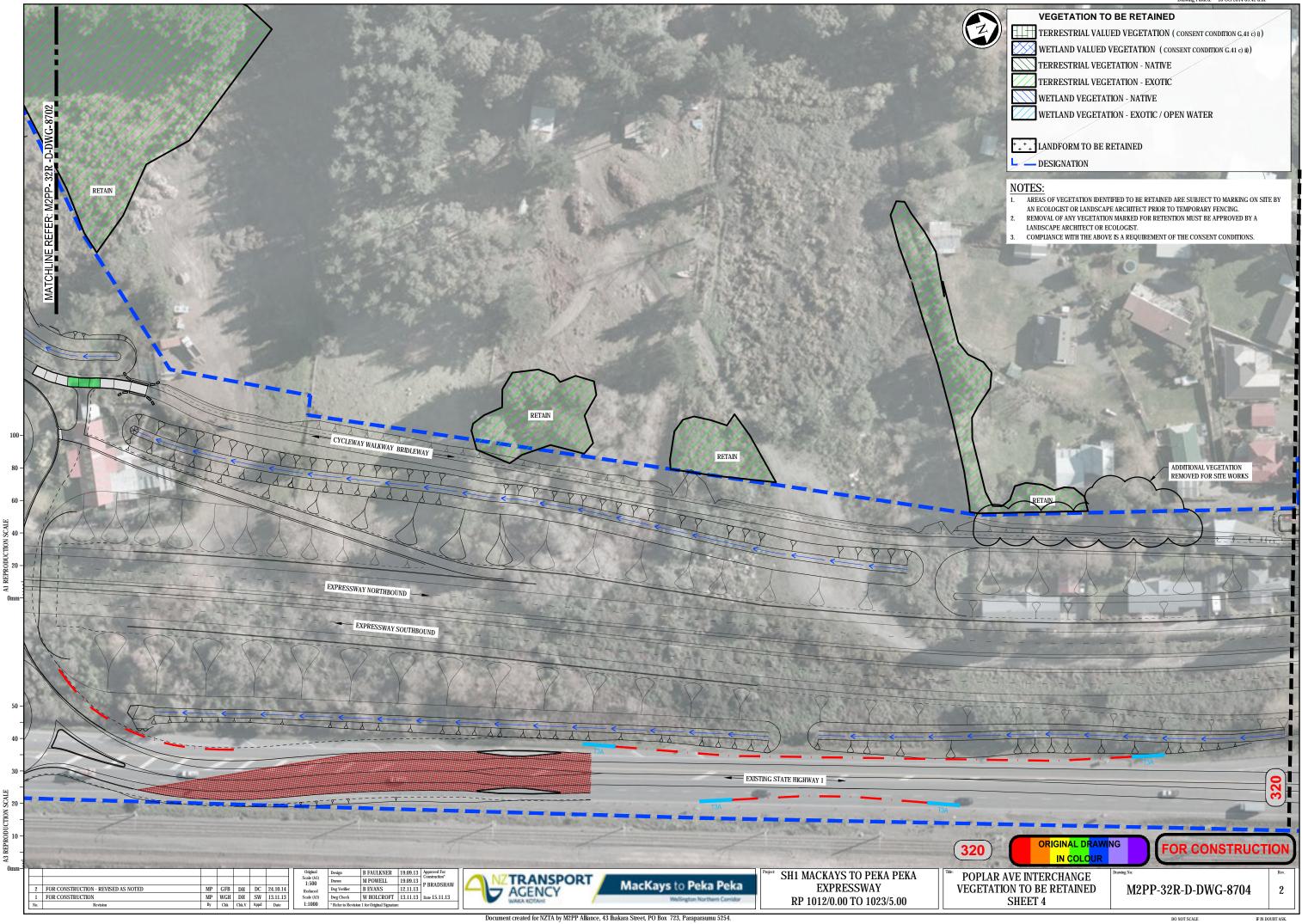
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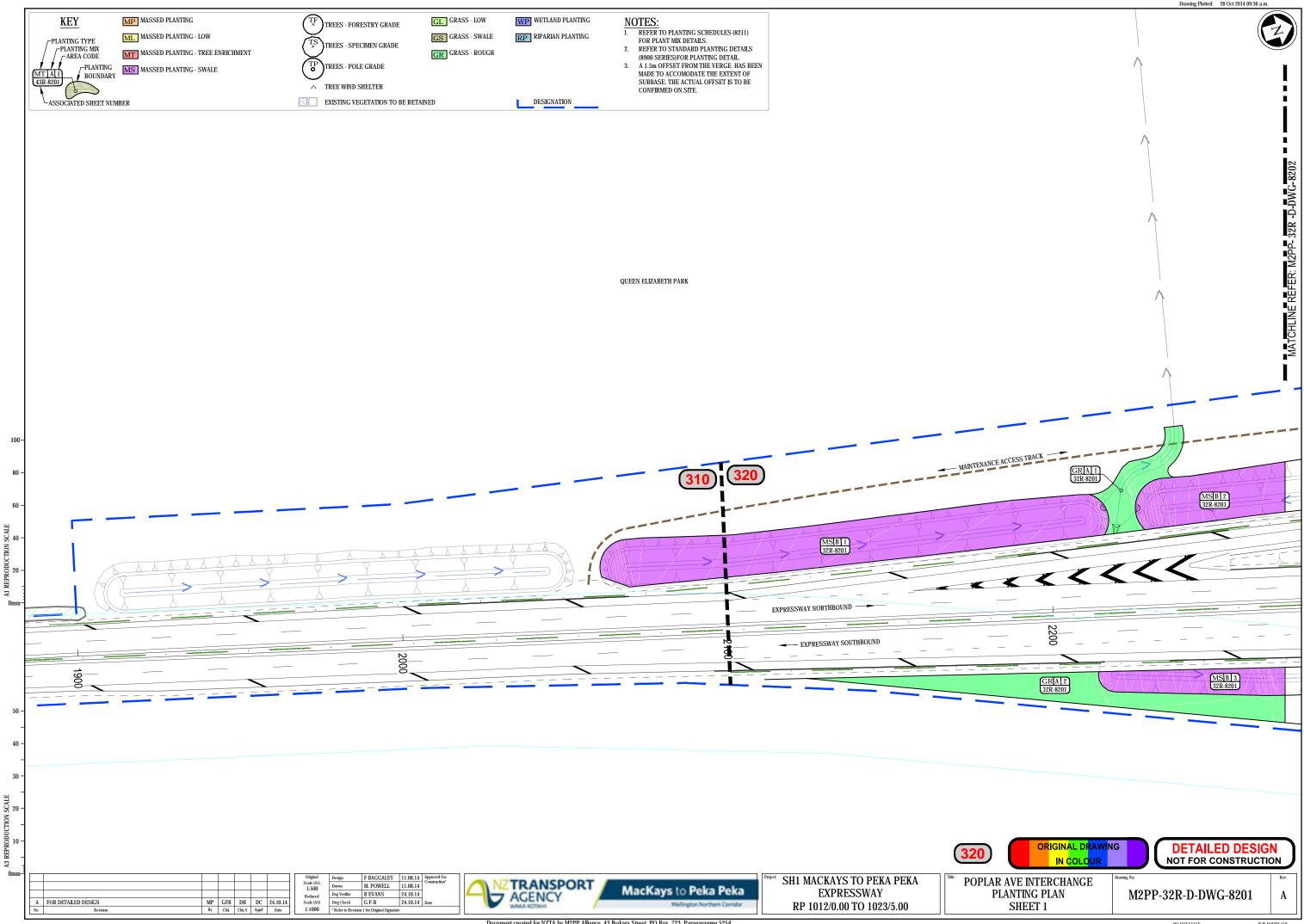


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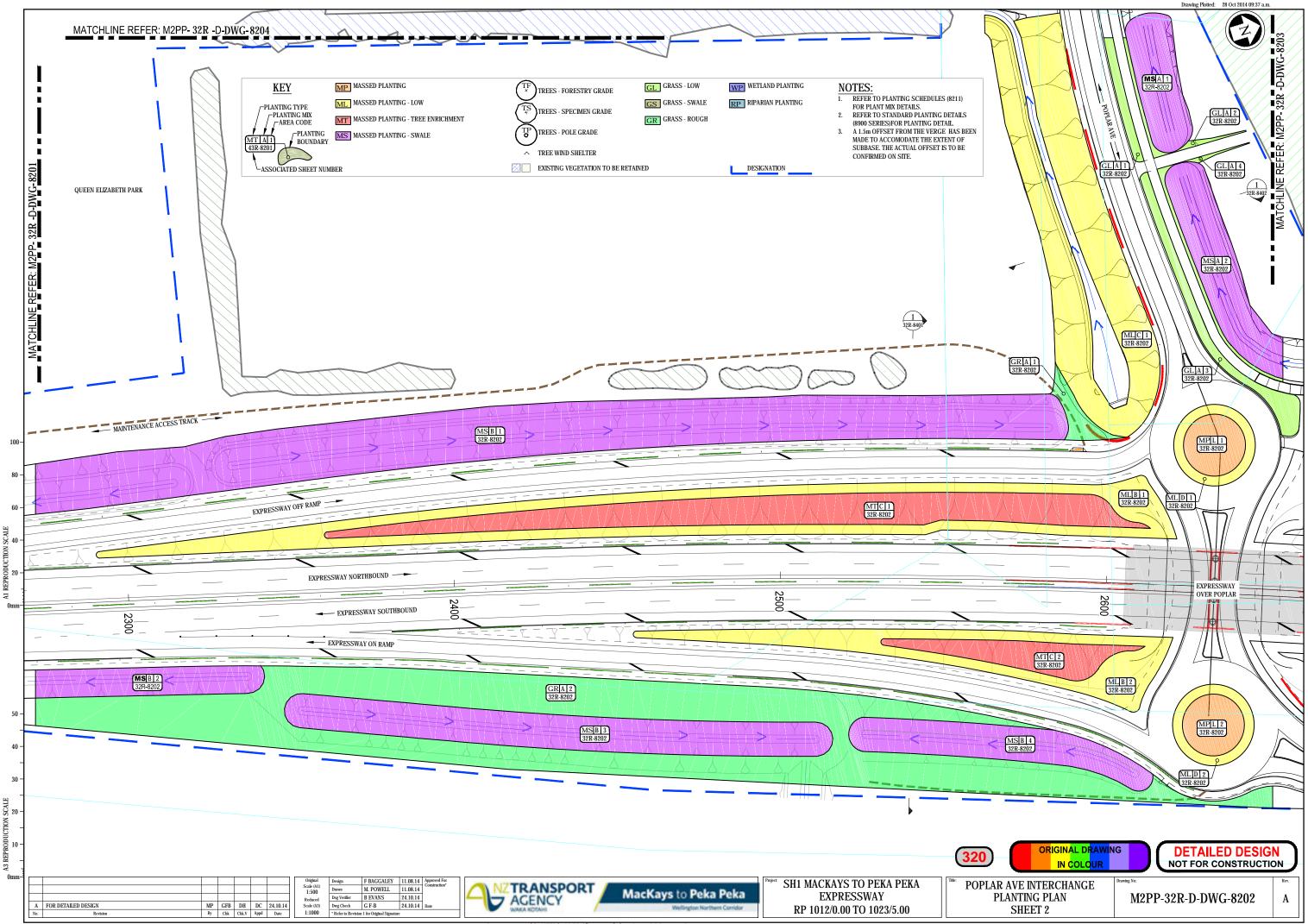
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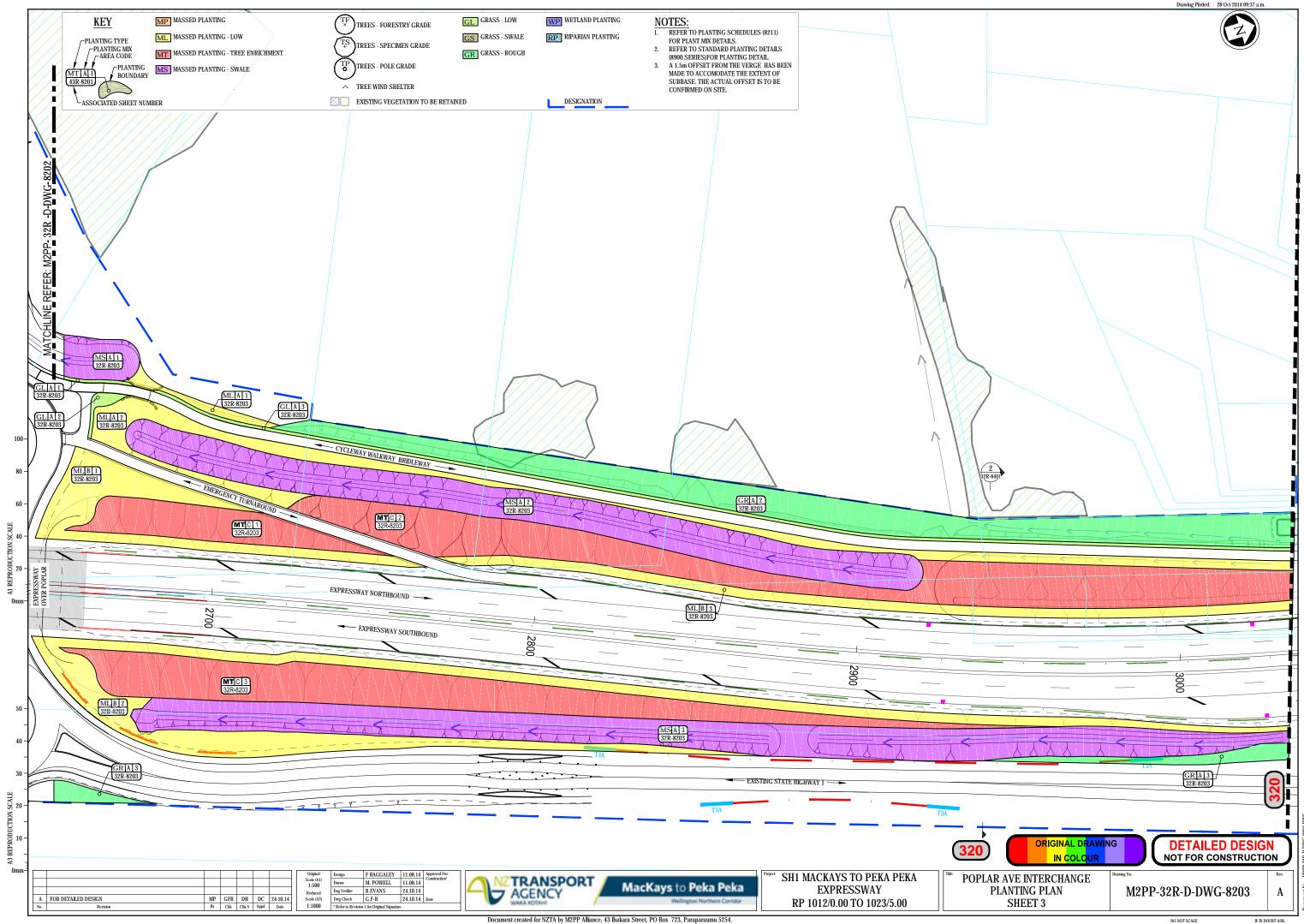
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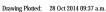


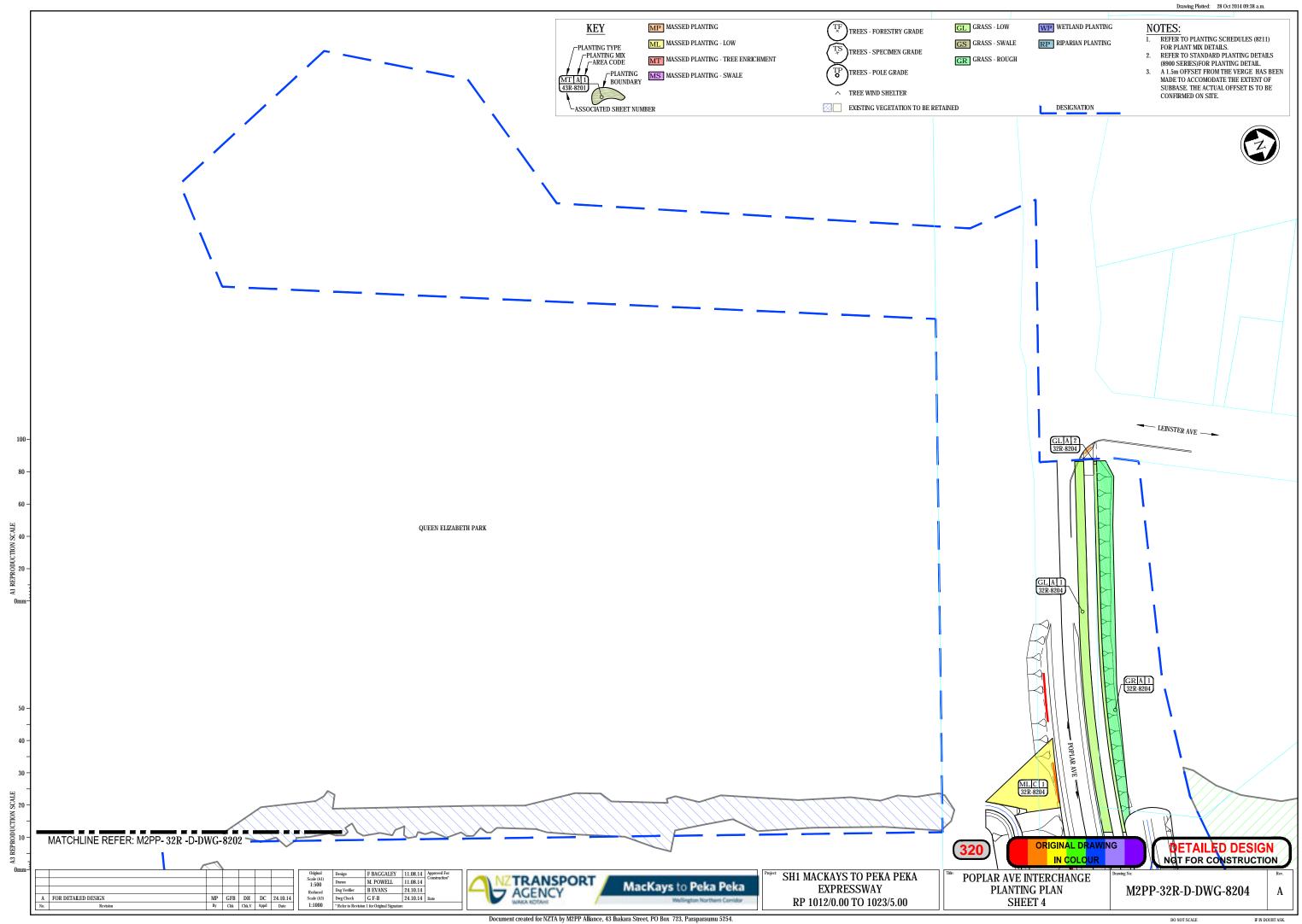
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THE POPLAR AVE INTERCHANGE PLANTING SCHEDULE Appendix 2: CONSULTATION, FEEDBACK AND RESPONSES Site Specific Management Plan 001 - [sector 320] MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway

17 DECEMBER 2014 - REV C - CERTIFIED ISSUE



M2PP-121-D-PLNM-0001

The following tables set out the responses to comments raised by reviewers and those parties consulted in regard to the preliminary SSMP. The project responses are either reflected in the certification issu this Appendix pertains, or have been directed to other processes for action, or have been considered but for the reasons noted not agreed to. The parties consulted are those identified by the consent condi for Raumati are:

- Te Āti Awa ki Whakarongotai;
- Te Runagna O ToaRangatira Inc., where construction works are located within or directly adjacent to QE Park.
- Kāpiti Coast District Council (KCDC).
- Greater Wellington Regional Council (GWRC), where construction works are located within or directly adjacent to QE Park.
- Friends of QE Park.
- Kāpiti Cycling Incorporated and the Implementation Group of the Kāpiti Coast District Council Advisory on Cycleways, Walkways and Bridleways in respect of the CWB and any cycle pedestrian connections.
- Raumati South Resident's Association
- Relevant Landscape focus areas (Leinster Avenue)

KCDC REVIEV	ON DRAFT ISSUE SSMP1: RAUMATI SOUTH VERS COMMENTS [JW=Julia Williams- Landscape Architect; DP = Deyana Popova-Urbar	n Designer
	pr comment 1.9.14, follow up feedback meeting 5.9.14	
Page	Reviewers Comments	Management Plan Author's response
	Would like to see an additional cross section that runs through the Leinster Ave residential properties.	Two additional cross sections added to SSMP 1
	CWB entrance: given its importance as the start ('gateway') of the CWB, keen to see this as a bespoke design rather than 'standard' treatment. Including bespoke design of gate to Emergency Turnaround on ramp.	Referred to design team – looking to include a flat area at entrance for informal seating / pir and provision for future signage kiosk.
	Include cross section illustrating how the brown rock with 1.0m topsoil will be handled to ensure topsoil is keyed in place and the topsoil depths and associated planting.	This has be included in the SSMP 1 - sheet 4.
	Cross section CS3 (DWG 8402) wrongly labelled as Mazengarb Bridge	Updated

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COMMENTS RELATING TO QE PARK , DRAFT SSMP1; MEETING 22 AUGUST 2014 GWRC REVIEWERS COMMENTS IN RELATION TO QE PARK [Sharon Lee GW, Wayne Boness, Brendan Bulliff] FRIENDS OF QUEEN ELIZABETH PARK - Jan Nisbet Andrea Wilson

Condition Reference	Condition Detail	Reviewer/ commenter	GWRC Reviewer's comment	reference in SSMP	Management Plan Author's response
			GWRC concerned about the potential for downstream effects from the upgrading of Culvert 8 under Poplar Avenue on the adjoining paddocks.		Alliance Ecologist Matiu Park explained that a larger upgraded culvert will r the existing culvert and that it will maintain the existing hydrology.
			GWRC seek confirmation re GWRC land within the construction designation and its future management, how much of the construction designation area will be required in the permanent designation?		The design and construction planning are currently in progress for this area confirmed we will be able to provide an update to GWRC on the status and for the land in question.
			GWRC want to see wetlands developed in this area which is consistent with the QE Park Sustainable Management Plan.		It was acknowledged that wetland development in this area had been raise GWRC in BOI witness caucusing but nothing specific was included in the con- conditions. Wetland development is not currently part of the M2PP Express scope of works.

COMMENTS	S ON DRAFT ISS	SUE SSMP1: RAUMA	TI SOUTH – draft issued for review feedback meeting 29.8	3.14	
KAPITI CYCL	ING INC.[LS= I	Lyn Sleath]			
IMPLEMEN	FATION GROU	P OF KCDC ADVISOF	RY ON CYCLEWAYS, WALKWAYS AND BRIDLEWAYS: [JN=	Jan Nisbet]	
KCDC- CWB	PLANNER [SK	Stuart Kilmester]			
Condition	Condition	Reviewer/	Comment	reference in	Management Plan Author's response
Reference	Detail	commenter		SSMP	
		LS	Further to my previous comments, we are		No response required
			happy to accept the revised details involving		
			lower gabions and with the pathway width		
			maintained at 3.00 m.		
		LS	Suggest that at road crossings the design should follow the model used by KCDC at the Otaihanga Road crossing near Southwards, with grab rails, audible surfacing, and markings.		There are no road crossing in this SSMP. The Alliance considers the CWB de where it meets local roads, adequately signals to cyclists that a crossing is in NZTA and M2PP traffic safety auditors strongly oppose the use of bollards of barriers on cycleways that can cause harm to cyclists.
		SK	Ensure that the southern entrance to the CWB(near Poplar Ave) has sufficient space for signage and for groups to gather. No further comments (email 2.9.2014)		As per KCDC review comments

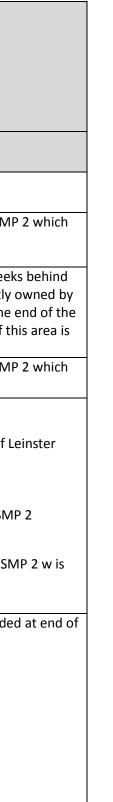


APPENDIX 2: Consultation and Reviewer Comment Responses MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway- Site Specific Management Plan 1: Raumati South Certified Issue Rev C, 17 December 2014 M2PP-121-D-MPL-0001 2

LANDSACPE FOCUS AREA- DC 57A A) iv) Leinster Avenue COMMENTS ON DRAFT DESIGN DETAIL TABLED AT DROP IN SESSION 1.9.2014

RAUMATI SOUTH RESIDENT'S ASSOCIATION, meeting with Mary Campbell-Lee 26.8.14 and *Information drop-in session 1.9.14*

Condition Reference	Condition Detail	Reviewer/ commenter	GWRC Reviewer's comment	<i>reference in</i> SSMP	Management Plan Author's response
DC 57A A) iv)		Nicky Harrison 106a Leinster Ave	Request a cross section through their property		Prepared and sent
			Would like turning area at the end of Leinster Ave to avoid vehicles using private driveways to turn around, as they do now.		Request passed on to design team, detail of this is part of SSMF is running a few weeks behind SSMP 1
			Would like to be involved with any development of the 'left over' triangle of land adjacent to 107 Leinster Ave.		This detail of this is part of SSMP 2 which is running a few week SSMP 1. Will be grassed and left as open space. Land currently NZTA, until final ownership/management is determined at the project, no development will be considered. Development of th not part of the M2PP Expressway project.
		Trevor Daniell 72 Leinster Ave	Would like adequate turning circle at end to Leinster Ave.		Request passed on to design team, detail of this is part of SSMF is running a few weeks behind SSMP 1
		Dick and Dawn Thomas 112 Leinster Ave	Request a cross section through their propertyWould like to see cul-de-sac at end of LeinsterAve for turning vehicles before the Leinster Aveextension. Understands from earlier consultationthat turning area would be provided.Request speed bumps along Leinster Aveextension to deter boy-racersWould like boundary fence on southern boundaryconcerned about security adjacent to CWB		Prepared and sent Detail of this is part of SSMP. Turning area provided at end of Le Road Request passed on to Design team. Detail of this is part of SSM Request passed on to Design team. Detail of this is part of SSM running a few weeks behind SSMP 1
		Caren Ashford 107 Leinster Ave	 Would like to see cul-de-sac at end of Leinster Ave for turning vehicles before the Leinster Ave extension. Does not want extension to be a full road that extends off end of Leinster. Requests for traffic calming measures (speed bump) at start of Leinster Road extension to deter boy racers Request vegetation selection at end of Leinster to be attractive to native birds 		This detail is addressed in SSMP 2. Turning area will be provided Leinster Road Detail of this is part of SSMP 2 Detail of this is part of SSMP



Condition Reference	Condition Detail	Reviewer/ commenter	GWRC Reviewer's comment	reference in SSMP	Management Plan Author's response
			Raised questions about the area of offset mitigation planting from area OB (West of expressway near Raumati Manuka) to area OC on the eastern side of the expressway (FWS OC)		The offset mitigation planned for OB will be accommodated in the wetland to the east of the expressway (flood storage area OC) wo originally not going to be planted.
			Particular condition relating to the NIF and the urban design and landscape treatment of Leister Ave, relating to planting of embankments.		The embankments will be planted, as discussed and included in planting plans.
		Tony Brown 110 Leinster Ave	Considers that 'speed humps' are not required in Leinster Ave, as requested by at least one other submitter.		It is our understanding from comments and feedback received t calming was requested for the new length of the Leinster extens in the existing part of Leinster Ave. The design team is consider installation of some traffic calming measures in the new Leinste extension are necessary.
		Tony Brown 110 Leinster Ave	Concern that the noise reducing earth bund appears to terminate at the south boundary of 120 Leinster Avenue, sooner than indicated at the initial presentation of the M2PP proposal. The bund must be extended south by at least 50 metres to meet the promised 3dB reduction.		The noise bund as shown on the SSMP drawings aligns with the engineers recommendations presented at the Board of Inquiry. as you mention, 50 m from the south boundary of 112 Leinster A
		Livingstone's Nursery	Very concerned that access is not being provided from garden centre portion of the Leinster Ave property to Poplar Ave.		Matter subject to property agreement with NZTA. Property has access of Leinster Avenue.
		Elia & Nikki Van Iddekinge 14 Leinster Ave	Requested clarification of provision for access from Poplar Avenue to 14 Leinster Ave.		Matter subject to property agreement with NZTA. Property has access of Leinster Avenue.

COMMENTS ON	OMMENTS ON SSMP1:										
ΤΕ ΑΤΙΑΨΑ ΚΙ Ν	TE ATIAWA KI WHAKARONGATAI										
GENERAL COMI	GENERAL COMMENTS - TO BE APPLIED TO ALL SSMP'S										
Condition	Condition Detail	Reviewer/	Comment	reference in	Management Plan Author's response						
Reference		commenter		SSMP							
57 e) i	SSMP to be prepared in consultation with Te Atiawa	M2PP Alliance	A workshop was held with Te Atiawa on the 23 October 2014. The workshop had two key focus areas:		Formal comment received for SSMPs 1-10 at workshop held on 23 October 2014						
	ki Whakarongatai		1. Te Atiawa to review and comment on the SSMPs.								
			Provide formal comment.								

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APPENDIX 2: Consultation and Reviewer Comment Responses MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway- Site Specific Management Plan 1: Raumati South Certified Issue Rev C, 17 December 2014 M2PP-121-D-MPL-0001 4

	General comment to be applied to all SSMPs		 Identify key opportunities for input into the design of the elements within the expressway with a focus on the CWB and interpretation signage. Agree a methodology, deliverables and program. Alliance to prepare a draft design framework by the end of November 2014 and hold a second workshop with Te Atiawa 	In addition, the Alliance design team are workin Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai to develop design elements along the expressway and CWB corrio work considers the whole Expressway route. Th stage, currently underway, will identify the par locations of significance to Te Atiawa. If these h occur within this SSMP area, landscape elemen features will be designed and incorporated into CWB corridor, in consultation with Te Atiawa.
57 e) i	SSMPs to be prepared in consultation with Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai and Takamore Trust General comment to be applied to all SSMPs	Hemi Sundgren, Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	Te Atiawa request that in general terms the design of the expressway meets tangata whenua values. There is to be a particular focus on water bodies, terrestrial and wetland planting, however It is important to Te Atiawa that iwi expectations are also met in regards to:• Design/aesthetic values of built elements • Ecological values • Landuse and the physical environment • Cultural and historical values	
57 e) i	SSMPs to be prepared in consultation with Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai and Takamore Trust General comment to be applied to all SSMP's	Hemi Sundgren, Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	Te Atiawa request input into the naming of new waterbodies created as part of the project. (such as the new wetlands to the south of the Wharemauku Stream currently referred to as flood storage area 2)	
57 e) i	SSMPs to be prepared in consultation with Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai and Takamore Trust General comment to be applied to all SSMP's	Hemi Sundgren, Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	 Where possible planting within the expressway is to consider lwi values in regards but not limited to: Maori customary practice, kaupapa Māori Flax cultivation (pā harakeke) Mahinga kai Planting for medicinal use rongoā māori Specific areas of interest, land use, planting type will be identified in individual SSMP comments. 	
SPECIFIC CC	DMMENTS – SSMP 1			
57 e) i	SSMPs to be prepared in consultation with Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai SSMP 1 specific comment 23/10/2014	Hemi Sundgren, Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	The Poplar Ave-QE Park area is significant to; Ngati Toa, Te Atiawa and Ngati Raukawa. The area is referred to as Mataihuka after the nearby Mataihuka Pa site. Te Atiawa would like to acknowledge the significance of Mataihuka as a place. Te Atiawa suggest that this could be achieved through the	
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orking with sign of some corridor. This ce. The first particular ese locations ments or l into the		
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APPENDIX 2: Consultation and Reviewer Comment Responses MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway- Site Specific Management Plan 1: Raumati South Certified Issue Rev C, 17 December 2014 M2PP-121-D-MPL-0001 5

			interpretative signage to provide information on the history and importance of the area.	
57 e) i	SSMPs to be prepared in consultation with Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	Hemi Sundgren, Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	Opportunity to create a gateway entrance at the approach to the proposed Poplar Ave bridge or CWB entrance that acknowledges Te Atiawa 'Rohe'	
	SSMP 1 specific comment 23/10/2014			
57 e) i	SSMPs to be prepared in consultation with Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	Hemi Sundgren, Te Atiawa ki Whakarongatai	Kohekohe and karaka trees were grown in the area close to Mataihuka Pa for food and medicinal purposes. Te Atiawa request that these tree species be included in the Poplar/Mataihuka area.	
	SSMP 1 specific comment 23/10/2014			

Condition	Condition Detail	Reviewer/	Comment	reference in	Management Plan Author's response
Reference		commenter		SSMP	
			No formal response has been received.		Record of communication ;29/8/14Meeting requested w Reina Solomon and Jennie Smeator discuss upcoming draft SSMP.10/9/14 Follow up request for meeting with attached plans from SSMP.12/9/14 Draft SSMP issued with request for comment.





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Appendix 3: BRIDGE SUMMARY- POPLAR AVE BRIDGE Site Specific Management Plan 001 - [sector 320] MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway

18TH SEPTEMBER 2014 - REV B





M2PP-121-D-PLNM-0001

M2PP Bridge Design Objectives Proposed Poplar exploded isometric Bridges as a series of components 0.0.00 1.1. 1. 1. A. manyor and 38100 Type 2 Bridge Type 1 Bridges

Design Objectives

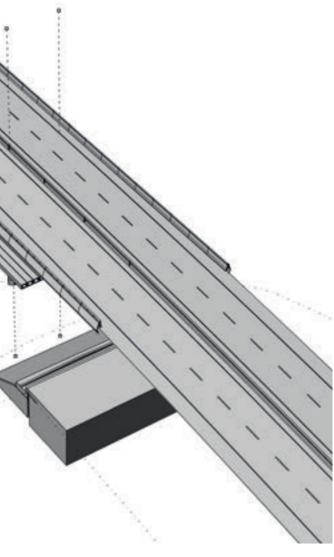
With reference to the Urban and Landscape Design Framework (Technical Report 5) (ULDF) there are four design objectives and their respective contexts. These four objectives are overarching aims for the project and have been extracted from the Design Concept statements in two sections of the ULDF: Local Road Interface Design (section 5.7) and Bridge Design (section 5.8).

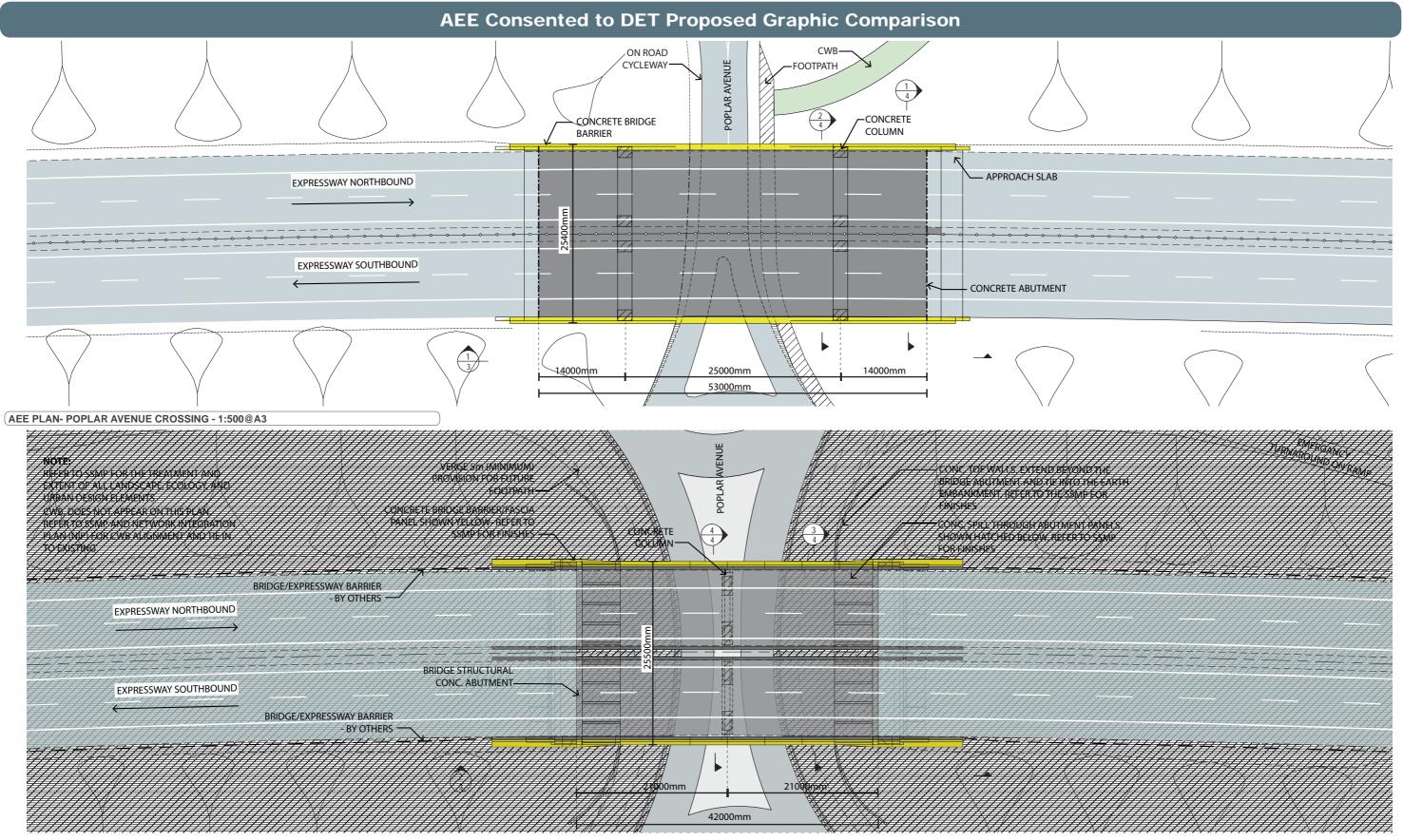
The purpose of extracting these objectives is to enable any changes to bridge structures and their context made through the concept and detailed design process to be considered at the highest level of the design intent. There are design principles in each of the sections as noted above and these too form a basis for considering the development of the designs for the bridges and their context.

As is typical in a design evaluation process, any aspects of design that do not align with the design principles would be elevated to consideration against the design objectives.

Design Objectives:

- 1. The public spaces of the roads and streets take primacy over the experience of the Expressway users. Local people will be making slower movements and as a consequence the bridges will be more visually apparent to them than to people travelling along the Expressway.
- 2. As a new element in the landscape, the bridges respect the surrounding landscape and are expressed in terms of their horizontality, fluidity and simplicity because the landscape is relatively low key and low in scale; having several 'feature' bridges would become both visually complex and overwhelming in scale.
- Bridges are formed as a whole from a single kit of parts, which allows the components to be repeated and a similar approach used at the multiple crossings to register as a 'family' of bridges because people will have multiple interactions day to day with the Expressway 3. and this approach promotes simplicity and visual continuity
- Utilise concrete prefabricated parts because this allows fine levels of quality control, cost benefits and significant improvements in construction time at the crossings and reduces disturbance to the area. 4.





PROPOSED PLAN- POPLAR AVENUE CROSSING - 1:500@A3

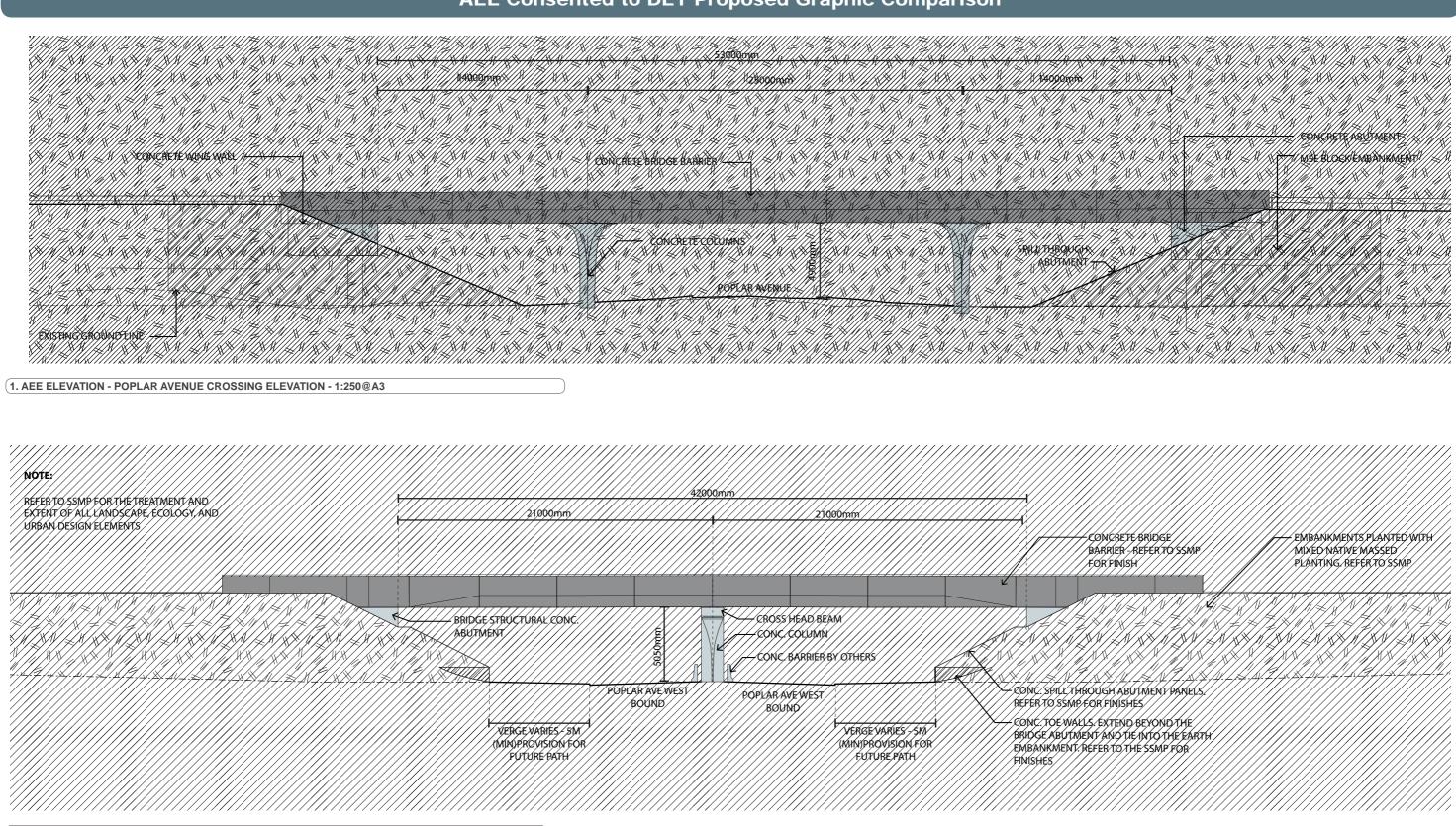
- **Design development**
- Reduced bridge Length. Reduced number of 1. spans from 3 to 2
- 2. Column locations and number adjusted
- Column profile developed 3.
- Local road design developed 4.
- Removed footpath from under Poplar Ave bridge 5.
- 6. Change to split deck

	Ratio	nale	
1.	More efficient bridge design. Columns no longer sit between	(i
	the verge and spill through abutments.	5.	(
2.	Reduced number of spans, reduce columns - 4 columns vs 8		I
3.	Increased structural core based on geotech investigations		I
	carried out post AEE, while still providing the sculptural outer.	6.	
4.	Local road design refined since AEE. Roundabouts are closer,		

increased central median CWB Connects to old SH1 via Leinster Ave pedestrian bridge. Provision for future pedestrian/cycle link as part of KCDC SH1 revocation work. Refer to SSMP for more detail. Allows light penetration, bridge performs better seismically

2

AEE Consented to DET Proposed Graphic Comparison



2. PROPOSED ELEVATION - POPLAR AVENUE CROSSING EAST ELEVATION - 1:250@A3

Design development

- Reduced overall length of bridge, Reduced number of spans from 3 to 2
- 2. Column locations adjusted
- 3. Column profile developed
- 4. Local road design developed

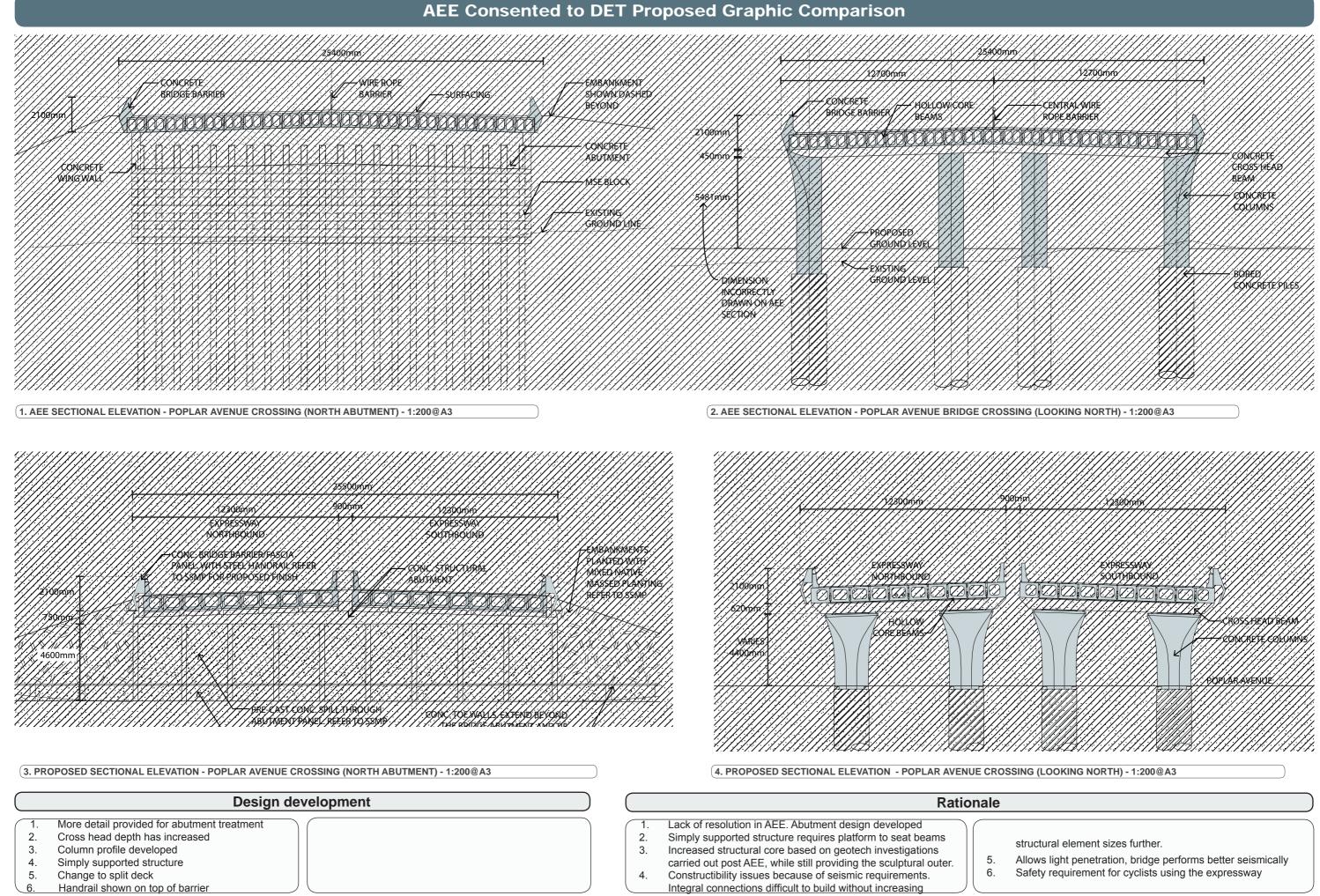
- 5. Removal of footpath under Poplar Ave bridge
- Rationale

 1.
 More efficient bridge design. Columns no longer sit between the verge and spill through abutments.
 4.

 2.
 Reduced number of spans, reduce columns 4 columns vs 8. Columns moved away from pedestrians.
 5.

 3.
 Increased structural core based on geotech investigations carried out post AEE, while still providing the sculptural outer.
 4.

Local road design refined since AEE. Roundabouts are closer increased central median to allow for centrally placed columns CWB Connects to old SH1 via Leinster Ave pedestrian bridge. Provision for future pedestrian/cycle link as part of KCDC SH1 revocation work. Refer to SSMP for more detail.





AEE VISUALISATION - POPLAR AVENUE CROSSING (NORTH SIDE OF POPLAR LOOKING EAST) SITUATION FOLLOWING CONSTRUCTION

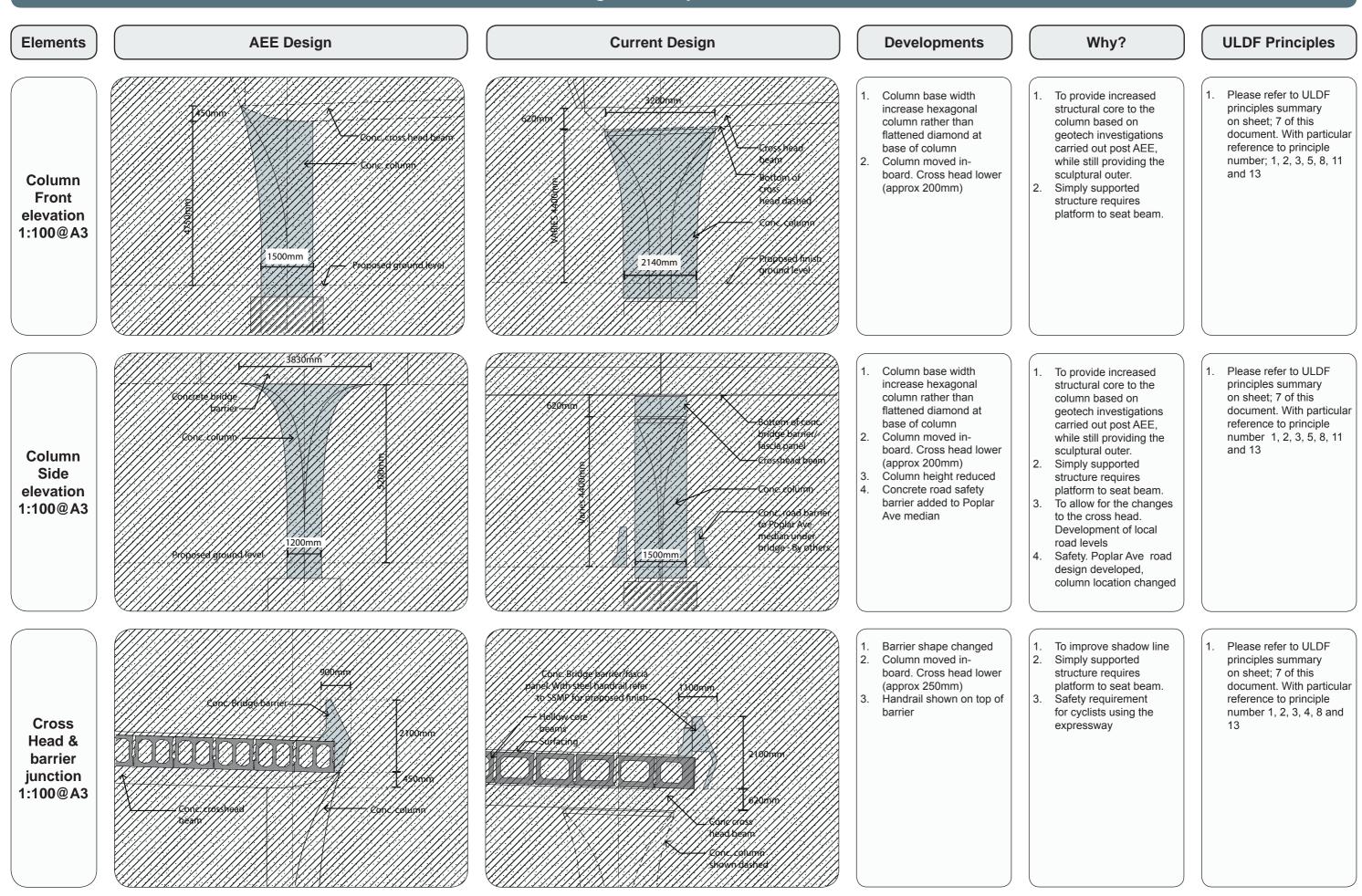


PROPOSED VISUALISATION - POPLAR AVENUE CROSSING (NORTH SIDE OF POPLAR LOOKING EAST)

NOTE: TO BETTER REPRESENT THE BRIDGE, THE PROPOSED VISUALISATION HAS BEEN DRAWN FROM A VANTAGE POINT THAT IS CLOSER TO THE BRIDGE THAN THE ORIGINAL AEE RENDER

5

Bridge Development Matrix



6

ULDF PRINCIPLES SUMMARY

ULDF p	principle	Assessment of ULDF principles
1.	Make the bridges generally consistent in their form so they register as a 'family' and provide some visual continuity within the local environment	Proposed Poplar Avenue bridge is different from the AEE bridge, but the form remains consistent with other proposed bridges. The consistency across the bridges overall has become even more consistent as there is less variation in types from that shown in AEE. Accordingly, there is enhanced consistency in the local environment.
2.	Express the bridges as simple forms that sit across the changes in landscape and are not seen as strong statement in their own right	Proposed bridge form remains a visually simple structure and sits across the landscape as an horizontal element. The bridge is not seen as making a statement in its own right. The bridge appears 'heavier' in that the piers have doubled in width. However, there is a reduction in the number of piers from AEE.
3.	Unite the bridge elements of pier, cross head, deck and barrier as one sculptural form and ensure services are con- cealed from view	Proposed bridge form is different than the AEE in that the piers have been repositioned to sit beneath the bridge deck and are cen- tralised. However, the principle of united piers, cross head, deck and barrier remains upheld, albeit in a new pier configuration. The profile from the crease of the barrier to the sloping cross head end to the shaped pier continues to show the bridge as a united single form.
4.	Ensure the form of the bridges from the underside is visually appealing to recognise the primacy of the local roads user's experience in design consideration	The space beneath the bridge will be no less visually appealing than the AEE bridge and maybe perceived as better given a simpler reduced number of piers (albeit that those being proposed are larger in size).
5.	Design the intersection of the piers with the ground in con- cert with the local road interface design of abutment forms and materials (refer to local road interface design principles)	Proposed bridge piers are located to provide good clearance for local road movements and the centralised position leaves areas on the abutment side clear of piers and this space is accordingly more open. The abutments continue to be set at a slope that provides for light penetration. These will be treated in a consistent way with the other local road abutments.
6.	Light the spaces beneath local road over bridges to enhance the quality of the space including the use of natural light penetration where the local road has a higher frequency of pedestrian cycling and other non-vehicular users	Proposed bridge differs from AEE in that the proposed split in the deck will allow some natural light penetration to the local road and space below. There is architectural lighting to be provided under the bridge to recognise the position of the Poplar Avenue Bridge as the gateway into the Raumati, Raumati South residential/urban area.
7.	Use architectural lighting to emphasise the sculptural forms of the bridges and light units that are readily serviceable from the ground	Proposed bridge will be lit from beneath. The objective will be to light the external barrier and pier/columns to enhance and accentu- ate their architectural forms.
8.	Utilise the opportunity provided by multiple bridges to make a system of parts that can be repeated at each location and improve efficiency of construction	Proposed bridge, as in the AEE, remains of the same systematised approach to allow repetition of parts at other locations and improves the efficiency of construction.
9.	Use textured finishes within the bridge elements surfaces' to provide a crafted finish – avoid printed forms	The proposed finish on the Poplar Avenue Bridge barriers will be fair faced concrete with a white wash, applied concrete coating to ensure colour and tonal uniformity between panels. The other elements – columns, cross head and deck will be simple, fair faced concrete without the applied white wash coating to help make these elements visually recessive relative to the barrier. Matt graffiti protection to be applied to all bridge elements surfaces. The material for the bridge abutments is to be developed. Refer to the SSMP for further detail on the proposed finishes.
10.	Repeat the bridge design concepts within the design of pedestrians bridges recognising that these may be able to utilise lighter weight materials	Not relevant
11.	Develop each bridge crossing design considering the piers types best suited to the location	Proposed Poplar Avenue bridge piers are different than those in AEE design. The AEE design did have bridge types where piers were located beneath the bridge and others where the piers were co-planar to the barrier and on the outside edge. The proposed new structure is shorter in length with fewer piers whilst maintaining the 'spill through' abutments for the lightness of space beneath.
12.	Locate bridge piers associated with bridge watercourse crossings away from riparian edges to prevent need to armour stream edges	Not relevant.
13.	Ensure that the integrity and significance of the bridge forms as important to the amenity of the community is not accord- ed any less priority than the other design requirements of the project	Proposed bridge form at Poplar Avenue has seen the consideration of all the contributing factors of visual amenity, CPTED, structural design in a high seismic zone, and constructibility.



Appendix 4: LANDSCAPE SPECIFICATION Site Specific Management Plan 001 - [sector 320] MacKays to Peka Peka Expressway



M2PP-121-D-PLNM-0001

SEE SEPARATE A4 BOUND DOCUMENT.